TB1300

SAP Business One – Software Development Kit (SDK)



SAP Business One

2010 / Q2

THE BEST-RUN BUSINESSES RUN SAP"



■ Version 92

■ Material number: 50099230

Copyright



Copyright 2010 SAP AG. All rights reserved.

Neither this training manual nor any part thereof may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means, or translated into another language, without the prior consent of SAP AG. The information contained in this document is subject to change and supplement without prior notice.

All rights reserved.

Trademarks:

- Microsoft ®, Windows ®, NT ®, PowerPoint ®, WinWord ®, Excel ®, Project ®, SQL-Server ®, Multimedia Viewer ®, Video for Windows ®, Internet Explorer ®, NetShow ®, and HTML Help ® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.
- Lotus ScreenCam ® is a registered trademark of Lotus Development Corporation.
- Vivo ® and VivoActive ® are registered trademarks of RealNetworks, Inc.
- ARIS Toolset ® is a registered Trademark of IDS Prof. Scheer GmbH, Saarbrücken
- Adobe ® and Acrobat ® are registered trademarks of Adobe Systems Inc.
- TouchSend Index ® is a registered trademark of TouchSend Corporation.
- Visio ® is a registered trademark of Visio Corporation.
- IBM ®, OS/2 ®, DB2/6000 ® and AIX ® are a registered trademark of IBM Corporation.
- Indeo ® is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation.
- Netscape Navigator ®, and Netscape Communicator ® are registered trademarks of Netscape Communications, Inc.
- OSF/Motif ® is a registered trademark of Open Software Foundation.
- ORACLE ® is a registered trademark of ORACLE Corporation, California, USA.
- INFORMIX ®-OnLine for SAP is a registered trademark of Informix Software Incorporated.
- UNIX ® and X/Open ® are registered trademarks of SCO Santa Cruz Operation.
- ADABAS ® is a registered trademark of Software AG
- The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of SAP AG; ABAP/4, InterSAP, RIVA, R/2, R/3, R/3 Retail, SAP (Word), SAPaccess, SAPfile, SAPfind, SAPmail, SAPoffice, SAPscript, SAPtime, SAPtronic, SAP-EDI, SAP EarlyWatch, SAP ArchiveLink, SAP Business Workflow, and ALE/WEB. The SAP logo and all other SAP products, services, logos, or brand names included herein are also trademarks or registered trademarks of SAP AG.
- Other products, services, logos, or brand names included herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Course Prerequisites





Required:

- SAP Business One standard business processes
- Basic knowledge and experience with Microsoft .NET technology ideally Visual Basic .NET
- Basic knowledge of and experience with software development processes
- Basic general accounting and IT skills

The following are required prerequisites for attending this course:

- Knowledge of SAP Business One standard business processes. This prerequisite can be met by completing the courses in the "Product essentials Learning Map"
- Basic knowledge and experience with Microsoft .NET technology ideally Visual Basic .NET since the exercises in the course will be performed with VB .NET and code examples are also provided in VB .NET only
- Basic knowledge of and experience with software development processes
- Students must bring their own laptop with SAP Business One software at release 8.8 installed. **No training system will be provided for participants.** Participants will be required to install a local demo database on their laptop during the class.

Note: this course assumes that participants have basic general accounting and IT skills.

Target Audience





The target audience for this course is an external SAP Business One consultant who will be developing additional functionality in or for SAP Business One.

Duration: 4 1/2 days

■ User notes

- These training materials are not a teach-yourself program. They complement the explanations provided by your course instructor. Space is provided on each page for you to note down additional information.
- There may not be sufficient time during the course to complete all the exercises. The exercises provide additional examples that are covered during the course. You can also work through these examples in your own time to increase your understanding of the topics.

Course Overview





Contents:

- Course Goals
- Course Objectives
- Course Content
- Course Overview Diagram
- Main Business Example

Course Goals





This course will prepare you to:

- Know the basics of the SAP Business One SDK as well as details that are important for a general understanding of the SDK
- Create a partner package that contains enhancements to the SAP Business One Software

Course Objectives





After completing this course, you will be able to:

- Develop simple additional functions (add-ons) using the Data Interface (DI) Application Programming Interface (API) and develop simple enhancements using the User Interface API (UI API)
- Use the User-Defined Objects (UDO) feature
- Use SDK components in (customer) projects
- Modify business processes with the SDK
- Create and deliver an add-on installation package, including using the license mechanism
- Find and work with the SDK relevant information resources
- Know SAP solution certification requirements

- To ensure that you retain the knowledge gained in this course and successfully complete the certification examination, we recommend that you consolidate the content in your own time after the course.
- We also recommend joining the developer community on the SAP Community Network to seek and provide help in everyday SDK challenges.

Course Content



Preface

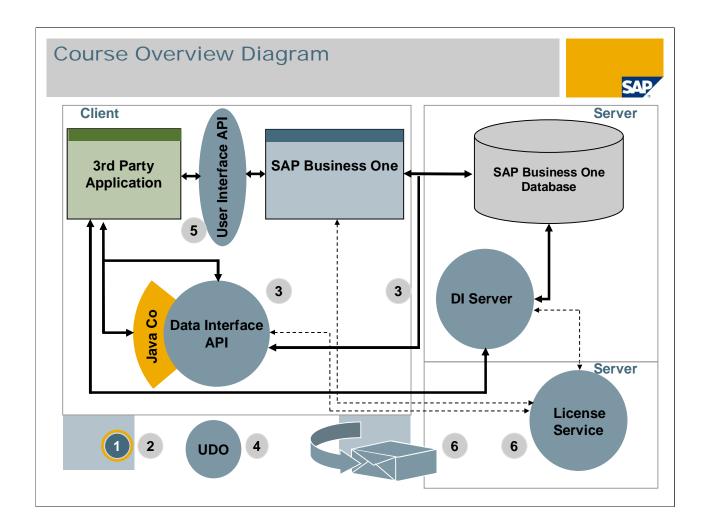
Unit 1 Course Overview
Unit 5 The User Interface API
Unit 2 SDK Introduction
Unit 3 The Data Interface API
Unit 4 User-Defined Objects
Unit 5 The User Interface API
Unit 5 The User Interface API
Unit 6 Add-On Packaging, Add-On Administration & Licensing

Appendices

© SAP 2010 / Page 8

- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- 5 The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing
- Appendices:
 - Contain guidance how to implement the "Course Project"
 - Include information about available tools
 - Provide an overview on SDK installation matters and support processes
 - Provide more details about some features that are only mentioned briefly in the User Interface API unit

The last one is supposed to refresh - or provide - details e.g. about the "Formatted Search" feature



Glossary

- API Application Programming Interface
 Technology name for approaching application through an interface
- COM Component Object Model Microsoft sepcific technology / Model for interfaces
- SDK Software Development Kit A package that enables developers to implement own modules – here to build solutions that interface with SAP Business One (i.e. COM objects, services, and other tools)
- Interface
 An access point to exchange data with e.g. an application
- Software Solution Partner (SSP)
 Also known as ISV (Independent Software Vendor) implements solution(s) based on SAP Business One and SAP Business One SDK
- Channel Partner (CP)
 Sells and customizes SAP Business One. Often uses SAP Business One SDK for customer projects only.

Introduction



Contents:

- The SAP Business One SDK
- Components of the SAP Business One SDK
- Introduction to DI API
- Introduction to UI API
- SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver
- Introducing the Course Project

- This unit is a short outline and will give you an overview on component level.
- In addition it will show how SAP uses the SDK for extensions (i.e. "Add-Ons") to SAP Business One.

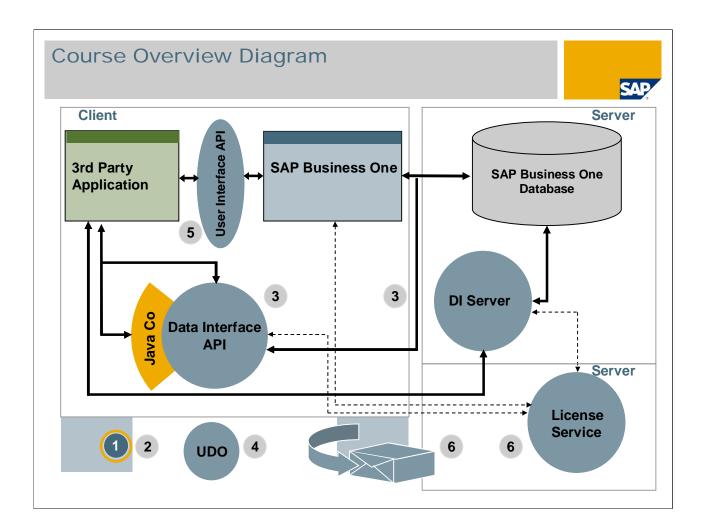
Introduction: Unit Objectives



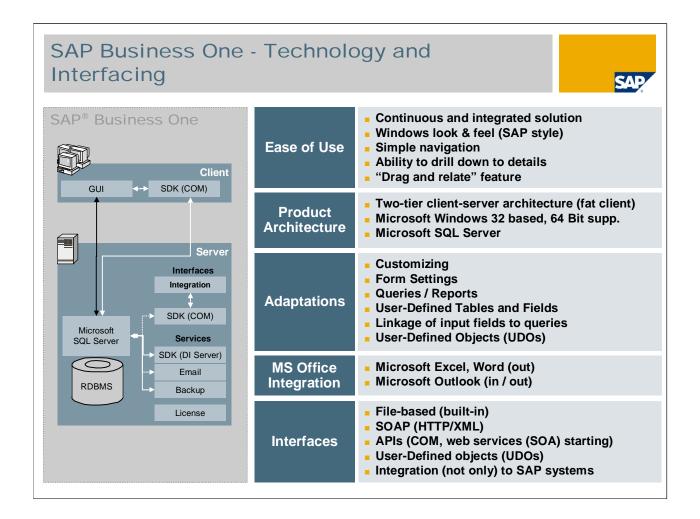


At the conclusion of this unit, you will be able to describe and explain:

- The SAP Business One Software Development Kit
- Data Interface API
- User Interface API
- SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver



- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- **5** The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing



- SAP Business One is implemented as a two-layer architecture. The system is based on a Microsoft SQL Server database where data is stored centrally. The business logic is mostly processed on the client software (fat client).
- In detail, the client software consists of a graphical user interface and the business object classes connecting to the database.
- There are several built-in integration capabilities, interfaces and customization features (see "Adaptation", MS Office Integration" + "Interfaces"):
 - Besides all the adaptation capabilities accessible for customers, SAP Business One SDK enables partners to implement a solution extending SAP Business One using APIs and other features.
 - DI Server e.g. enables partners to use SAP Business One data in a Browser without the need to install any SAP Business One component on the client or the application server of the web-based application.
 - The UDO feature is a further step to ease creation of additional functionality inside SAP Business One.
- Licenses are also managed centrally. Partners can use the mechanism for own purposes.

Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Unit Overview Diagram



Introduction

Topic 1: Introducing SAP Business One SDK

Topic 2: Introducing Data Interface API

Topic 3: Introducing User Interface API

Topic 4: SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver

Topic 5: Introduction to the Course Project

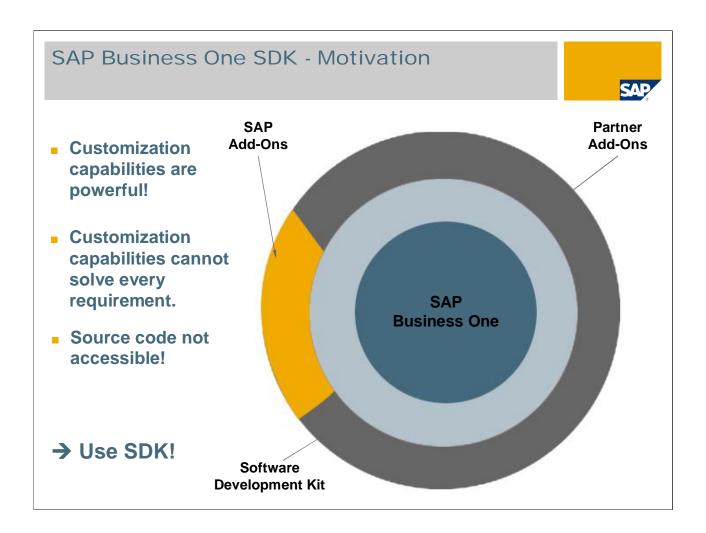
Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Topic Objectives



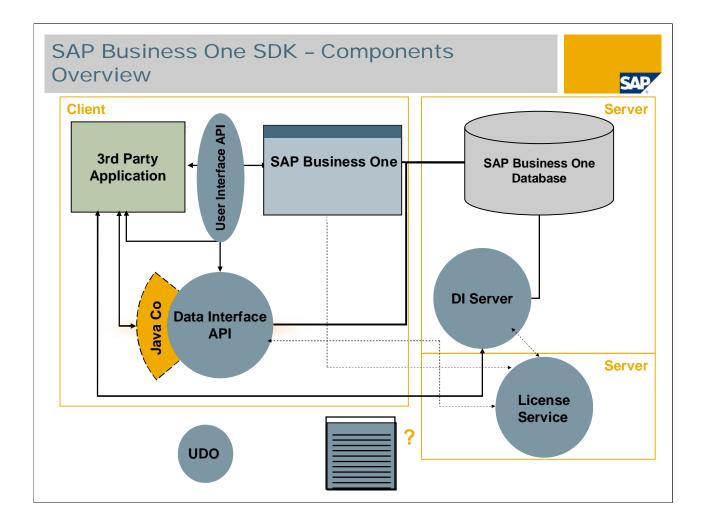


After completing this topic, you will be able to:

- Describe purpose and components of the SDK
- Explain SDK packages and licenses shortly
- Tell where to find further information or seek help
- Use test tools available on the SAP Community Network



- The SAP Business One client software consists of a graphical user interface and the business object classes connecting to the database.
- The source code of SAP Business One is not accessible by third parties. This guarantees a single version of SAP Business One with approved stability, functionality and upgrade functionality.
- If you want to extend and change the functionality of SAP Business One, you can use the built-in tools for adjustments such as User defined fields and tables, formatted search, etc.). If your enhancements need more, You can use the SAP Business One Software Development Kit.
- With this SDK, you can
 - · add industry-specific functions
 - · add other functions you deem necessary
 - create interfaces to third-party tools.
- SDK gives access to Business One internals via a set of programmatic interfaces based on COM: every development environment supporting COM can be used
- Many add-ons can be executing together with Business One changing its standard behavior: add-ons live in separate address spaces than Business One
- Nevertheless you should not underestimate the power of the customization tools!
- Check-out the Appendix "More exercises and solutions" for more information about "formatted search" "queries" and "alerts".



- The different application programming interfaces (APIs) included in the Software Development Kit use open Microsoft standards that allow access to a lot of business objects provided by SAP Business One.
- API runtimes are installed with the SAP Business One client application except DI Server which is part of the SAP Business One Server Tools installation
- You can access SAP Business One
 - on business data level through the Data Interface API (DI API). Most SAP Business One business objects are exposed in this API. They can be accessed by external programs. If you prefer using Java, use "Java Connector" to access DI API.
 - on business data level through DI Server (Data Interface). DI Server is a DCOM service that runs on the SAP Business One server and accepts XML data packed in SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) "envelopes".
 - on user interface level: The User Interface API (UI API) provides access to a running application where you can add or modify forms, and provide your own event handlers to actively influence the existing business logic.
- In addition to that you can define your own business objects (User-Defined Objects (UDO)) that are joined to the SAP Business One business object collection.
- The SDK ships with
 - Sample Code
 - Documentation
 - Utilities

SAP Business One SDK - Terminology and Packaging



The SDK consists of 2 major packages:

- 1) The Runtimes (i.e. the APIs)
 - The runtimes (DI API + UI API) are installed together with the SAP Business One client application
 - DI API can be installed stand-alone (separate installer package available)
- 2) The documentation (samples, helpfiles, utilities) named "SDK Installation"

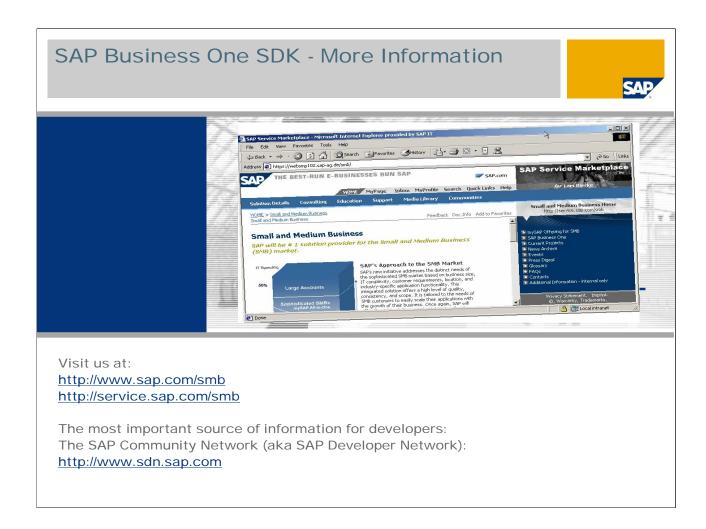
"SDK" Installation

Development package for partners - includes SDK help, samples, tools

(SDK) Licenses

- SDK Implementation License
 - For customer specific implementation (usage of UI API only)
 - SDK Implementation <u>license</u> (99999 licenses) <u>included</u> in Professional User license
- SDK Development License / Add-On Solution License
 - Need development or solution license to use UI&DI API (we will talk about that later)
 - Partner has to order SDK Development License to start development
- AddOn Access User License
 - Allows to work via UI&DI API cannot be used to do anything in the B1 application
- Indirect Access User License
 - Allows to work via DI only cannot be used to do anything in the B1 application
- New in version 8.8: Add-on connection requires user having an SAP License!

- There's only one set of APIs no debug / release...
- According to the remark above you could see the SAP Business One Software Development Kit to be available in three "versions":
 - The SDK Installation is a full version suitable for development of additional components by partners or customers. It contains documentation and examples.
 - The SDK Implementation Version basically is just the general authorization to use UI API, if at least a Professional User license has been installed.
 - The SDK DI API / Runtime Installation is required if customers want to run additional functions provided by a partner using DI API. It is installed with the client.
 - In the past "Compatibility License for Add-Ons" existed to allow partners to work without using the SAP license mechanism for some time. While this is still possible there's no license for this purpose yet, but the users need any payable SAP license to connect to SAP Business One's SDK starting with version 8.8.



- You can get more information on the service marketplace via http://service.sap.com/smb.
- Another valuable source of information about the SAP Business One SDK is currently the SAP Developer's Network. You can access it under http://www.sdn.sap.com. There is a Discussion forum where hot topics regarding the SAP Business One SDK are discussed.

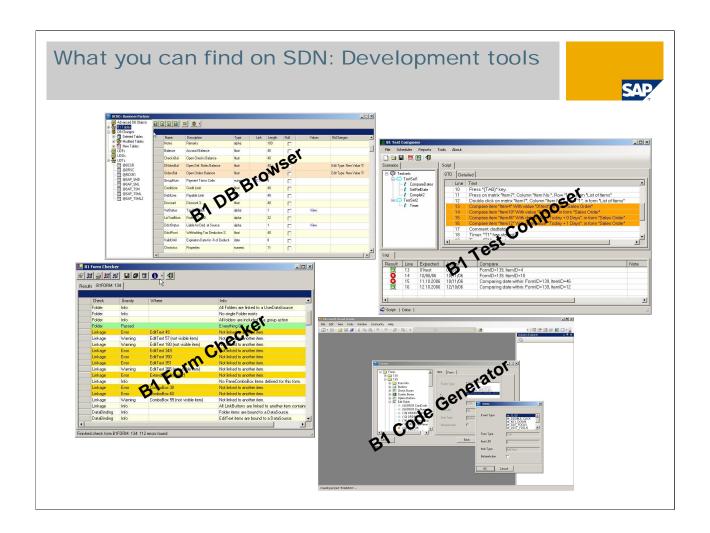
Please note:

■ You can find additional information in Appendix 3 of this course material.

What you can find on SDN: People like you... Address a https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/sdn/forum?forumID=56 SAP COMMUNITY NETWORK How to Contribute | My Profile | Site Index | Languages BPX Community Forums Wiki Blogs Articles Downloads eLearning Events Premium Access Zone Subscriptions Expert Forums » SAP Business One » SAP Business One SDK Welcome, Frank Moebius Your Control Panel Forum: SAP Business One SDK Your Reward Points Top 3 Contributors, last 30 days: 1. Owen Slater (172); 2. Ad Kerremans (100); 3 to Self Gupta (66) Complete List > Post New Thread Watch Forum Mark All Threads as Read to Forum List Messages: 44,288 - Threads: 11,759 - Filter: All Threads Author Views Replies Last one Cornectly Please use the SBO SP Transaction Mication Rasmus Jensen 212 If you're using the SAP Business One SDK to develop applications for SAP Business One, this is your discussion forum. Here you can post your questions, solutions, and ideas as well as collaborate with your peers on technical topics relating to SAP Business One. [Miki FAD) ■ Business Process Expert SAP Solutions SAP NetWeaver ■ Portal Business Intelligence ABAP Development ■ Emerging Technologies Scripting Languages Integration and Certification Center ■ Community Guidelines Aug 30, 2007 11:26 AM by: Frank Mochine 😑 🍲 🎉 🥯 SAP Business One 2007 A... - is in Ramp Up! 👂 🌡 Welcome and Rules of Engagement Craig Cmehil M 💇 2,357 0 Sep 29, 2007 5:03 PM by: Misael Reséndiz » Sep 29, 2007 4:36 PM by: Martijn Ivens » DI API doesn't validate negative stocks Misael Reséndiz 4 0 Using PHP to access the SAP Business One DI API Martijn Ivens Sep 29, 2007 2:25 PM by: suresh guru » Null record storing while save Venkatesan Govi... 10 2

8

What you can find on SDN: Technical information... Address <t Business One FAQ Welcome Frank Moebius | History | My Preferences | View Edit Comments Attachments (0) Info Notify Noderator Request Points Added by <u>Mario Herger</u>, last edited by <u>Frank Moebius</u> on Sep 17, 2007 (<u>view change</u>) Labels: <u>b1 fag</u> EDIT Frequently Asked Questions This is the SAP Business One - SDK FAQ, Feel free to contribute. To add new entries cog (alphab order recommended by SDN team) 1 - SDN Community BPX Community Forum Wild Blogs Artisles SDN Coetal) How to Contribute | My Profile | Site Index | Languages SDN Community BPX Community Forums Wiki Blogs Articles Downloads elearning Events Premium Access Zone Subscriptions Email - Print Consultant / Implementation SAP Business One Add-On Setup Database Issues Historic B1 data SUBSCRIPTIONS As a result of the change to work directly with objects from 2005 SP01. A PL32 (EhP2), flower As a result of the change to work directly with objects from 2005 A SP1 pack 32 (EhP2), two with one of the change o Licenses SBO Mailer Important Note on SAP Business One 2005 SP01 A PL32 (EhP2) New! Medical States UI API I API UI General UI User defined Fields/Tables UI Forms UI Matrix or Grid UI other Items UI Menus 04 Sep 2007 Register Now. It's Free! Get Your Kicks with Business One Turbo Command Host Join SDN or the BPX Community for access to exclusive content. If you're already a member of one community, simply <u>update</u> your profile to include the other. Please remember to save your changes. SAP Business One 2007 A is Now in Ramp 9at Network witness We have winness We have winness We have winness We have winness Sap Business One Podcasting Subsculp now to the SAP Business One Podcasting and be eware of new patches and versions dealers, and are glid to manurus, the the SAP Business One 2007 A entered Samu-Lyo on Aget 2, DOD, During the Ramp-Lyo you of Control behaving access to the download page of the SAP Business One 2007 A and you of continue to be able to report any problem you will find. SAP Business One Podcasting Sabsculps now to the SAP Business One Podcasting and be eware of new patches and versions should be evare of new patches and versions should be eware of new patches and versions shoul Getting Started blog Tell us what you think of Podcasts for educational purposes. Participating is anonymous and only takes about five minutes. Take it now! UDO Tutorial Articles Recent SAP Business One articles All SAP Business One articles Code Samples Related Areas SAP Integration and Certification Center SDK Code Samples Key Topics SAP Business One and SDK General SAD Business One 2005 A SDOL



Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Describe purpose and components of the SDK
- Explain SDK packages and licenses shortly
- Tell where to find further information or seek help
- Use test tools available on the SAP Community Network

Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Unit Overview Diagram



Introduction

Topic 1: Introducing SAP Business One SDK

Topic 2: Introducing Data Interface API

Topic 3: Introducing User Interface API

Topic 4: SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver

Topic 5: Introduction to the Course Project

Introducing Data Interface API (DI API): Topic Objectives





After completing this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain what DI API is high-level
- Tell how DI API is used
- Know about DI Server
- Explain the User-Defined Objects concept high-level

SAP Business One SDK - Data Interface API / DIServer

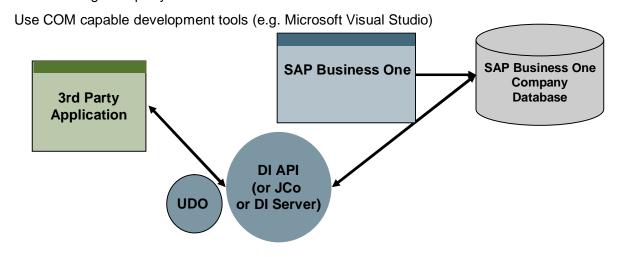


Provides objects and methods (add, update etc.) to work on data level – installing the SAP Business One client application is not required

Provides access to business objects (e.g. master data and transactional data) and cross functionalities (services)

Performs the same checks as the SAP Business One client application

Links existing third-party solutions "as-is"



- DI API is meant to be used by partners only!
- To use the DI API, you must either use a development environment and programming language that support Microsoft COM (component object model) technology and is released by SAP.
- Alternatively just using JavaConnector (JCo) you can use a Java development environment like Eclipse
- The following development environments are released by SAP:
 - Microsoft Visual Basic .NET (or Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0)
 - Microsoft Visual C++ .NET (or Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0 for C++)
 - Microsoft C# .NET
- Other development environments supporting COM technology might work but SAP does not provide support for them. See SAP Note 615987 for a complete list of development environments released by SAP.
- Note: SDK does not contain a development environment or source code editors. This is to give you the flexibility to choose the environment you prefer.
- Supported platforms: https://websmp209.sap-ag.de/~sapidb/011000358700001241092005/
- Note: SAP highly recommends that you install the latest Support Packages for the supported platforms. See SAP Note 628155 for a complete overview of supported platforms.
- The UDO feature is supported by DI API as far as meta data are concerned.

Data Interface API - Use cases



There are a couple of scenarios where Data Interface API is engaged:

- Data level integration of existing applications:
- Easily read or write data from / to SAP Business One when needed
 - Data Import / Export scenarios which are not covered through SAP tools and where the capabilities of the SAP Business One application are not sufficient.
 - Depending on the architecture of the overall solution you might consider to use DI Server though.
- Handling data in an Add-On that uses UI API (see next unit) beyond UI API's capabilities.
 - Essentially writing data to the SAP Business One database by default requires usage of DI API
 - Even though other techniques may be faster when it comes to reading data from the database usage of DI API is often a good choice regarding usability (no need to request additional credentials etc) and data coherence (imagine that the required data might be stored in various tables).

■ Sometimes partners ask for: an option to integrate SAP Business One "screens" into their applications; such functionality is unfortunately not available...

SAP Business One SDK - Special: DI Server



The DI Server is designed to run on a server machine and supplies a light-weight SOAP-based access layer

- Based on the DI API technology but acts as a "Server" (as a service)
- Supports all business objects that are exposed by the DI API
- Enables to develop SOAP-based solutions
- Potential Solution to heavy duty operations (e.g. batch)
- Can support larger number of clients working at the same time.

The DI Server implements a connection pooling mechanism to enhance performance and scalability of the server.

As DI Server is a SOAP-based interface it does not limit the client to a COM interface, but allows a wide range of possible client technologies.

Limitations:

Meta data operations not supported Different support for transaction handling than plain DI API

- DI Server uses the same XML format as DI API just wrapped in a SOAP "envelope".
- In addition it gets a SOAP response.
- Check-out the DI Server helpfile for more details!

SAP Business One SDK - User Defined Object (UDO)



The User Defined Object offers partners the ability to:

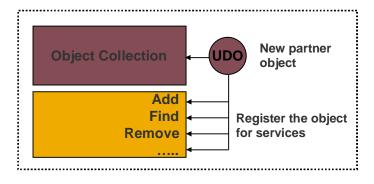
- Add own Business Objects to the application's object collection.
- Use the set of services that the application offers, such as:

Connect a Form to the Object; use Find, Add, and Update modes and other predefined services.

Optionally the predefined behavior of the services can be modified and extended through implementing a class that inherits (C++) from a business object base class in a DLL and overriding virtual methods.

SAP Business One supports two types of main Objects:

- Master Data Object
- Document Object



- The SAP Business One architecture now allows to add own Business Objects for your own purposes to the applications object collection.
- As a consequence you can register your objects to participate in some most important functionalities ("Services") offered by the SAP Business One application as stated above. Thus you don't have to reimplement the functionality in your application needed for supplying the Search function or adding data to the database (with some preconditions).
- A lot more details will be covered in the unit dedicated to the User Defined Object feature.
- We would like to emphasize that this already brings a lot of benefit to you even without using the Implementation DLL feature!

Introducing Data Interface API (DI API): Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain what DI API is high-level
- Tell how DI API is used
- Know about DI Server
- Explain the User-Defined Objects concept high-level

Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Unit Overview Diagram



Introduction

Topic 1: Introducing SAP Business One SDK

Topic 2: Introducing Data Interface API

Topic 3: Introducing User Interface API

Topic 4: SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver

Topic 5: Introduction to the Course Project

Introducing User Interface API (UI API): Topic Objectives





After completing this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain what UI API is high-level
- Tell how UI API is used

SAP Business One SDK - User Interface API



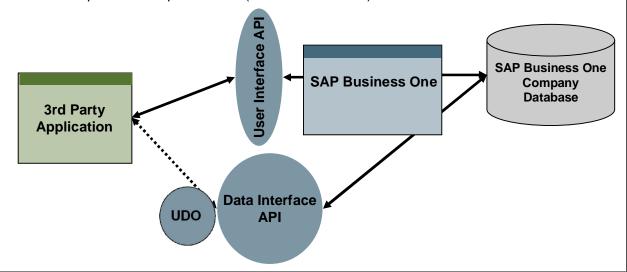
Provides objects and methods to access screen objects of the User Interface

Provides access to internal system events of the user interface

Provides ability to modify or add menus, windows, or fields

Provides one integrated user interface

Use COM capable development tools (Microsoft Visual ...)



- To use UI API, you must either use a development environment and programming language that support Microsoft COM (component object model) technology and is released by SAP.
- UI API has no Java libraries
- Often you also use DI API and UI API in the same Add-On / 3rd party application
- The UDO feature is supported by UI API
- The following development environments are released by SAP:
 - Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0 for Visual Basic (VB) and Microsoft Visual Basic .NET
 - Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0 for C or C++ and Microsoft Visual C++ .NET
 - Microsoft C# .NET
- Other development environments supporting COM technology might work but SAP does not provide support for them. See SAP Note 615987 for a complete list of development environments released by SAP.
- Note: SDK does not contain a development environment or source code editors. This is to give you the flexibility to choose the environment you prefer.

User Interface API - Use Cases



User Interface API is usually used to:

- Reach a "seamless" integration of additional functionality with SAP Business One (usually requested by customers)
 - ...including hooking on SAP Business One standard processes
 - ...including adding own GUI elements into SAP Business One standard forms
 - ...including adding own forms and plugging the corresponding data behind
- Manipulate SAP Business One standard functionality (when standard options do not apply to the customer's processes (or the branch the customer works in))
 - ...including hiding SAP Business One GUI elements
 - ...including blocking SAP Business One events

Introducing User Interface API (UI API): Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain what UI API is high-level
- Tell how UI API is used

Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Unit Overview Diagram



Introduction

Topic 1: Introducing SAP Business One SDK

Topic 2: Introducing Data Interface API

Topic 3: Introducing User Interface API

Topic 4: SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver

Topic 5: Introduction to the Course Project

Introducing SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver: Topic Objectives





After completing this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain the purpose of B1iSN
- Tell what connectivity types it supports
- Describe how to set it up
- ...and how to build your own scenarios
- Talk about getting information about errors

"SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver" B1iSN



B1iSN – Solution for seamless integration between SAP Business One and:

SAP R/3 and/or SAP ERP (ECC 6.0) and/or SAP Business One and/or ...

Key benefits of B1iSN:

- Rapidly connects subsidiaries running SAP Business One to headquarters (and other subsidiaries)
- Standardizes and unifies business processes across the business ecosystem



B1iSN Connectivity Types

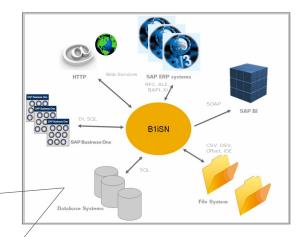


B1iSN 2007 provides many of out-of-the-box connectivity types

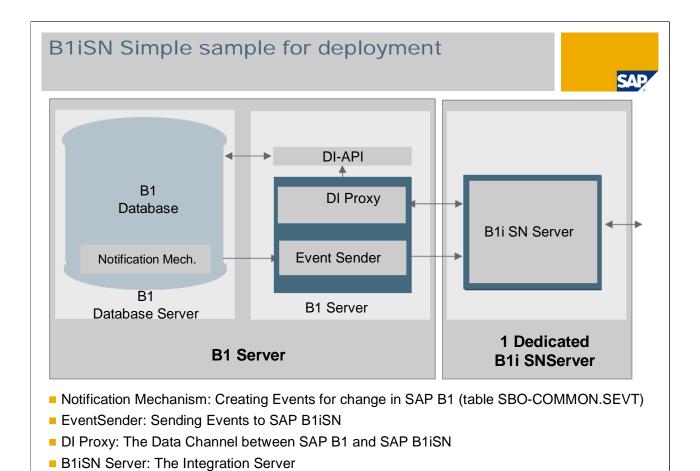
- SAP Business One (DI, SQL)
- SAP ERP (RFC / ALE/XI-PI)
- SAP NetWeaver BW (RFC / SOAP)
- Database systems (SQL)
- HTTP any
- File (CSV, Offset)
- Web Services (In/Out, Sync/Async)

For each connectivity type multiple systems can be set up (many to many)

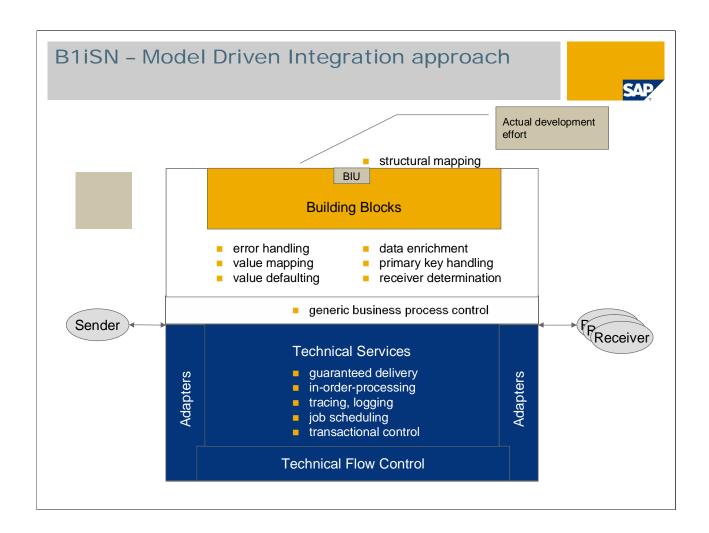
Connectivity types are represented in B1iSN via System Types



- BW = Business Warehouse
- Mayn connectivity types available



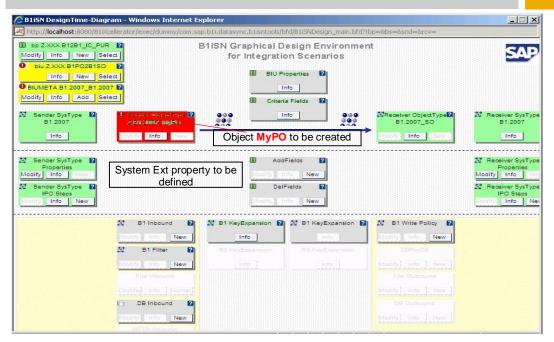
- Typical setup:
- B1iSN installed on a different machine



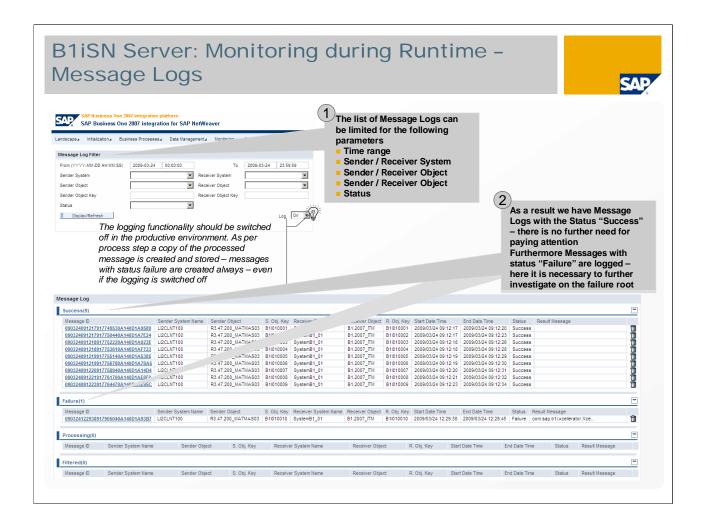
■ High level – only the part in pink color is missing

Graphical overview of BizStep





- A green box says that a specific element is relevant and correct.
- A yellow box show elements that are "not correct"
- A red box is displayed in case the item relevant for the scenario, mandatory but not yet specified or missing in the repository.



- Message Log shows what is going on:
- What went well
- Whether problems arised
- Click on the hyperlink to see the "message" at this stage

Introducing SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain the purpose of B1iSN
- Tell what connectivity types it supports
- Describe how to set it up
- ...and how to build your own scenarios
- Talk about getting information about errors

Introducing SAP Business One SDK: Unit Overview Diagram



Introduction

Topic 1: Introducing SAP Business One SDK

Topic 2: Introducing Data Interface API

Topic 3: Introducing User Interface API

Topic 4: SAP Business One integration for SAP NetWeaver

Topic 5: Introduction to the Course Project

Course Project Introduction: Topic Objectives





After completing this topic, you will be able to:

Explain the course project

Course Project - Description: Video Library Module



Business case:

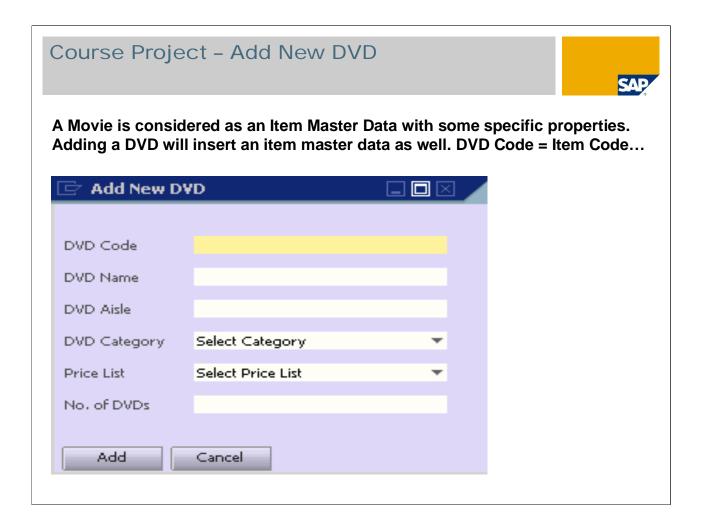
Add a small module that will enhance SAP Business One application functionality to manage a video library.

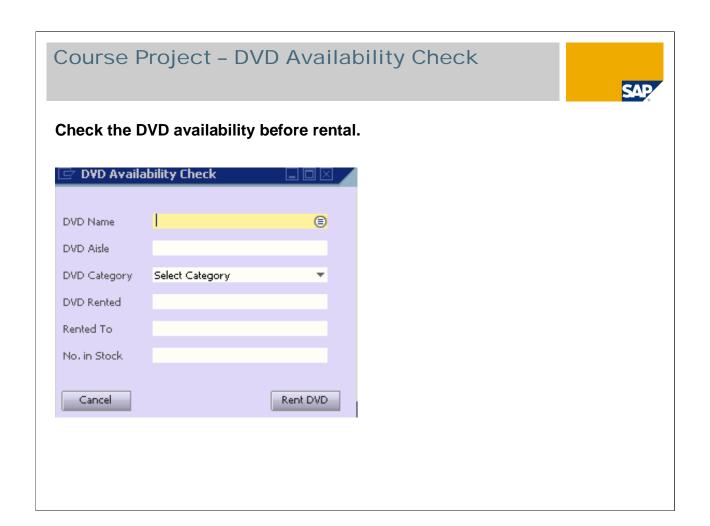
Features:

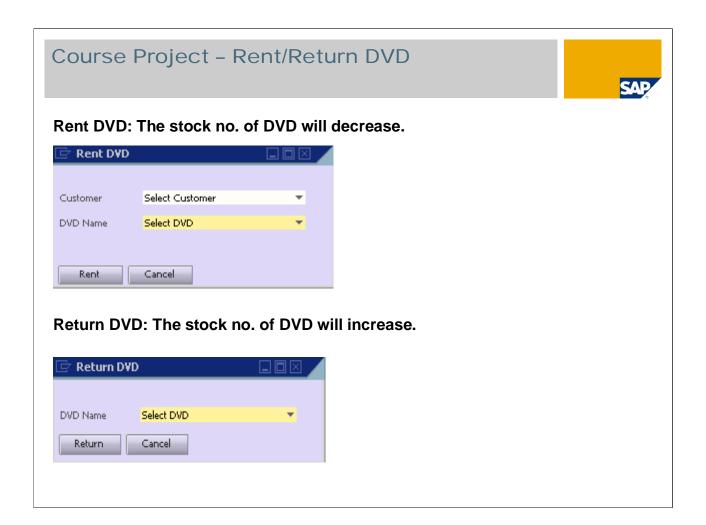
- A movie is consider as an Item with some specific properties
- Add a new DVD
- DVD Availability Check
- Rent DVD
- Return DVD

Within the Course Project we will create an Add-On using UI API and DI API.

The following slides show how these forms could look like...



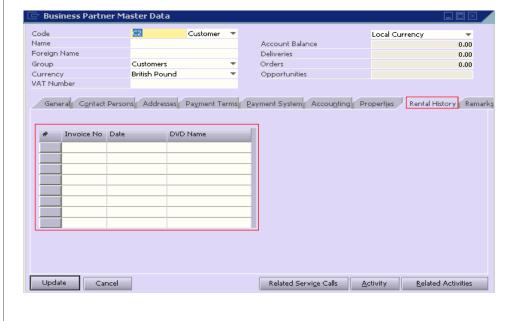




Course Project - Display "Movies Rental History" on Item Master Data



A Movie is considered as an Item Master Data The form displays a list of the movie Rental.



Course Project Introduction: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

Explain the course project

Introduction: Unit Summary





You should now be able to describe and explain:

- The SAP Business One Software Development Kit
- The components of the SAP Business One Software Development Kit
- How to use SDK in general
- Data Interface API
- User Interface API
- How SAP Add-Ons and applications use SDK
- SAP Business One Integration for SAP NetWeaver

Exercises



Unit: Introduction

Topic: Specification for the Course Project

The following pages contain details about the functionality you should implement in the Course Project:

- Add Meta Data (additional user defined fields to the SAP Business One company database) and Master Data
- Create new Menus and Forms for your add-on
- Create an Add-On (which will be running "inside" SAP Business
 One) which will allow you to control your DVD Store
- Create an installer for this Add-On

You want to develop additional functionality for SAP Business One.

Add a small module that will enhance SAP Business One application functionality to manage a DVD Store.

Pre-requisite: Use a non-continuous stock system

Pre-requisite: For usability we will only stock 1 DVD per title

1-1 Adding MetaData

1-1-1 Add the following UserFields to the Item Master Data Table (OITM).

Aisle Number – Indicates in which aisle the movie is stored.

Field Name: AISLE

Field Description: Aisle Number

Field Type: db_Numeric

Field EditSize: 2

Rented – Indicates weather the movie is rented or not.

Holds 2 "valid values": Y/N.

Field Name: RENTED

Field Description: Rented/Available

Field Type: db_Alpha

Field EditSize: 1

CardCode – In case the movie is "Rented". This field will hold the CardCode of the customer who rented it otherwise it will be empty.

Field Name: CARDCODE

Field Description: Card Code

Field Type: db_Alpha

Field EditSize: 20

1-2 Define settings for master data

- 1-2-1 Open the Item Groups table in SAP Business One. You can find this under Administration -> Setup -> Stock Management -> Item Groups. Define the DVD categories you wish to use e.g. Horror, Comedy, Drama, Animation, Romance, Science Fiction etc.
- 1-2-2 Create three new price lists and assign the associated fixed prices for the DVDs depending on the price list set. The window can be found under Stock Management -> Price Lists -> Price Lists. Price list are called
 - Weekly rental
 - 1 night rental
 - 3 night rental

1-3 Creating DVD Store Add-On

- 1-3-1 Create a new project and add the UI API and the DI API to the project references.
- 1-3-2 Connect with your Add-On to the UI and to the DI API using the multiple add-on feature.
- 1-3-3 Add the following Menu Items to SAP Business One Menu collection:

Sub Menu: DVD Store

Menu Items: Members Master Data

DVD Master Data

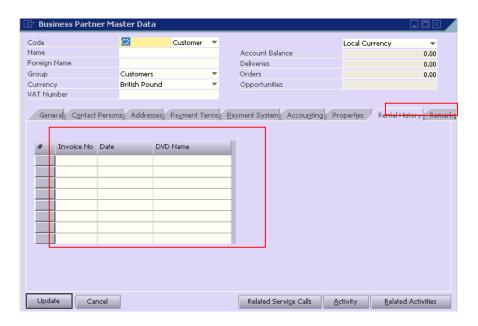
DVD Availability Check

Rent DVD

Return DVD

1-3-4 Members Master Data Form

- 1-3-4-1 Each new DVD store member is represented by an entry in OCRD (Business Partner Master Data)
- -3-4-2 **Functionality:** When clicking on the Members Master Data menu the Business Partner Master Data form opens this is the standard SAP Business One form.
- 1-3-4-3 Add some new DVD store members.
- 1-3-4-4 **Additional Functionality**: Add a new tab to the Business Partner Master Data form called 'Rental History'. Create a matrix on this new tab this will record the DVDs previously rented by this customer. Display Invoice No, Date and DVD name for all previous rentals by this customer. The screen should look as follows:



Hint: You will need to query the Invoice tables

1-3-4-5 **Functionality**: Allow the user to sort by DVD Name

1-3-5 Add DVD Form

1-3-5-2 Each new DVD is represented by an entry in OITM (Item Master Data). Each time we add a new DVD we will also add a Goods Receipt to add the new DVD to Stock. Therefore it is more efficient to create our own user form.

1-3-5-2 **Functionality:** Draw the "Add New DVD" form (do it through code or use the screen painter).



1-3-5-3 **Functionality**: When the user clicks on Add a new Item will be created in OITM via the DI.

ItemCode = DVD Code

ItemName = DVD Name

U AISLE = DVD Aisle

ItemGroup = DVD Category

Price List = DVD Price List (Weekly, 1 night rental, 3 night rental)

1-3-5-4 Also via the DI create a Goods Receipt (oInventoryGenEntry) to add the new DVDs to stock

Price List = DVD Price List

ItemCode = DVDCode

Quantity = No. of DVDs. For ease of usability we will only add 1 DVD per title.

1-3-6 DVD Availability Check Form

- 1-3-6-1 This was already partly created in the UI Exercises so you can reuse some of the code. This form will allow you to search for a particular DVD and check it's availability.
- 1-3-6-2 **Functionality**: Draw the "DVD Availability Check" form (do it through code or use the screen painter).



- 1-3-6-3 Note all are Edit Text except:
 - 1-3-6-3-1 DVD Name is linked to a Choose from List (OITM)
 - 1-3-6-3-2 DVD Category is a combo box linked to Item Groups already defined
- 1-3-6-4 **Functionality:** Data bind each field to it's associated column in the database (DBDataSource = OITM)
- 1-3-6-5 **Functionality**: When clicking on the Choose button or selecting tab in DVDName a Choose from List window will open with all available DVDs from the OITM table in the database. Select the DVD you want to view and the remaining fields will be auto filled based on that selection.
- 1-3-6-6 **Functionality**: When clicking Rent DVD the Rent DVD window opens.

1-3-7 Rent DVD Form

- 1-3-7-1 This form will enable the use to rent a particular DVD to a member. Rental is different from normal sales process. A virtual warehouse will be created for those rented DVD. When a DVD is rented, this DVD will be transferred from main warehouse to the virtual rented warehouse with stock transfer, and a manual JE similar to A/R invoice or a service invoice will be added via the DI. Once the DI manual AR JE or Service Invoice has been added we will use the UI to open the Incoming Payment screen, select the Customer and select the Payment Means so the Payment can be completed by the user.
- 1-3-7-2 **Functionality**: Draw the "Rent DVD" form (do it through code or use the screen painter).



- 1-3-7-3 **Functionality**: Customer (OCRD) and DVD (OITM) are both combo boxes and should be automatically filled when the form is open. (Hint: use RecordSet)
- 1-3-7-4 **Functionality**: User selects Customer and DVD Name. When the user clicks on Rent
 - Stock level: A stock transfer of this DVD with Quantity of 1 will be added from main warehouse to rented warehouse via the DI API.
 - Financial level: A manual AR JE or AR service invoice will be added via the DI API.

Hint: Ensure error checking is done e.g. DVD is available to rent, Combo boxes have been selected etc.

1-3-7-5 **Functionality**: Store the CardCode and DocNum of the newly added Invoice in two variables (Hint: use GetNewObjectCode method to retrieve DocNum)

1-3-7-6 **Functionality**:Via UI:

- 1-3-7-6-1 Open the Incoming Payment window by simulating a click on the Incoming Payment menu under Banking.
- 1-3-7-6-2 Fill the Code field on the Incoming Payment screen with the Customer value you saved in the variable when Invoice was added via the DI. The invoices to be paid will appear in the Matrix.
- 1-3-7-6-3 Loop through the rows (Invoices) in the matrix until value in DocNum cell equals the value in the DocNum variable saved after adding the Manual AR JE or AR Service Invoice via DI.
- 1-3-7-6-4 When matching DocNum is found select the Selected checkbox.
- 1-3-7-6-5 Simulate a click on the Payment Means icon.
- 1-3-7-6-6 The user will now be able to process the Payment for the DVD rental.

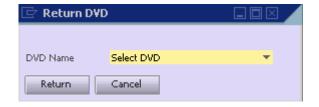
1-3-7-7 Functionality: Via DI Update OITM as DVD is now rented

 $U_Rented = Y$

U_CardCode = Customer

1-3-8 Return DVD Form

- 1-3-8-1 This form will enable the use to return a DVD to the store. It will create a Goods Receipt via the DI to return DVD to stock also.
- 1-3-8-2 **Functionality**: Draw the "Return DVD" form (do it through code or use the screen painter).



1-3-8-3 **Functionality**: User selects DVD Name. When the user clicks on Return a Stock Transfer for the DVD (OITM) being transferred from Rented warehouse to Main warehouse via the DI API. This DVD will then be returned back into stock

Hint: you will need to check what customer is currently renting the DVD first.

1-3-8-4 **Functionality**: Via DI Update OITM as DVD is now back in stock.

U Rented = N

U_CardCode = ""

1-4 Add-On Administration

- 1-4-1 Create and installation package for your Add-on. (Use the SAP Business One Development Environment (B1DE) toolset for this purpose)
- 1-4-2 Create an ard file. (Use B1DE and try "manually")
- 1-4-3 Register your Add-On.

1-5 License

1-5-1 Request a BASIS license for you add-on and include the Add-On Identifier in your code.

The Data Interface API



Contents:

- The The Data Interface API (DI API)
- Architecture and Compatibility
- Object types
 - Business Objects
 - "Services"
 - Other Objects
- Usage
- Examples
- Java Connector (short Intro), DI Server (short Intro)

- This unit is a short outline and will give you an overview on component level.
- In addition it will show how SAP uses the SDK for extensions (i.e. "Add-Ons") to SAP Business One.

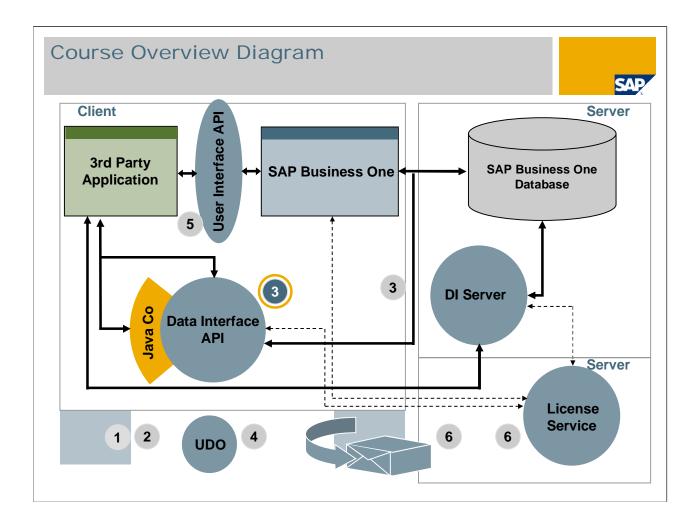
The Data Interface API: Unit Objectives





At the conclusion of this unit, you will be able to:

- Describe what the Data Interface API is
- Explain how the Data Interface API exchanges data with SAP Business One
- Use the most important objects of the Data Interface API



- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API (short look on JCo + DI Server)
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- 5 The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing

The Data Interface API: Business Example





Due to the specified requirements you need to add functionality outside the SAP Business One application.

For this purpose, you use the SAP Business One Data Interface API.

DI API Introduction: Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

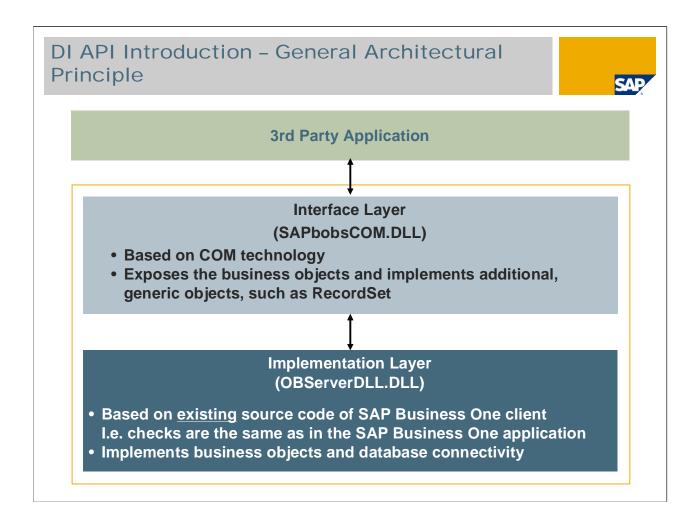
DI API Introduction: Topic Objectives



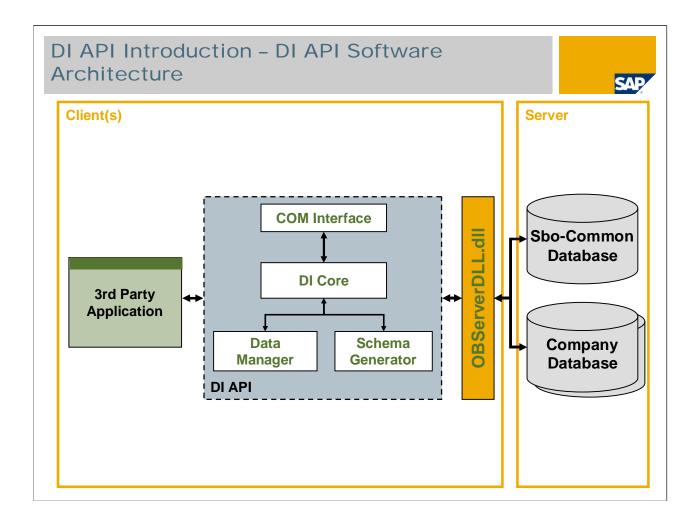


At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

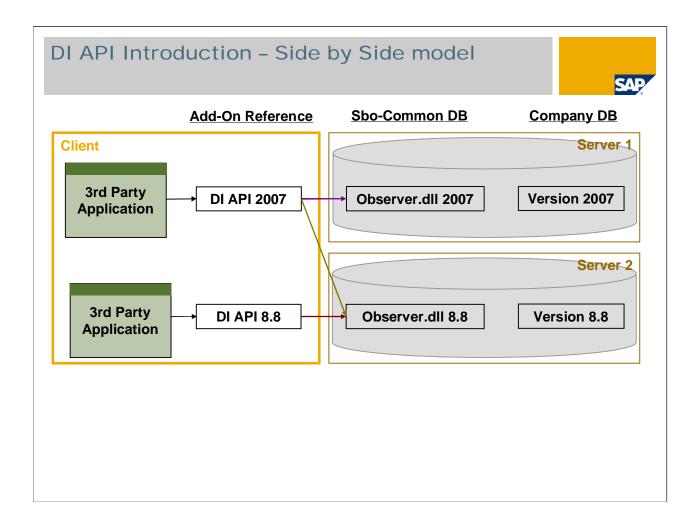
- Explain the architecture of the DI API
- Describe how compatibility is implemented
- Categorize available objects
- Explain the key features of DI API
- Describe details regarding connection to a company



- This slide provides details about the software architecture of the data interface API (DI API): The business functions are included in an implementation layer (OBServerDLL.DLL). The DLL is based on existing source code of the SAP Business One client, that is, the business objects of the SAP Business One client were copied to this DLL.
- You can access the business objects of the SAP Business One client by addressing the interface layer, which is represented by the SAPbobsCOM.DLL. In addition to the existing business objects, you can also address more generic objects such as the RecordSet object.



- The Data Manager stores temporary object data, converts object data to internal data formats, retrieves data from the database, and controls the database transactions.
- The Schema Generator creates XML schemas based on object interface descriptions. The schema generator also creates object validation lists.
- The DI Core, which is the main component of the DI API, performs all the data logic operations.
- The COM Interface provides the interface to the add-on application.
- The DI API uses the OBServerDLL.dll component that performs all the business logic operations. (The OBServerDLL.dll component is not a part of the DI API package, but is distributed with the SAP Business One application.)
- The DI API is a wrapper to the OBServerDLL.dll
- Please note:
- Not only the same business logic as you can find in the SAP Business One application applies when DI API is used, but also all the permissions set for the user will allow or disallow particular transactions just as it will be in the application!



- DI API version should be equal to the company version or smaller than that. (For example: If the company version is 8.8 than the DI API version can be 2007 or 8.8) → Maximum = the company version
- Observer DLL version will be equal to company version.
- In detail (if the referenced version of DI API is installed on the client PC):
 - An Add-On application using DI API 2007 can connect to any company database of version 2007 or 8.8
 - An Add-On application using DI API 8.8 can connect to any company database of version 8.8, but not of version 2007
- Please note:
- For the RecordSet object compatibility may change due to incompatible changes in database structure.

DI API Introduction - Object Categories



Business Objects

- Master Data Objects
 - BusinessPartners
 - Items
 - ...
- Transactional Data Objects
 - Journal Entries
 - Documents: Order, Invoice,...
 - **...**

Infrastructure Objects

- Company object
- Extended Functionality Objects
 - RecordSet
 - DataBrowser
 - SBObob
- Meta Data Objects
 - UserTablesMD
 - UserKeysMD
 - UserFieldsMD
 - UserObjectsMD

Special Objects

- Service Type Objects
 - CompanyService
 - AccountsService
 - BusinessPartnersService
 - FormPreferencesService
 - MessagesService
 - ReportLayoutsService
 - SeriesService
 - **...**
- Definition Objects related to SAP Business One GUI
 - ChooseFromList
 - DynamicSystemStrings
 - Formatted Searches
 - MultiLanguageTranslations
 - UserQueries

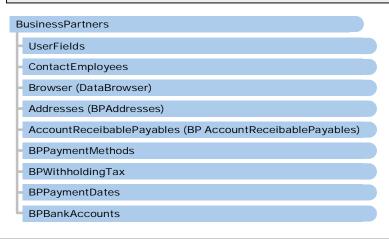
- Objects in DI API can be divided into three basic groups:
 - Business Objects
 - Infrastructure Objects
 - · Special Objects

DI API Introduction - Business Objects



- Represent records in the SAP Business One company database often distributed across multiple tables
- Represent the functionality of the SAP Business One application
- Provide access to data and enable to modify the data (GetByKey, Read, Add, Update, Remove....)
- Rules and checks (including authorizations) apply regardless whether data are handled through the application or DI API / DI Server Business Objects

Example: Object model of the BusinessPartners Master Data Object



■ A lot of business objects contain collections of additional objects like UserFields and more

DI API Introduction – Service Type Objects / Services



- DI Services / Service Type objects are meant to reflect the concept of Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) in the SAP Business One world.
- The DI Services provide interfaces to additional logic within SAP Business One, which is not necessarily encapsulated in a business object.

The main service is CompanyService:

It allows to manage administrative data of a company.

For example, you can update the *Administration* data (OADM) or *Company* data (CINF) or create new *Posting Periods* (OACP) or update *Finance Periods* (OFPR).

DI API Introduction - Infrastructure Objects



The Infrastructure objects do not represent SAP Business One data.

Company object

 Represents an SAP Business One Company database on Microsoft SQL Server Use this object to access the other objects in DI API

Extended Functionality Objects

Recordset Used to run SQL queries and stored procedures

DataBrowser
 Enables data navigation trough records of a certain object Type

(e.g. business partners) in conjunction with Recordset

SBObob Exposing extended / supplemental functionality

Meta Data Objects

UserTablesMD Create user tables

UserKeysMD Define an index for a user table

UserFieldsMD Create user fields (add to SAP Business One tables or user tables)

UserObjectsMD Define User Defined Objects

- The Company object is the main object of the Data Interface API.
- The RecordSet object allows to run SQL queries to retrieve data.
- Re Recordset:
 - Because the database tables are accessed directly, testing (and probably changes) must be done after upgrading SAP Business One because the database structure might have been changed.
 - The DI API Recordset object has nothing to do with e.g. ADO Recordset etc.

DI API Introduction - Company object



Company

The Company object...

- Represents an SAP Business One database
- Is used to establish a connection to a Microsoft SQL Server database

Use it to ...

- Access Data in an SAP Business One database
- Connect to and disconnect from a customer database
- Start and end global transactions
- Work with XML data

- The Company object is the main object of the Data Interface API. You have to use a method of the Company object to connect to an existing SAP Business One database. Correspondingly, you can also disconnect your application from that database. When you have established a connection, you can access data in the corresponding SAP Business One database for the Company object.
- Using the corresponding methods of the Company object, you can also create logical units of work or global transactions, which span more than one business object.
- Moreover, the Company object provides methods to extract a business object.
- You can find more information about the components of the Company object in the obsCOM help file.

DI API - Database connect (prior to version 8.8) Please note: Starting with B1 8.8 DB credentials are kept centrally – and are administrated via License Service. For backward compatibility reasons DI API still supports supplying credentials for connection. UseTrusted **Relevant Properties:** UseTrusted (default) **DBUserName DBPassword False** True Connect with DB user. Connect with Windows user account (MSSQL Change values for the following properties: only!). DBUserName, DBPassword. Change value for the following property: UseTrusted = True DBUserName = "<Valid DB user (e.g. sa)>" DBPassword = "<The password>"

- This slide focusses on the database connection part when connecting to a company database with DI API!
- In addition you always have to supply the SAP Business One user code + password into the properties UserName and Password!
- In case the connect method fails:
- Check all the properties.
- Use the "GetLastError" method to retrieve the error code and string. You can find details about the error code in the SDK documentation.
- Reassign OBSCommon user (note# 694413).

DI API Introduction - Log On



Object: Company Methods: +Connect() **Properties:** Server (opt.) ServerType CompanyDB UserName Password DBUserName (comp.) DBPassword (comp.) Language (opt.) UseTrusted (comp.) AddOnIdentifier (opt.) (comp.) := kept for backward

```
Dim oCompany As SAPbobsCOM. Company
Dim | RetCode, | ErrCode As Long
Dim sErrMsg as String
 Instantiate a Company object
oCompany = New SAPBobsCOM. Company
oCompany. Server = "(I ocal)"
oCompany. CompanyDB = "SB0Demo_US"
oCompany. UserName = "manager"
oCompany. Password = "<manager password>"
'Please note: Log on to SAP Business One with password
, "manager" after creation – you will be asked to change it;
password identical to user name is not permitted
oCompany. Language = In_English
Set AddOn identifier – a long string with numbers; identifies
your Add-On against License Service ... optional!
oCompany.AddOnIdentifier = "fill in your Add-On Identifier here"
I RetCode = oCompany. Connect()
 Check Return Code
If IRetCode <> 0 Then
  oCompany. GetLastError(IErrCode, sErrMsg)
```

- To run an Add-On application, you must first establish a connection to a database. The code for the connection is fairly simple as shown on this slide.
- Follow these steps to establish a connection to a database:
 - Define variable for the Company object.

compatibility

- Initialize the Company object.
- Set connect (server) data.
- · Set AddOn identifier
 - you must have a fully-licensed development environment to use this (including SDK Dev license or solution license for your AddOn) not available in evaluation environment
 - Details will be discussed later
 - Don't set AddOnIdentifier, if running on evaluation
- Connect to SAP Business One.
- · Execute error handling.
- To use SAPbobsCOM.DLL, you have to set a reference. In Visual Studio 98, for instance, you can do that in Project → References.
- Please note that some properties are optional.

DI API Introduction - Error Handling in DI API



There are two ways you must be prepared to handle errors:

Return Code + GetLastError

Use the return value of some methods to verify the result of the execution, such as Add, Update, Remove...

Use GetLastError method of the Company object to retrieve the last error message and code issued by any object related to the Company object

AND

Exception Handling
 Some objects will throw an exception.

In VB, we can use "On Error GoTo ErrorHandler" to process these errors – or Exception handling (try / catch in .NET incl. VB .NET).

Exception can be raised by methods and properties (e.g. type mismatch)

DI API Introduction: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain the architecture of the DI API
- Describe how compatibility is implemented
- Categorize available objects
- Explain the key features of DI API
- Describe details regarding connection to a company

■ Connecting has already been practiced in the introduction unit...

DI API Introduction: Exercise





You should create a new Microsoft Visual Studio.NET project for VB.NET and practice the first exercise:

Connect to a SAP Business One company database using DI API...

Business Objects: Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

Business Objects: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Describe what business objects are
- List the most important methods of business objects
- Explain how to read or write a business object from or to an XML file
- Design a transaction involving more than one business object
- Tell how to get notified on changes in business objects

Represents the business partners record in SAP Business One Use this object to add, find or update business partners You can use it also to handle additional user-defined fields BusinessPartners UserFields ContactEmployees Browser (DataBrowser) Addresses (BPAddresses) AccountReceibablePayables (BP AccountReceibablePayables) BPPaymentMethods BPWithholdingTax BPPaymentDates BPBankAccounts

- Let us look at the business partner as an example for business objects:
- Besides the object itself and all the properties that represent single data in the record in the database, it contains a larger number of properties that represent "sub-objects" in the database stored in different tables.
- In this case these "sub-objects" represent also the tabs / folders on the Business Partners master data form.
- The layout of other business objects is similar to this.

Business Objects Example: Add Business Partner



```
'First connect to database (see Log on sample)
...
'Some variables:
Dim oBP As SAPbobsCOM. Busi nessPartners
Dim IRetCode, IErrCode As Integer
Dim sErrMsg As String

'Prepare empty oBP Object:
oBP = oCompany. GetBusi nessObject(oBusi nessPartners)

oBP. CardCode = "CO8154711"
oBP. CardName = "James Tiberius Kirk"
oBP. CardType = cCustomer
'...
'Add the new BP to the database
IRetCode = oBP. Add()

If IRetCode <> O Then
oCompany. GetLastError(IErrCode, sErrMsg)
MessageBox. Show("Error: "sErrMsg + "; Code: " + IErrCode)
End If
```

- First of all, we want to add a business partner to the company database (to which we have connected before).
- In a first step, you have to create an instance of the business partner object. For this purpose, you use the GetBusinessObject method of the Company object.
- Then, you can provide the attributes of the business partner. You have to provide at least the mandatory attributes. In this case you have to provide the CardCode property. The built-in autocomplete procedure completes the default values of the other properties.
- In a last step, you call the Add method to create a new business partner record in your Company database.
- Please note that GetBusinessObject returns a generic "Object" that needs to be casted to the real object class in other (non-VB!) programming languages!

Business Objects: Standard Methods



Object:

<Business Object>

Methods:

- +Add
- +GetByKey
- +Remove
- +SaveXML
- +Update

Properties:

Browser <Lines>

Add a new Object
Get the object by key
Remove the object (if possible)
Save the object as XML file

Update the object

Allows navigation/browsing over records

Different types of Lines occurr in a lot of objects

- Examples of business objects include the following:
 - Product tree objects
 - Items (represents Master Inventory Items record in SAP Business One)
 - Business partners
 - Documents (represents the Sales and Purchase documents)
 - Payments object
- Using the SaveXML method, an object can be extracted and saved as an XML file. XML data can also be imported using the Company object.

Business Objects: Standard Methods: Line Object: <Lines object> Methods: +Add +SetCurrentLine Properties: ... Add a new record Set the current line

- Often business objects refer to Line objects.
- Examples of Line objects include the following:
 - Addresses of business partners (BPAddresses)
 - ItemWarehouseInfo contained in Items
 - Document lines (Document_Lines object)
 - Payment Accounts (Payments_Accounts Object)
- Almost all line objects have the following methods:
 - Add (add a new line object, for example, add an alternate address for a business partner
 - SetCurrentLine (set the current line within the collection of line objects). The count starts from zero.

Business Objects: Line Object Example



```
First connect to database (see Log on sample)
'Vari abl es:
Dim oBP As SAPbobsCOM. BusinessPartners =
    oCompany. GetBusi nessObj ect(SAPbobsCOM. BoObj ectTypes. oBusi nessPartners)
Dim IRetCode As Integer
If oBP. GetByKey("CO8154711") = True then 'here we use an existing record...
 'First line is always prepared (in any business object that has lines...)
  oBP. ContactEmpl oyees. Name = "John Cash"
  'Prepare / declare 2nd line... (automatically positions on new line) oBP. ContactEmpl oyees. Add() 'No change in DB here — therefore will work always... oBP. ContactEmpl oyees. Name = "John Walker"
  'Please note: In case you need to position on particular line...
  'oBP. ContactEmployees. SetCurrentLine(<0-based line no. >)
  'Write changes to DB now...!
  I RetCode = oBP. Update()
  If IRetCode <> 0 Then
  End If
Else
  MessageBox. Show("Business Partner CO8154711 not found!")
```

- Here, we have an example for a line object of the business partner object: You can add several contact employees to the business partner record. To do so, you first have to add a Contact employee row using the corresponding Add method.
- In a second step you set the current line in the contact employees array. Then you can provide the contact employee properties.

Represents Master Inventory Items record Enables you to add, update, or find an items record Items - UserFields - PriceList (Items_Prices) - Browser (DataBrowser) WhsInfo (ItemWarehouseInfo)

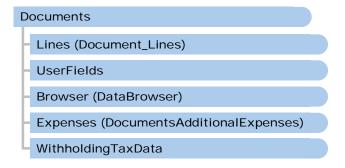
- The **Items** object represents the Master Inventory Items record in SAP Business One.
- The Items object enables you to add, update, or find an items record.

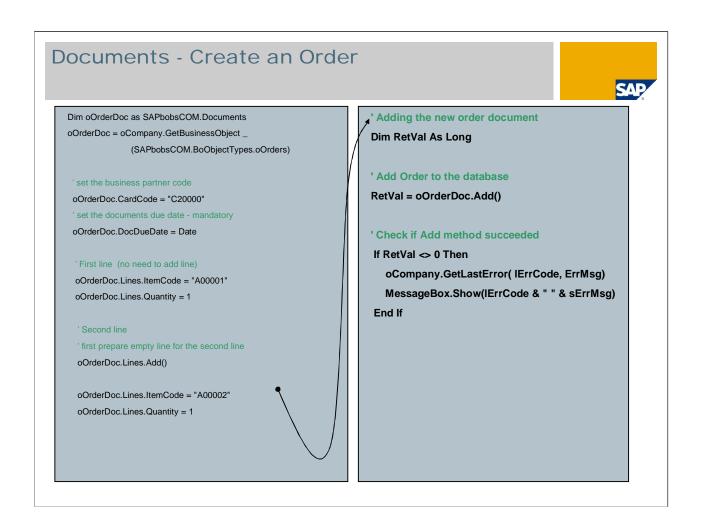
Business Objects: Documents



The Documents object represents the header of SAP Business One Sales and Purchase Documents

It contains the master header data for the document such as CardCode, Address, Document Date, Document Total etc.





■ This code sample shows how to add an order containing two lines to the SAP Business One database.

Documents - Create an Invoice (based on the order) 'Create Invoice Second line; first: prepare line olnvoiceDoc.Lines.Add() Sub CreateInvoiceDocument() ' Get the DocNum for the new added order added on slide before... olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseType = _ Dim OrdCodeStr As String SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oOrders oCompany.GetNewObjectCode (OrdCodeStr) olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseEntry = Clnt(OrdCodeStr) ' Get the required business object olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseLine = 1 Dim olnvoiceDoc As SAPbobsCOM.Documents olnvoiceDoc.Lines.TaxCode = "LA" olnvoiceDoc = oCompany.GetBusinessObject ' Add Invoice to the database (SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oInvoices) ' set the business partner code RetVal = olnvoiceDoc.Add olnvoiceDoc.CardCode = "C20000" ' set the document's due date - mandatory ' Check if Add method succeeded olnvoiceDoc.DocDueDate = Date If RetVal <> 0 Then ' First line (always there...) oCompany.GetLastError(IErrCode, sErrMsg) olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseType = SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oOrders MessageBox.Show(IErrCode & " " & sErrMsg) End If olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseEntry = Clat(OrdCodeStr) **End Sub** olnvoiceDoc.Lines.BaseLine = 0 olnvoiceDoc.Lines.TaxCode = "LA"

- Here you can see how to reference (note rectangles in the code) the order added on slide before in an Invoice to be added to the SAP Business One database right now.
- Do you remember how this can be done inside the SAP Business One application?

Working with XML - Motivation



A Technique of saving and loading data

XML Advantages

- Enable exchanging large-scale data between SAP Business One company database and customer's database (regardless of the database type)
- Standard
- Cheap
- Convenient

Working with XML - Relevant methods and properties



Company object

oCompany.GetBusinessObjectFromXML (FilePath_OR_XMLString, Index)

oCompany.GetXMLelementCount (FilePath_OR_XMLString)

oCompany.GetXMLobjectType (FilePath_OR_XMLString, Index)

oCompany.GetBusinessObjectXmlSchema (ObjectType)

XML export type - determines whether or not e.g. to export read-only data

- oCompany.XmlExportType = e.g. xet_ExportImportMode
- Please note: ONLY with xet_ExportImportMode data are exported in a manner that allows to import them again.

Working with XML as an XML string (not as an XML file)

oCompany.XMLAsString = True

Business objects

oBusinessObject.SaveXML (FilePath_OR_XMLString)

• oBusinessObject.Browser.ReadXML (FilePath_OR_XMLString)

Use ReadXML to update an existing object

Taken from the DI API documentation (SDK HelpCenter):

XmlExportType - Valid Values:

■ xet_AllNodes

Export to XML all fields (both read only and read/write fields) from the database.

(XML files **cannot** be read using <u>ReadXml</u> or GetBusinessObjectFromXML.)

xet_ValidNodesOnly

Export to XML only valid fields that support XML import (read/write fields only) from the database.

(XML files **cannot** be read using <u>ReadXml</u> or GetBusinessObjectFromXML.)

■ xet_NodesAsProperties

Export to XML all fields as properties from the database.

(XML files cannot be read using ReadXml or GetBusinessObjectFromXML.)

■ xet_ExportImportMode

Export to XML only valid fields that support XML import and export (read/write fields only that do not contain null values) from the database.

(XML files **CAN** be read by the <u>ReadXml</u> or GetBusinessObjectFromXML method.)

Working with XML - Example: SaveXML



```
'First connect to database...
Dim oBP As SAPbobsCOM.BusinessPartners = _
    oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oBusinessPartners)

oCompany.XmlExportType = SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_ExportImportMode
...

If (oBP.GetByKey("C20000") = False) Then
    MessageBox. Show("Failed to find the business partner")
El se
    oBP. SaveXml ("c: \temp\BP_" + oBP. CardCode + ".xml")
End If
```

- You can save business object data in XML format in order to use them outside of SAP Business One.
- To create an XML file, you call the SaveXML method of the corresponding business object.

Working with XML – Example: Business Partner from XML



```
Dim sFileName As String = "c:\temp\BPs.xml"
Dim lEcount, ii As Long
'Get the number of Business object in the file ...
IEcount = oCompany.GetXMLelementCount(sFileName)
Loop through the objects; when finding the first BusinessPartner
object: load it, add it to the DB.
For ii = 0 To IEcount-1
If oCompany. GetXMLobjectType(sFileName, ii) =
         SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oBusinessPartners Then
  "Read" the Business object data into the object...
  'Please note:
  'If the format is not OK you might run into an exception!
  oBP = oCompany. GetBusinessObjectFromXML(sFileName, ii)
  iRetVal = oBP.Add()
  '...handle error...
 End If
Next ii
```

- When reading master data items from an XML file, you can use several methods of the Company object to access the type and the number of items in the XML file:
 - GetXMLelementCount returns the number of items in the XML file.
 - GetXMLobjectType retrieves the item type of a specific item in the XML file.
 - GetBusinessObjectFromXML returns the attributes of a specific business object.

Transaction Handling: Overview



The Data Interface API supports two different types of transactions:

Single Transaction (default)

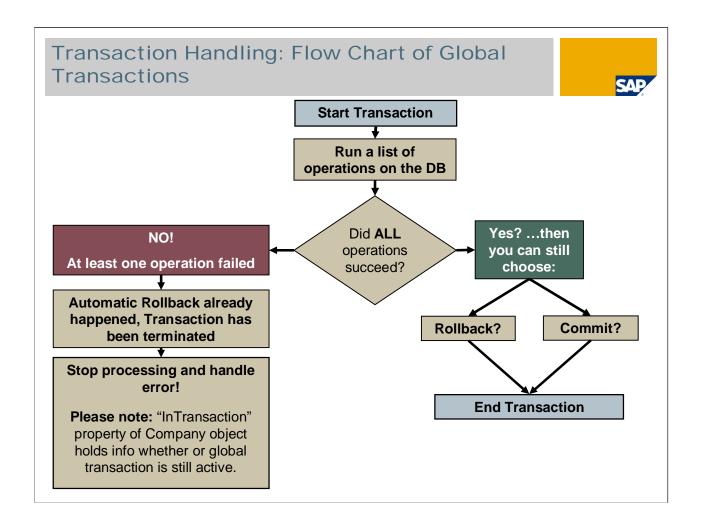
- Each data operation performed on a business object starts a transaction
- Depending on the result (success or failure), the system automatically issues a commit or a rollback

Global Transaction

- Allows perform several data operations and then a full commit or rollback based on specific criteria.
- If any of the data operations fails the global transaction will be rolled-back entirely
- Start and end of global transaction can be managed by using the Company object: oCompany.StartTransaction()
 Rollean oCompany InTransaction

Boolean oCompany.InTransaction oCompany.EndTransaction([wf_RollBack / wf_Commit])

- When a data operation is performed on a business object, a transaction is started. The SAP Business One database uses transactions to keep the data consistent. If the operation is successful, then a Commit operation is issued and the data is saved. If the operation fails, then a rollback operation is started and the data is discarded. If the data operation is performed on a single business object, all this is done automatically.
- If you want to perform database actions that must be divided into several steps, you can use StartTransaction method to start a series of operations.
- When a global transaction is started with StartTransaction, the business objects use this global transaction. If one of the business objects fails during any process, the transaction ends and an automatic rollback operation is started. When the transaction is successful, you must use the EndTransaction method to free the locked records and allow other users access to them.
- Use the "InTransaction" property in case you are not sure about the status of the transaction.



■ If you use the StartTransaction method you have to commit or roll back the transaction using the EndTransaction method... if nothing went wrong in between.

How to get notified on changes in business objects...



Motivation

- There are no DI API data-driven notifications (only FormData events in the UI API

 see next Unit)
- Adding SQL triggers or Stored Procedures at the database level is not permitted!

Solution

- Add some code inside the stored procedures called SBO_SP_TransactionNotification (or SBO_SP_PostTransactionNotice).
- The DI EventService tool (on SDN) proposes a ready to use solution based on the SBO_SP_TransactionNotification.

Important remarks:

■ The code within the stored procedure runs in database context – i.e. outside an Add-On or DI API-based application...

If a transaction includes further transactions in the background (e.g. A/R Invoice creates Journal Entry in the background) only information about the "top-level" transaction may get sent to the stored procedure!

- DIEventService: https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/servlet/prt/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/53cefa6a-0a01-0010-cd8e-e7c189cb6519
- SBO_SP_TransactionNotification article: https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/servlet/prt/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/e991e2b9-0901-0010-0395-ef5268b00aaf
- Links may have changed in the meantime though...
- Any synchronization issues or issues with credentials will have to be considered carefully; usually registering the incoming "events" and processing them asynchronously should resolve that issue just like it is handled in the SAP Business One integration package.

Business Objects: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Describe what business objects are
- List the most important methods of business objects
- Explain how to read or write a business object from or to an XML file
- Design a transaction involving more than one business object
- Tell how to get notified on changes in business objects

Business Objects: Exercise





You now should:

- Work with Business Objects in general
- Use the XML capabilities
- Practice Transaction handling along the exercises at the end of this unit...

Non-Business Objects: Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

Non-Business Objects: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- List some valuable Non-Business objects
- Explain how to work with Non-Business objects

Purpose: Temporary solution to work with SAP Business One objects that aren't exposed (yet) in DI API. Read data from and write data to user tables (writing only for tables of type "no object") which you added to the Database. How to use the RecordSet object? Definition DoQuery Browse the records RecordSet Fields Field

■ Purpose:

- Temporary solution for partners that need to work with objects that aren't exposed (yet) with the DI API.
- Very risky mostly no validations, BE CAREFUL!!!
- We recommend strongly to use the RecordSet object only for data reading purposes!
- Please note:
- DoQuery The SQL syntax may be dependent on the underlying database type!

RecordSet Object: Example - DoQuery



```
Declare Recordset variable
Dim oRecordSet As SAPbobsCOM. Recordset
Get an initialized Recordset object
oRecordSet = oCompany. GetBusi nessObj ect(BoRecordset)
Perform the DoQuery
oRecordSet.DoQuery ("Select Code, Name, U_LastName from XYZ_UDT
                         where U_LastName = 'Lopez'")
'Access data
While Not oRecordSet. EOF
    MessageBox. Show(
        "Code" & oRecordSet. Fields. Item("Code"). Value & _
        "Name " & oRecordSet. Fields("Name"). Value & _
        "LastName " & oRecordSet.Fields ("U_LastName").Value
 'Get the next record
  oRecordSet.MoveNext
End While
```

■ In the example in the slide, the RecordSet object is used to get all datas from a UserTable.

DataBrowser Object - Features



Object:

<Business Object>

Methods:

. . .

Properties:

Browser => RecordSet

You can call the DataBrowser object using the *Browser* property for all business objects

Enables data navigation through all objects of a certain object type

Easy to use – direct access to business object properties

You cannot create a new DataBrowser object, it is invoked as a *Browser* property of a business object.

Example: Walk through all business partners

- The DataBrowser object enables more complex and sophisticated data manipulation within business objects.
- You cannot create this object directly, rather it is invoked as a property of a business object.
- For example, the BusinessPartner object has a property "Browser", which refers to a DataBrowser object.
- After successfully executing an SQL query with the RecordSet object, you can set the RecordSet to the DataBrowser's RecordSet property and link the two objects together.

DataBrowser Object - Working steps



Object:

<Business Object>

Methods:

• • •

Properties:

Browser => RecordSet

- Define a RecordSet object
- Call Query on the RecordSet
- Set the DataBrowser sub object with the RecordSet
- Manipulate your Data Browser (Move First, MoveNext, ...)

- The DataBrowser object enables more complex and sophisticated data manipulation within business objects.
- You cannot create this object directly, rather it is invoked as a property of a business object.
- For example, the BusinessPartner object has a property "Browser", which refers to a DataBrowser object.
- After successfully executing an SQL query with the RecordSet object, you can set the RecordSet to the DataBrowser's RecordSet property and link the two objects together.

DataBrowser Object: Browse Business Partners



Dim oBP As SAPbobsCOM.BusinessPartners

Dim sVal As String

Dim oRecSet As SAPbobsCOM.Recordset

'1) Definition

oBP = oCompany.GetBusinessObject(oBusinessPartners)

oRecSet = oCompany.GetBusinessObject(BoRecordset)

oRecSet.DoQuery "select CardName from OCRD" '2) Retrieve the records

oBP.Browser.Recordset = **oRecSet**

'3) Assign the RecordSet to the DataBrowser

oBP.Browser.MoveFirst

While oBP.Browser.EOF = False

'4) Work with data (properties)

sVal = oBP.CardCode 'Direct approach to the properties

sVal = oBP.CardName

'no need to work with field name

sVal = oBP.CardType

oBP.Browser.MoveNext

'All properties are filled automatically when "moving"

Wend

- 1) Define recordset for Data browser object
- 2) Call RecordSet's DoQuery to retrieve the data (here retrieve two fields from BP header table)
- 3) Assign the recordset to the data browser
- 4) Work with data (properties)

Direct approach to the properties - no need to work with field name (usually = property name)

All properties are filled when navigating to a particular record

The SBObob Object



The SBObob object enables to retrieve commonly-used information easily. Please note: Returned data are packaged into DI API RecordSet objects.

Available methods (in alphabetical order)

- ConvertEnumValueToValidValue
- ConvertValidValueToEnumValue
- Format_DateToString
- Format_MoneyToString
- Format_StringToDate
- GetAccountSegmentsByCode
- GetBPList
- GetContactEmployees
- GetCurrencyRate
- GetDueDate
- GetFieldValidValues
- GetIndexRate
- GetItemList

- GetItemPrice
- GetLocalCurrency
- GetObjectKeyBySingleValue
- GetObjectPermission
- GetSystemCurrency
- GetSystemPermissions
- GetTableFieldList
- GetTableList
- GetUserList
- GetValidValueDescription
- GetWareHouseList
- SetCurrencyRate
- SetObjectPermission

Non-Business Objects: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- List some valuable Non-Business objects
- Explain how to work with Non-Business objects

■ Connecting has already been practiced in the introduction unit...

Non-Business Objects: Exercise





You are now ready for:

■ Hands-on RecordSet, DataBrowser, SBObob etc. in an exercise...

Meta Data Objects: Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

Meta Data Objects: Topic Objectives

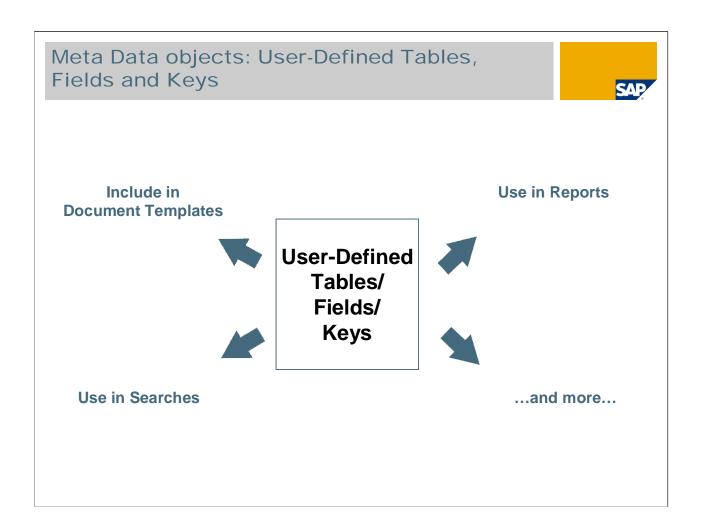




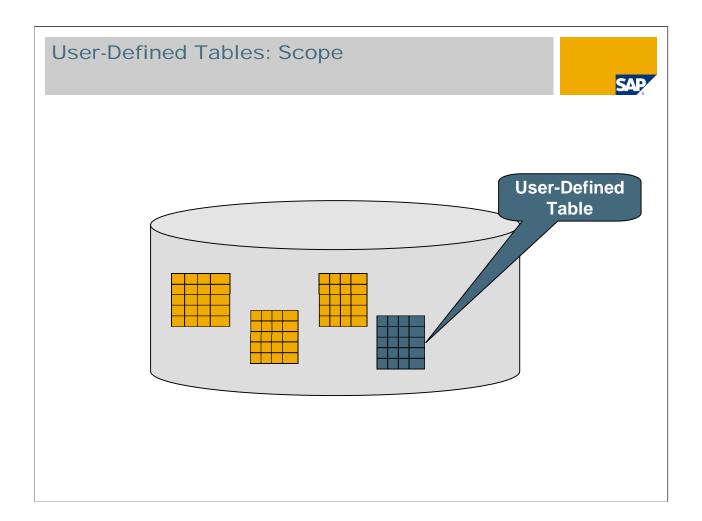
At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Create user-defined tables
- Create user-defined fields
- Write records into User Table
- Add UserKeys to user-defined tables

■ See also course TB1200 where creating user defined fields and tables within SAP Business One is discussed in detail



■ User-defined fields are fully integrated in the SAP Business One software. You can include user-defined fields in document templates, use them to run queries and so on.



- The "User-Defined Tables" feature enables you to define your own tables within an SAP Business One Company database. "User-Defined Fields" can be added to these User-Defined Tables.
- There are a few fields which are generated / added by default: Code, Name and some more for User-Defined Tables for User-Defined Objects. The Code field / column is used for the primary key.
- You can define a user table in the "User-Defined Tables-Setup" screen.

IMPORTANT!

Please note:

You will have to use either the CopyExpress SAP AddOn or use code (could use XML) to deploy database structures for your Add-On in customer databases!

There's no scripting etc. provided by SAP Business One – or DI API...

Add User-Defined Tables User-Defined Tables-Setup Table Name Description Object Type TST Test Table No Object 1 USR User test No Object Ē ₹ XX_TABLE Our TB1300 table Ē No Object No Object Master Data Master Data Lines Document Document Lines 4 1 4 1 Cancel Add User-Defined Tables via "User-Defined Tables-Setup" form Use context menu to remove a User-Defined Table (please note that there are

- Creating user tables can be done from the *Manage User Fields* screen using $Tools \rightarrow Customization$ $Tools \rightarrow User-Defined Tables Setup.$
- On the form for defining user tables, you provide a three-character table name and a description. When it generates the database table, the system adds an @ sign to the table name; for example, if you enter **XX_TST** as the table name, the name of the database table will be @**XX_TST**.
- Due to the new table types ("Object Type") necessary for User Defined Objects, there are 5 types now. For tables you don't want to use with User Defined Objects choose "No Object".
- Please note: Here, you can also delete user-defined tables via context menu with these prerequisites:
- a) the table is not used for a user-defined object.

some prerequisites!)

b) The table is not used (linked) in a user-defined field.

Meta Data Objects: UserTablesMD



Use the UserTablesMD object to create a user defined table via DI API

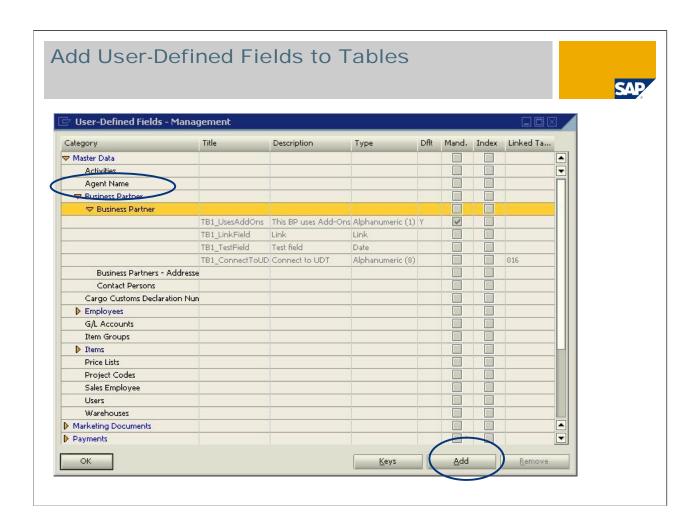
```
'Obiect variable
Dim oUTables As SAPbobsCOM. UserTablesMD
'Create Instance of UserTablesMD object
oUTables = oCompany. GetBusinessObject(oUserTables)
'Check whether table already exists
If oUTables. GetByKey("TB1_Table") Then
  oUTables = Nothing
  Exit Sub
El se
  oUTabl es. Tabl eName = "TB1_Tabl e"
  oUTables. TableDescription = "TB1300 test table"
  I Ret = oUTables. Add()
End If
'IMPORTANT: Only one ("handle to a") user table or field object should be "alive"
'at the same time!!!
In .NET call this first:
System. Runtime. InteropServices. Marshal. ReleaseComObject(oUTables)
'In .NET and VB6 set object variable to Nothing...
oUTables = Nothing
```

- Please use your Namespace as a prefix for the table name!
- If you provide a name **XX_tab**, the system automatically enhances the name to @XX_tab.

Please note:

You should call ReleaseComObject in .NET to make sure that the object you worked with is released synchronously.

GC.Collect() will release the object some time later and only **ONE** meta data object can be alive at one time – check what happens, if this is not the case...



■ User-Defined Fields can be added to the available SAP Business One tables or User-Defined Tables: Select the table line in the "User-Defined Fields – Management" screen and choose *Add*.

Meta Data Objects: UserFieldsMD



Use the UserFieldsMD object to create user defined fields

```
'Object variable
Dim oUFields As SAPbobsCOM. UserFieldsMD
'Create Instance of UserTablesMD object
oUFi el ds = oCompany. GetBusi nessObj ect (oUserFi el ds)
'Add field... "Manufacturer"
oUFi el ds. Tabl eName = "@TB1_Tabl e"
oUFields. Name = "Make"
oUFields. Description = "Manufacturer"
oUFields. Type = db_Alpha
oUFields. EditSize = 20
'IMPORTANT: Only one ("handle to a") user table or field object should be "alive"
'at the same time!!!
In .NET call this first:
System. Runtime. InteropServices. Marshal. ReleaseComObject(oUFields)
'In .NET and VB6 set object variable to Nothing...
oUFields = Nothing
```

Please note:

You should call ReleaseComObject in .NET to make sure that the object you worked with is released synchronously.

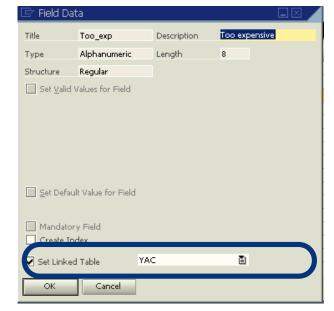
GC.Collect() will release the object some time later and only **ONE** meta data object can be alive at one time – check what happens, if this is not the case.

Defining a User-Defined Field **Title and Description** Type and Structure **Alphanumeric** Regular, Address, Telephone, Text Numeric Date/Time Date, Time **Units and Sums** Price, Sum, Unit, Quantity General Link, Picture **Additional Attributes** Valid values (optional) Assign default values Default value Mandatory (requires Default value)

- When defining a user-defined field, you have to provide a technical name (maximum 18 characters) the title and a description (maximum 30 characters). Here the title should be English because all database table field names are English. The system creates the database field **U_<title>**. Because the description will be displayed on the screen, your description should be in the local language.
- Moreover, you will assign a dedicated type with a dedicated structure to the field, where the structure depends on the type. In the figure you can see all possible types and their structures, determine the format of the field. Fields representing date structures are displayed as all other date fields in the system and allow the same input. Common fields, which allow the attachment of files and pictures, are stored in the *Pictures* or *Attachments* folder, which is specified in the common settings. You cannot change the type of the field later on.

Linking User-Defined Fields to User-Defined Tables





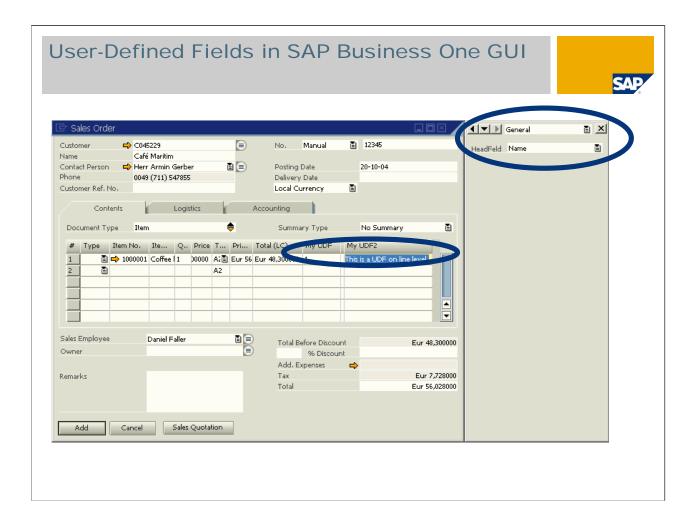
Please remember:

When you create a User-Defined Table, two fields in the database are created by default: Code and Name

Please note:

- The data in the field will be taken from the field Code in the linked User-Defined Table.
- ...therefore the field has to be alphanumerical and 8 characters long.
- You cannot link a User-Defined Field to other tables than User-Defined Tables (e.g. you can't link a User-Defined Field to the Business Partners table OCRD!)

- If you want to display data from another field of the User-Defined Table the User-Defined Field is linked to, you can use the "Formatted Search" feature to fill such data e.g. into another User-Defined Field.
- The linkage can be changed at any time, but the data in the User-Defined Field will have to be updated to reflect the new situation!
- Please note that no Foreign Key or other constraints are used in this scenario!



- SAP Business One allows you to add (in theory) as many fields as you want to existing business objects until you may hit database system limitations (e.g. MS SQL Server 2000 allows max. 8K for one record in a table...).
- Those User-Defined Fields in SAP Business One tables are displayed in an additional window (see above) or as an additional column in the lines (or as an additional row e.g. in Business Partners Addresses).
- You can e.g. add fields to the following objects:
 - · Purchase order and sales order
 - · Payment documents
 - Master data (G/L accounts, articles, Business Partner, Contacts, Pricing Lists)
 - Product structures and production orders
 - Accounting documents
 - · Profit center and division rules
 - · Budget scenarios
 - Etc etc etc.

Please note:

- When you add a User-Defined Field to a table of a document object (e.g. OINV of A/R Invoice) through DI API the system will add the User-Defined Field to ALL document tables (Sales Order, Purchase Order etc etc)!
- The same happens when you add a User-Defined Field through the SAP Business One application it's just more obvious there since there you will only find "Marketing Documents" anyway (not A/R Invoice etc)...
- You can configure the visibility of User-Defined Fields on Object or Document level:
- A/R Invoice may show e.g. less/other User-Defined Fields than Sales Order depending on the chosen configuration ("General" in the screenshot above…).
- Not all objects / tables are enabled to be extended through User-Defined Fields!

UserKeys Object



The UserKeys object allows to manage additional Keys on User-Defined Tables.

They are meant to improve performance in searching (querying) and navigating.

How to add UserKeys:

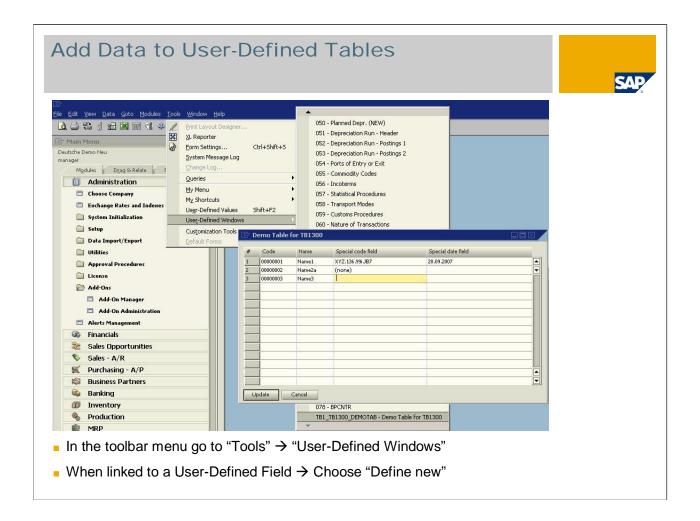
- 1. Name the key.
- 2. Choose the User-Defined Fields that should be part of the key.
- 3. Choose Unique = True/False
- 4. Add the key.

■ A sample of using the UserKeys object is provided with the DI API samples (MetaDataOperations).

Meta Data Objects: UserKeysMD



```
Object variable
 Dim oUKeys As SAPbobsCOM. UserKeysMD
Create Instance of UserTablesMD object
 oUFi el ds = oCompany. GetBusi nessObj ect(oUserKeys)
 oUKeys. Tabl eName = "BE_MyTable"
 oUKeys. KeyName = "BE_MyKey1"
Set the first column's alias (No Add method for the first element)
 oUKeys. El ements. Col umnAl i as = "Fi el dName1"
Set the second column's alias
 oUKeys. Elements. Add() 'Add an item to the Elements collection
 oUKeys. El ements. Col umnAl i as = "Fi el dName2"
Determine whether the key should be unique or not
 oUKeys. Uni que = tYES
'Add the key
 IRet = oUKeys.Add()
'IMPORTANT: Only one handle to a user table or field or key object
should be alive at the same time
```



- Data can be entered in the user table by choosing *Tools* → *User-Defined Windows*:
 A list of the user-defined tables appears. To enter data in a table, choose the relevant table and enter data (form will switch from *OK* mode to *Update* mode).
- Data can be entered in the user-defined table also in a different way in case the table is connected / linked to a user-defined field in another table:

This is done by selecting the user field and choosing *Define new* in the combo box displayed there. The connected User-Defined Table opens so you can enter data.

Alternatively, you can use the SAP Business One SDK to access the user-defined tables and fields.

Add Data to User-Defined Tables using DI API



'Object variable

Dim userTable As SAPbobsCOM.UserTable

'Use the user table we added before

userTable = oCompany.UserTables.Item("TB1300")

'Add a first row in the @TB1300 table

userTable.Code = "A1"

userTable.Name = "A.1"

userTable.UserFields.Fields.Item("U_1stUDF").Value = "First value"

userTable.Add()

'Second row in the @TB1300 table

userTable.Code = "A2"

userTable.Name = "A.2"

userTable.UserFields.Fields.Item("U_1stUDF").Value = "Second value"

userTable.Add()

'IMPORTANT:

'1)Please note that this code works **ONLY** for User-Defined Tables of 'type "No object"!

,2)Data cannot be added to User tables via oCompany.GetBusinessObjectFromXML()

, since there's no business object for that purpose!

UserTables is an object, but not a business object...!

- DI API provides an object for adding records to a user-defined table in addition to the option to use a SQL command with the RecordSet object:
- UserTable represents a record in a user-defined table.
- The default fields Code + Name are properties of this object whereas the particular user-defined fields are stored in a UserFields collection as e.g. for any business object...

Meta Data Objects: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Create user-defined tables
- Create user-defined fields
- Write records into User Table
- Add UserKeys to user-defined tables

Meta Data Objects: Exercise





You are now ready for:

a MetaData objects exercise...

DI API Services: Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

DI API Services: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

Explain how to use DI API Services

DI API Services - How to use?



- 1. Call CompanyService of the Company object. The CompanyService is the main DI service and must be called before using any other service.
- 2. Call the method GetBusinessService to use a particular service.
- 3. Create an empty data structure for this service.
 - or -

Create / modify a data structure from an XML file or XML string after retrieving it from the service.

- 4. Fill/change the properties of the specified data structure.
- 5. Call the required service method like CreateOpenBalance.

DI API Services - Example: Business Partners Service



```
'1) get general company service
oCmpSrv = oCompany. GetCompanyService
'2) get specific Business Partners service
oBPsServi ce = oCmpSrv. GetBusi nessServi ce(Servi ceTypes. Busi nessPartnersServi ce)
(3) a) get Accounts Service Data Interface
oOpenni ngBal anceAccount = oBPsServi ce. GetDataInterface(
          Busi nessPartnersServi ceDatal nterfaces. bpsdi Openni ngBal anceAccount)
'set the account information for the opening balance account o0penni ngBal anceAccount. OpenBal anceAccount = "_SYS00000000078" 'using segmentation...
oOpenni ngBal anceAccount. Details = "Bp Accounts Openi ng Bal ance"
oOpenni ngBal anceAccount. Date = date. Today
(3) b) get Business Partners Service Data Interface and set the corresponding information for the BPs...
oBpAccounts = oBPsService. GetDataInterface(
          Busi nessPartnersServi ceDataInterfaces. bpsdi BPCodes)
oBpAccountFirst = oBpAccounts. Add()
                                                    'add first account
oBpAccountFirst.Code = "C20000"
oBpAccountFirst. Credit = 300
oBpAccountSecond = oBpAccounts. Add ()
                                                    'add second account
oBpAccountSecond. Code = "C40000"
oBpAccountSecond. Credit = 300
'4) call the method that takes the structures/"Data Interfaces" and creates the balances...
oBPsServi ce. CreateOpenBal ance(oOpenni ngBal anceAccount, oBpAccounts)
```

- The BusinessPartnersService enables to transfer credit or debit amounts from a specified opening balance account to one or more business partner accounts.
- This service creates a journal entry line.

DI API Services: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

Explain how to use DI API Services

Java Connector (optional): Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

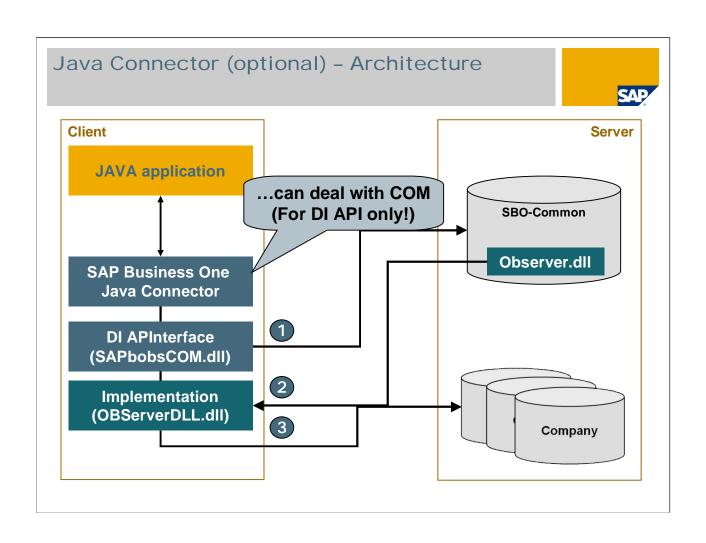
Java Connector (optional): Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

Describe how to install, use and troubleshoot the Java Connector (JCO)



Java Connector (optional) - Details



Class / package hierarchy

- □ java.lang.Object
- □ com.sap.smb.sbo.util.<u>ConvertUtil</u>
- □ com.sap.smb.sbo.api.<u>SBOCOMUtil</u>
- □ com.sap.smb.sbo.api.SBOErrorMessage
- □ java.lang.Throwable (implements java.io.Serializable)
 - □ java.lang.Exception
 - □ com.sap.smb.sbo.util.<u>NestingException</u>
 - $\ \ \Box \ com.sap.smb.sbo.api.\underline{SBOCOMException}$
- □ com.sap.smb.sbo.wrapper.util.WrapperUtil

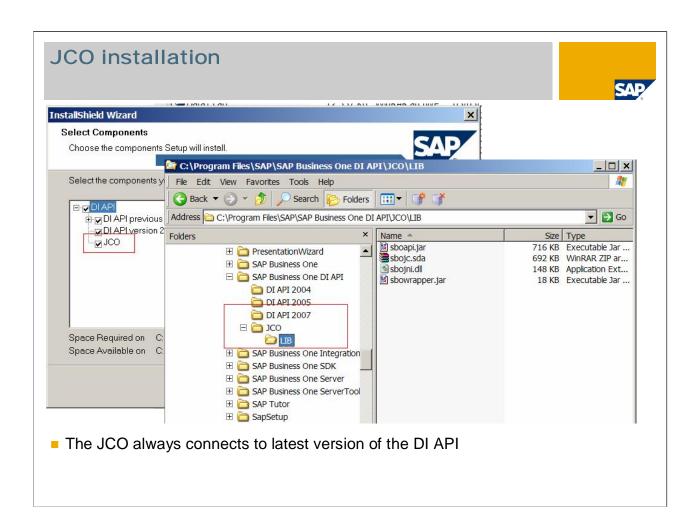
General remarks:

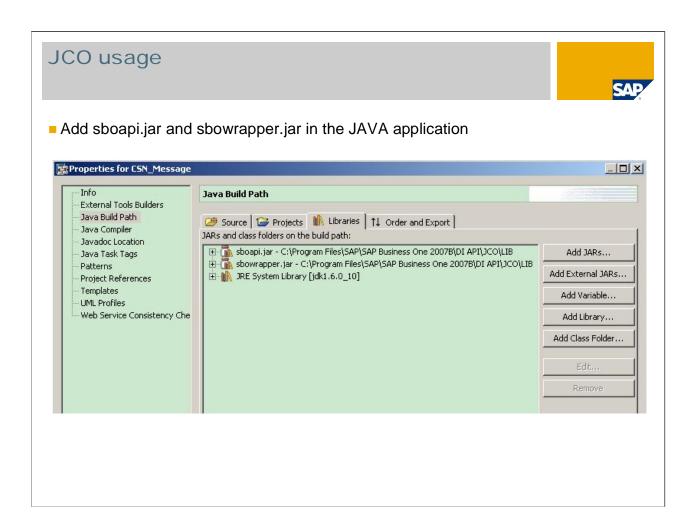
- ⇒ All Interfaces are contained in the package com.sap.smb.sbo.api
- ⇒ Check the Java Connector helpfile for more details.
- ⇒ Important difference to DI API:

Objects to add new records are created using "new<Object name>" of the SBOCOMUtil class instead of using ICompany object's "getBusinessObject"!

E.g. newBusinessPartners must be used when you want to add a business partner!

■ There is an extra JCo help file. Below this, the help file for the data interface API holds as well.





JCO usage - connect to company



JCO usage - add a business partner



```
import com.sap.smb.sbo.api.*;
public static IBusinessPartners bp;
......

bp = SBOCOMUtil.newBusinessPartners(cmp);
bp.setCardCode("JCO1");
bp.setCardName("JCO Test1");
bp.setCardType(Integer.valueOf(0));
rc = bp.add();
```

JCO usage - update an order



```
import com.sap.smb.sbo.api.*;
public static IDocuments order;
......

order = SBOCOMUtil.getDocuments(cmp, Integer.valueOf(17), Integer.valueOf(138));
order.setComments("JCO test1");
rc = order.update();
```

JCO usage - Recordset



```
import com.sap.smb.sbo.api.*;
    ICompany com = null;
    IRecordset RecSet = null;
    String FldName, String FldVal;
    Object index;
    String sQueryItemList1 = "Select * From OITM";
    RecSet = SBOCOMUtil.runRecordsetQuery(conn.company,sQueryItemList1);
    int Count = RecSet.getFields().getCount().intValue();
    while (RecSet.isEoF().equals(new Boolean(false))) {
        for (i = 0; i < Count; i++) {
            index = new Integer(i);
            FldName = RecSet.getFields().item(index).getName();
            FldVal = String.valueOf(RecSet.getFields().item(index).getValue());
            RecSet.moveNext();
        }
}</pre>
```

Troubleshooting



- Test the issue in DI API first to check if it is the issue in DI
- SAP Notes
 - 1313297 : How to use SAP Business One Java Connector (JCO)
 - 1157304 : JCO_Failed connection to SBO produces memory leak
 - 1034147 : JCO_JVM shuts down with large payload

• However, in development mode, we also recommend to use command line parameter in project settings to avoid hardcode it

Java Connector (optional): Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

Describe how to install, use and troubleshoot the Java Connector (JCO)

Java Connector (optional): Unit Overview Diagram



The Data Interface API

Topic 1: DI API Introduction

Topic 2: Business Objects

Topic 3: Non-Business Objects

Topic 4: Meta Data Objects

Topic 5: DI API Services

Topic 6: Java Connector (optional)

Topic 7: DI Server (optional)

DI Server (optional): Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

Use DI Server in principle

DI Server (optional) - Introduction



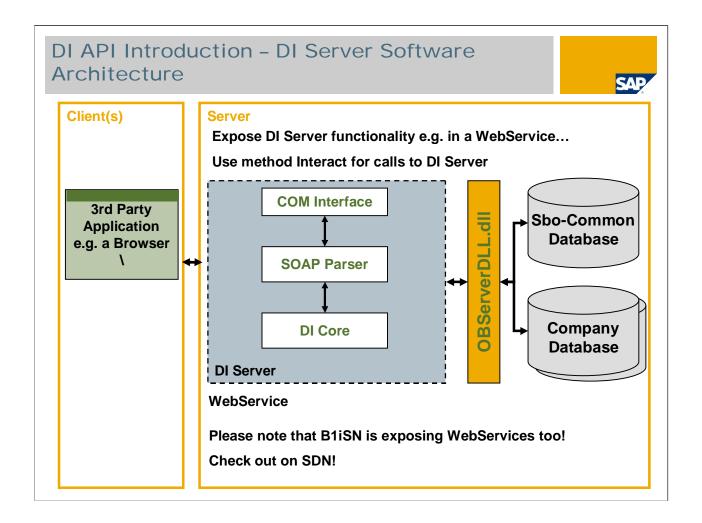
The DI Server is designed to run on a server machine and supply a light-weight SOAP-based access layer for heavy duty integration purposes

- Based on the DI API technology but acts as a "Server" (as a service)
- Supports all business objects that are exposed by the DI API
- Enables to develop SOAP-based solutions
- Give suitable solution to have heavy duty operations (e.g. batch)
- Can support larger number of clients working at the same time.

The DI Server implements a connection pooling mechanism to enhance performance and scalability of the server.

As DI Server is a SOAP-based interface it does not limit the client to a COM interface, but allows a wide range of possible client technologies e.g. building traditional Web applications using ASP or JSP.

- DI Server uses the same XML format as DI API just wrapped in a SOAP "envelope".
- In addition it gets a SOAP response.
- Check-out the DI Server helpfile for more details!



- Business logic is provided through the OBServer.dll this time running on the server instead of being loaded by DI API in the background.
- "Clients" just stands for accessing DI Server with any technology possible + displaying the data in any form to the user. This could be a page displayed in a browser, but it could also be a desktop application using DI Server instead of DI API.

DI Server (optional) - SOAP Command types



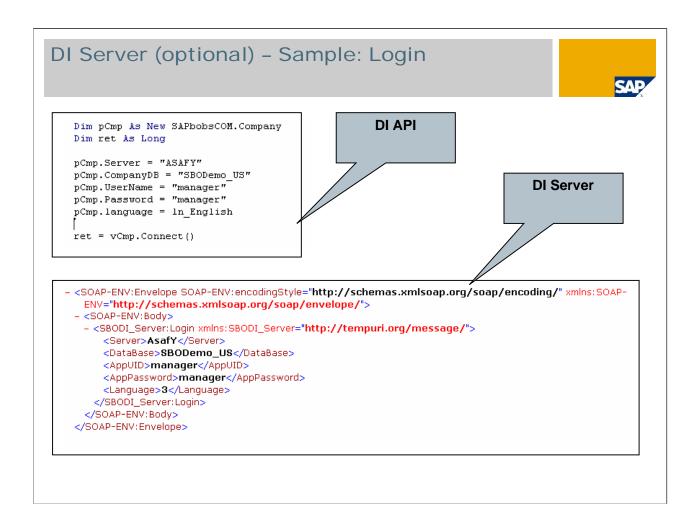
There are four types of commands:

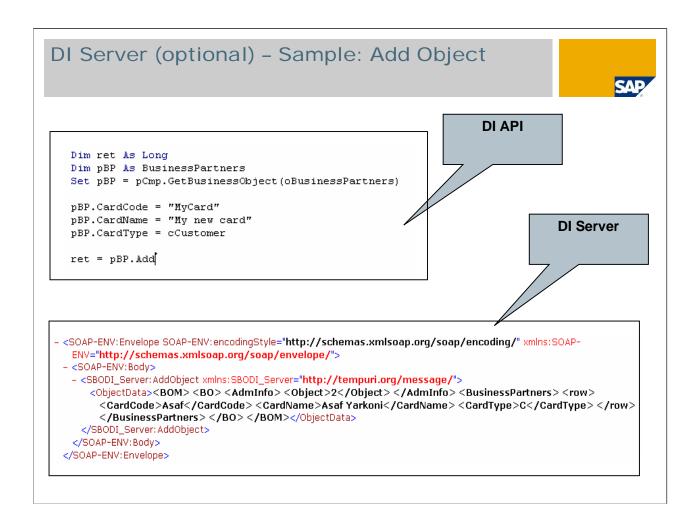
- System Commands Login, logout (and "debug").
- Data Manipulation Add, Update, Cancel, Close and other basic operations on objects.
- Data Retrieve GetByKey, ExecuteSQL and Functions which are encapsulated in the SBObob object in DI API.
 - DI Services similar to DI API services:
 - The same services as the DI API (MessagesService, AlertsManagementService,...)
 - A generic services view of some of the DI API object
 - Please read carefully DI Server help file for more detailed information.
- Only one type of commands is allowed in a single Envelope.
- Further details can be found in the SDK HelpCenter and samples.

DI Server (optional) - How to use it



- 1. Wrap an XML into a SOAP envelope
- 2. Call the COM object through the Interact(request) command
- 3. The COM object will send the XML and will return an XML as the result.





DI Server (optional) - Transaction / Batch Operations



- Start/EndTransaction commands do not exist as in DI API:
 - Each Envelope is one Transaction when using BatchInteract()
 - The list of envelopes are considered as a Global Transaction when using Interact()
 - * no option to exchange information with DI Server inside a Global Transaction, e.g.: no GetNewObjectByKey
 - * you can only connect to one database (header holds session ID)
- Each command has a response
- You can set an identifier for each command and receive it in the response

Overview of differences between DI API and DI Server (optional)



Characteristic	DI API	DI Server
"Function call efficiency"	Uses many RPC calls in order to invoke a single method. But please note: Using XML reduces the numbers of calls to a very few!	Uses a single SOAP request that contains all parameters.
Connection handling & scalability	Can handle one connection per database/per DI API instance	Can (theoretically) handle "unlimited" number of connections (configurable) per database. Session pooling mechanism.
Transaction management	Single and Global transactions by Start/EndTransaction commands. Allows GetNewObjectCode method inside a transaction	Single and Global transactions defined by using Interact or BatchInteract. NO GetNewObjectCode equivalence inside a transaction
Handling "Meta data" (UDTs etc)	Possible	Impossible
"Single-Sign On" in conjunction with UI API	Possible	Impossible
Deployment	Must be installed on client machines (COM DLL).	Deployed on a single server; may be used by many client machines
Integration with External tools (Internet sales, XI system)	Java wrapper (JCo) or ext. SOAP layer.	Direct SOAP calls

DI Server (optional): Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

Use DI Server in principle

Data Interface API - Use cases



There are a couple of scenarios where Data Interface API is engaged:

Data level integration of existing applications:

Easily read or write data from / to SAP Business One – when needed

Data Import / Export scenarios – which are not covered through SAP tools – and where the capabilities of the SAP Business One application are not sufficient.

Depending on the architecture of the overall solution you might consider to use B1iSN or DI Server though.

Handling data in an Add-On that uses UI API (see next unit) beyond UI API's capabilities.

- Essentially writing data to the SAP Business One database often requires usage of DI API
- Even though other techniques may be faster when it comes to reading data from the database – usage of DI API is often a good choice regarding usability (no need to request additional credentials etc) and data coherence (imagine that the required data might be stored in various tables).

■ Sometimes partners ask for: an option to integrate SAP Business One "screens" into their applications; such functionality is unfortunately not available…

Data Interface API: Unit Summary





You should now be able to:

- Understand what the Data Interface API is
- Understand how the DI API exchanges data with SAP Business One



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Establish a Connection to SAP Business One



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Connect to an SAP Business One database



You want to develop additional functionality for SAP Business One.

In a first step, you want to create a simple program to connect to an existing SAP Business One database.

- 1-1 Log on to SAP Business One.
 - 1-1-1 Note the name of one database you want to log on to.
 - 1-1-1 Note one user in that database and the user's password.
- 1-2 Create a new Visual Studio project.
 - 1-2-1 Within this project, create a form with two buttons on it. One of the buttons should be used to connect to the SAP Business One database, the other to disconnect from it.
 - 1-2-2 Add a reference to the SAP Business One DI API COM library...
- 1-3 Code the connection to the SAP Business One database.
 - 1-3-1 Define a variable for the Company object ensure it is defined as a member of the add-on application class or globally.
 - 1-3-2 Create a new Company object.
 - 1-3-3 Set the properties needed to connect to the SAP Business One database.
 - 1-3-4 Call connect on the Company object

- 1-4 Implement error handling and success handling.
 - 1-4-1 If the connection succeeds, display a message box displaying a corresponding message.
 - 1-4-2 If the connection failed, display the error message provided by the Company object.
- 1-5 Code the disconnection from the SAP Business One database.



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Documents Object



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Work with Documents objects



Create a Sales Order in Business One. Via the DI create an Invoice based on this Sales Order and later create an Incoming Payment for that Invoice

- 2-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Invoice and Payment"
- 2-2 In Business One create an Order for a particular customer and a particular item.
 - 2-2-1 First you must create a new Document object instance for the Invoice. Then you set the properties of the Documents object and the Documents_Lines ensuring the BaseEntry, BaseLine and BaseType are set.
 - 2-2-2 Add the whole document. In the case of success, you should bring up a message box telling the user the number of the newly added Sales Invoice using the method GetNewObjectCode. In case of any error, you should display a message box with an error message.



The Documents object must be created with the GetBusinessObject method of the company object you are connected to. Look in the online help of the GetBusinessObject method for the correct object type. Which one must be used?



To access the Documents_Lines object, look at the properties of the Documents object.



To create a document based on a document you need to utilize the properties BaseEntry (DocEntry of Base document), BaseType (in this case Sales Order), BaseLine (line you wish to copy to target document)

- 2-2-3 Finally you should release the document object variables.
- 2-3 Create the Incoming Payment for this Invoice
 - 2-3-1 Create a new Payments object instance for the Incoming Payment.

 Then you set the properties for the CardCode, Invoice DocEntry, and we will pay via cash so we will use the properties

 CashAccount and CashSum.
 - 2-3-2 Add the whole document. In the case of success, you should bring up a message box telling the user the number of the newly added Payment using the method GetNewObjectCode. In case of any error, you should display a message box with an error message.
 - 2-3-3 Finally you should release the document object variables.



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: XML



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Work with XML



Create data as XML and checkout how to use this process to add new data to the SAP Business One database.

- 3-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Working with XML"
- 3-2 Save the Invoice created in the Documents exercise as XML.
 - 3-2-1 Try all settings for XmlExportType property on the Company object and find the differences.



Have a look at the DI-API Help file

3-2-2 Save the Invoice document created in the previous exercise in Xml format



Use the GetAsXml or SaveXml methods of the Documents object (verify all business objects have the same methods)

3-2-3 Test also the method GetBusinessObjectXmlSchema of the Company object. What kind of information does it save?

3-3 Modify the XML data obtained before and add it to the SAP Business One database.



3-3-1 Try all files generated above and check the errors (exceptions) for details.



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Transactions



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Work with transactions



Create an Order via DI API and later create an Invoice that is based in that Order, Documents exercise done before.

This time open a transaction before and close it afterwards.

- 4-1 Log on to a SAP Business One Company as shown in the first exercise.
- 4-2 Open a transaction (StartTransaction of the Company Object).
- 4-3 Perform the same actions as you did in the Documents exercise.
- 4-4 Close the transaction (EndTransaction of the Company Object).
- 4-5 Play e.g with the TaxCode (or VatGroup depending on the localization!) property to see if and how the transaction fails. Also use wrong data (e.g. non-existing CardCode etc.) to see the reaction (as discussed in the presentation).



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Using General Objects



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

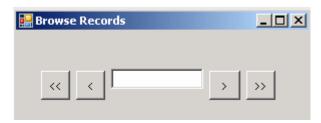
- Use the data browser object to browse through a set of data
- Use the record set object



Create an application to navigate through all customers.

You will use the Browser property of the BusinessPartners object. Add the navigation buttons to your form and provide the coding so that the user can browse through the customers.

- 5-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "General Objects"
- 5-2 Create a new form in your Visual Studio application containing a text box where you will show the Business Partners Card Code and four buttons: first, previous, next and last.



5-3 Create a Recordset object and set the Browser property of the BusinessPartners object to this Recordset.



There is a code sample in the DI-API Help documentation.

5-3-1 Add the code to all four of the buttons so that the user can navigate backwards and forward through the customers. Be sure that your application only includes customers, not Leads or Vendors (Suppliers).



Use the DoQuery method of the RecordSet object with the appropriate SQL query.

- 5-4 Test your changes. Be sure to include the following scenarios:
 - 5-4-1 Click the "First Record" button (), then click it again. Try the same thing with the "Last Record" button ().
 - 5-4-2 Click the "First Record" button (), then click the "Previous Record" button ().
 - 5-4-3 Click the "Last Record" button (), then click the "Next Record" button ().
 - 5-4-4 If any of these scenarios raises an error, add code that will fix the error. Then test the application again.



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Meta Data



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Work with Meta Data objects in the DI API



Create user-fields and user-tables in the SAP Business One database.

- Use the UserTableMD Object to create User Tables
- Use the UserFieldMD Object to create User Fields
- Use the specifications for the User-Defined Table and the User-Defined Fields within from the "Course Project Exercise" (see end of the course's "Introduction" section
- 6-1 As a first small exercise add a User-Defined Field to the item table (OITM) through DI API. On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "UDF and UDT"
 - 6-1-1 Use namespace "TB1_" as a prefix...
- 6-2 Add a User-Defined Table (use namespace "TB1_" as a prefix...), but do not add any fields to the table yet.

Table name: TB1 VIDS

Table description: Video Management



You will need to create an instance of the UserTablesMD object in order to add a field to the User Table. It is recommended that after you create your table you set this object variable to "Nothing" so that its properties do not inadvertently carry forward to the next table or field you are creating.

6-3 Test your application by opening the "Manage User Fields" window in SAP Business One. Check to see that the table was added.

- 6-4 Remove the User-Defined Table (in the SAP Business One application) you just created before. Enhance your application with the capability to remove the User-Defined Table through DI API and then test your application to see that you can also add and delete the User-Defined Table in SAP Business One.
- 6-5 Add the following User-Defined Fields to your new User-Defined Table:



You will need to create an instance of the UserFieldsMD object in order to add a field to the User Table. It is recommended that after you create each field, you set this object variable to "Nothing" so that its properties do not inadvertently carry forward to the next field you are creating. Do the same thing at the end of the last user field added.

Aisle Number – Indicates in which aisle the movie is stored.

Field Name: AISLE

Field Description: Aisle Number

Field Type: db_Numeric

Field EditSize: 2

Section – Indicates the section the movie is store in the aisle.

Field Name: SECTION

Field Description: Section Number

Field Type: db_Alpha Field EditSize: 20

Rented – Indicates weather the movie is rented or not.

Holds 2 "valid values": Y/N.

Field Name: RENTED

Field Description: Rented/Available

Field Type: db_Alpha

Field EditSize: 1

CardCode – In case the movie is "Rented"

This field will hold the CardCode of the customer who

rented it otherwise it will be empty.

Field Name: CARDCODE

Field Description: Card Code

Field Type: db_Alpha Field EditSize: 20

6-6 Test your application and make sure all your fields were added successfully.

6-7 Write data into the User-Defined Table.

6-7-1 Add about 15 records to your new User-Defined Table.



- In order to add a record, you will need to use the UserTable object. The name of this object is a bit misleading the UserTable object actually corresponds to a *record* within a user table.
- When referring to specific fields within a User Table record, you must prefix the fieldname with "U_". For example, if you have created a User-Defined Table object variable called pRecord, you could set the value of the "Make" field by adding this line of code: pRecord.UserFields("U_Make").Value = "Ford"

The "Code" and "Name" must each be unique within the User Table. The "Code" is the Primary Key used to retrieve a record.

6-7-2 Your User-Defined Table could look like this:



Optional Exercise



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Services



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Work with Service Type objects



Use CompanyService to change the backgound color of forms for a particular company...

- 7-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Service Object"
- 7-2 Get CompanyServices object.
- 7-3 Get structure which reflects information in table OADM.
- 7-4 Set the background color to purple.
- 7-5 Call the method which updates the information in the SAP Business One database. See the effect in the SAP Business One application.

Please note that only forms opened after changing the bachground color will reflect this change.

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Establish a Connection to SAP Business One



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

Connect to an SAP Business One database



You want to develop additional functionality for SAP Business One.

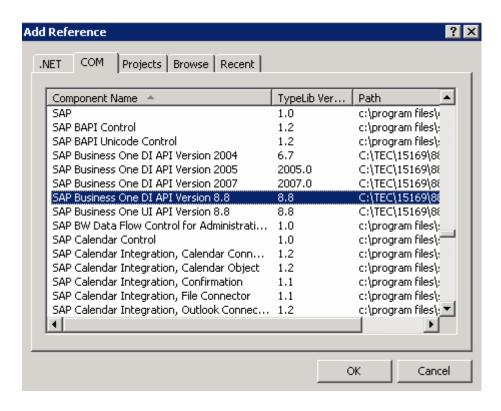
In a first step, you want to create a simple program to connect to an existing SAP Business One database.

- 1-1 Log on to SAP Business One.
 - 1-1-1 Note the name of one database you want to log on to E.g. SBODemo_UK
 - 1-1-2 Note one user in that database and the user's password E.g. Manager, Manager
- 1-2 Create a new Visual Studio project.
 - 1-2-1 Within this project, create a form with two buttons on it. One of the buttons should be used to connect to the SAP Business One database, the other to disconnect from it.



1-2-2 Add a reference to the SAP Business One DI API COM library...

Click *Project -> Add Reference* and click on the COM tab



- 1-3 Code the connection to the SAP Business One database.
 - 1-3-1 Define a variable for the Company object ensure it is defined as a member of the add-on application class or globally. Suggestion: Create a new module and put the Company variable there. Since this is a separate module you need to either specify the module in each call or add a declaration so the other form/modules can see this.

Public oCompany As SAPbobsCOM.Company

1-3-2 Create a new Company object.

oCompany = New SAPbobsCOM.Company

1-3-3 Set the properties needed to connect to the SAP Business One database.

```
oCompany.Server = "Your server name"

oCompany.CompanyDB = "SBODemo_UK"

oCompany.UserName = "manager"
```

```
oCompany.Password = "B1Admin"

oCompany.DbServerType = SAPbobsCOM.BoDataServerTypes.dst_MSSQL2005

oCompany.DbUserName = "sa"

oCompany.DbPassword = "sapass"

oCompany.LicenseServer = "Your license server name"
```

Note DBUserName and DBPassword are not required in Version 8.8.

1-3-4 Call connect on the Company object

```
retVal = oCompany.Connect
```

- 1-4 Implement error handling and success handling.
 - 1-4-1 If the connection succeeds, display a message box displaying a corresponding message.
 - 1-4-2 If the connection failed, display the error message provided by the Company object.

```
If retVal <> 0 Then

oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)

MsgBox("Error " & retVal & " " & retStr)

Else

MsgBox("Connected to " & oCompany.CompanyName)

End If
```

1-5 Code the disconnection from the SAP Business One database.

```
If oCompany.Connected = True Then
oCompany.Disconnect()

End If
```

A further sample can be found in the SDK DI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM DI/1.BasicOperations.

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Documents Object



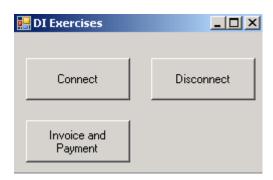
At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Work with Documents objects



Create an Invoice via DI API and later create an Incoming Payment for that Invoice

2-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Invoice and Payment"



- 2-2 In Business One create an Order for a particular customer and a particular item.
 - 2-2-1 First you must create a new Document object instance for the Invoice. Then you set the properties of the Documents object and the Documents_Lines ensuring the BaseEntry, BaseLine and BaseType are set.

Dim oInvoice As SAPbobsCOM.Documents

 $oInvoice = \\ oCompany. GetBusinessObject (SAPbobsCOM. BoObject Types. oInvoices)$

oInvoice.CardCode = "C2000"

oInvoice.Lines.BaseEntry = 8 'DocEntry of Sales Order

```
oInvoice.Lines.BaseLine = 0 'Copy first line
oInvoice.Lines.BaseType = 17 'Sales Order base document
```

2-2-2 Add the whole document. In the case of success, you should bring up a message box telling the user the number of the newly added Sales Invoice using the method GetNewObjectCode. In case of any error, you should display a message box with an error message.

```
retVal = oInvoice.Add

If retVal <> 0 Then

oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)

MsgBox("Error " & retVal & " " & retStr)

Else

MsgBox("Invoice number " & oCompany.GetNewObjectKey & " created")

InvNum = oCompany.GetNewObjectKey

End If
```

2-2-3 Finally you should release the document object variables.

```
oInvoice = Nothing

retVal = ""

retStr = ""
```

- 2-3 Create the Incoming Payment for this Invoice
 - 2-3-1 Create a new Payments object instance for the Incoming Payment. Then you set the properties for the CardCode, Invoice DocEntry, and we will pay via cash so we will use the properties CashAccount and CashSum.

```
Dim oIncomingPymt As SAPbobsCOM.Payments

oIncomingPymt =
oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oIncomingPayments)

oIncomingPymt.CardCode = "C2000"

oIncomingPymt.Invoices.DocEntry = InvNum
oIncomingPymt.CashAccount = "_SYS000000000076"

oIncomingPymt.CashSum = "14.10"
```

Note: CashAccount "_SYS..." uses an internal account number in a database where account segmentation is used. If Account segmentation is **not** used – just use the visible account numbers.

2-3-2 Add the whole document. In the case of success, you should bring up a message box telling the user the number of the newly added Payment using the method GetNewObjectCode. In case of any error, you should display a message box with an error message.

```
retVal = oIncomingPymt.Add

If retVal <> 0 Then

oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)

MsgBox("Error" & retVal & "" & retStr)

Else

MsgBox("Incoming Payment number" & oCompany.GetNewObjectKey & "added")

End If
```

2-3-3 Finally you should release the document object variables.

```
oIncomingPymt = Nothing

retVal = ""

retStr = ""
```

Another sample exercise can be found in the SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM DI/5.OderAndInvoice.

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: XML



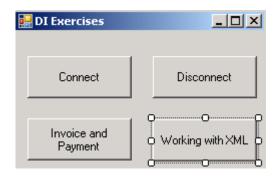
At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Work with XML



Create data as XML and checkout how to use this process to add new data to the SAP Business One database.

On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Working with XML"



- 3-2 Save the Invoice created in the Documents exercise as XML.
 - 3-2-1 Try all settings for XmlExportType property on the Company object and find the differences.

The 4 property types are

XML ExportType	Definition
oCompany.XmlExportType = SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_AllNodes	Export to XML all fields (both read only and read/write fields) from the database.
oCompany.XmlExportType = SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_ExportIm portMode	Export to XML only valid fields that support XML import (read/write fields only) from the database.
oCompany.XmlExportType = SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_NodesAsP roperties	Export to XML all fields as properties from the database.
SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_ValidNod esOnly	Export to XML only valid fields that support XML import and export (read/write fields only that do not contain null values) from the database.

3-2-2 ave the Invoice document created in the previous exercise in Xml format

```
oCompany.XmlExportType =
SAPbobsCOM.BoXmlExportTypes.xet_ExportImportMode

Dim oInvoice As SAPbobsCOM.Documents
oInvoice =
oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oInvoices)

If oInvoice.GetByKey(5) = False Then
oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
MsgBox("Failed to Retrieve Invoice" & retVal & " " & retStr)
Exit Sub
End If

'Save the object as an xml file
oInvoice.SaveXML("C:\Program Files\SAP\SAP Business One
SDK\Samples\CourseXML\Invoice.xml")
```

3-2-3 Test also the method GetBusinessObjectXmlSchema of the Company object. What kind of information does it save?

```
Dim schema As String
schema =
oCompany.GetBusinessObjectXmlSchema(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oInvoices)
MsgBox(schema)
```

This method retrieves the XML schema used to define the structure and content of the object.

3-3 Modify the XML data obtained before and add it to the SAP Business One database.

 $oInvoice = oCompany. GetBusinessObjectFromXML("C:\Program Files\SAP\SAP Business One SDK\Samples\CourseXML\Invoice.xml", 0)$

```
retVal = oInvoice.Add

If retVal <> 0 Then
    oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
    MsgBox("Error " & retVal & " " & retStr)

Else
    MsgBox("Invoice number " & oCompany.GetNewObjectKey & " created")

End If
```

3-3-1 Try all files generated above and check the errors (exceptions) for details.

Similar exercises can be found in the SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM DI/7.SaveXML and COM DI/8.LoadFromXML

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Transactions



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Work with transactions



Create an Order via DI API and later create an Invoice that is based in that Order, Documents exercise done before.

This time open a transaction before and close it afterwards.

There is no additional "Solution" to this exercise.

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Using General Objects



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

- Use the data browser object to browse through a set of data
- Use the record set object



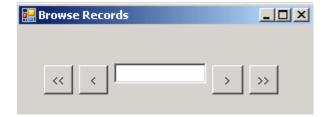
Create an application to navigate through all customers.

You will use the Browser property of the BusinessPartners object. Add the navigation buttons to your form and provide the coding so that the user can browse through the customers.

5-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "General Objects"



5-2 Create a new form in your Visual Studio application containing a text box where you will show the Business Partners Card Code and four buttons: first, previous, next and last.



5-3 Create a Recordset object and set the Browser property of the BusinessPartners object to this Recordset. Be sure that your application only includes customers, not Leads or Vendors (Suppliers).

```
oRecordSet =
oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.BoRecordset)
oBusinessPartner =
oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oBusinessPartners)
oRecordSet.DoQuery("Select CardCode from OCRD where CardType = 'C'")
oBusinessPartner.Browser.Recordset = oRecordSet
```

5-3-1 Add the code to all four of the buttons so that the user can navigate backwards and forward through the customers.

For example to move First use the following code. It needs to be changed slightly for the other 3 actions.

```
If oBusinessPartner.Browser.BoF = False Then
oBusinessPartner.Browser.MoveFirst()
FillField()
End If
```

- 5-4 Test your changes. Be sure to include the following scenarios:
 - 5-4-1 Click the "First Record" button (), then click it again. Try the same thing with the "Last Record" button ().
 - 5-4-2 Click the "First Record" button (), then click the "Previous Record" button ().
 - 5-4-3 Click the "Last Record" button (), then click the "Next Record" button ().
 - 5-4-4 If any of these scenarios raises an error, add code that will fix the error. Then test the application again.

A similar exercise can be found in the SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM DI/1.BasicOperations

Solutions



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Meta Data

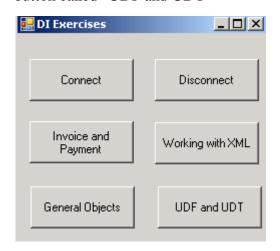
At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:





Create user-fields and user-tables in the SAP Business One database.

- Use the UserTableMD Object to create User Tables
- Use the UserFieldMD Object to create User Fields
- 6-1 As a first small exercise add a User-Defined Field to the item table (OITM) through DI API. On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "UDF and UDT"



6-1-1 Use namespace "TB1_" as a prefix...

```
Dim oUDF As SAPbobsCOM.UserFieldsMD
oUDF = oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oUserFields)
oUDF.TableName = "OITM"
oUDF.Name = "TB1_Course"
oUDF.Description = "Course UDF"
oUDF.Type = SAPbobsCOM.BoFieldTypes.db_Alpha
oUDF.EditSize = 20

retVal = oUDF.Add
If retVal <> 0 Then
oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
```

```
MsgBox("Error" & retVal & "" & retStr)

Else
    MsgBox("UDF Added")

End If

oUDF = Nothing
```

6-2 Add a User-Defined Table (use namespace "TB1_" as a prefix...), but do not add any fields to the table yet.

```
Dim oUsrTble As SAPbobsCOM.UserTablesMD
oUsrTble = oCompany.GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oUserTables)

oUsrTble.TableName = "TB1_DVD"
oUsrTble.TableDescription = "DVD Management"
retVal = oUsrTble.Add

If retVal <> 0 Then
oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
MsgBox("Error" & retVal & "" & retStr)

Else
MsgBox("UDT Added")

End If
oUsrTble = Nothing
```

- 6-3 Test your application by opening the "Manage User Fields" window in SAP Business One. Check to see that the table was added.
- 6-4 Remove the User-Defined Table (in the SAP Business One application) you just created before. Enhance your application with the capability to remove the User-Defined Table through DI API and then test your application to see that you can also add and delete the User-Defined Table in SAP Business One.

```
If oUsrTble.GetByKey("TB1_DVD") = True Then
retVal = oUsrTble.Remove
End If

If retVal <> 0 Then
oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
MsgBox("Error" & retVal & "" & retStr)
Else
MsgBox("UDT Removed")
End If
```

6-5 Add the following User-Defined Fields to your new User-Defined Table:

Aisle Number – Indicates in which aisle the movie is stored.

Field Name: AISLE

Field Description: Aisle Number

Field Type: db_Numeric

Field EditSize: 2

Section – Indicates the section the movie is store in the aisle.

Field Name: SECTION

Field Description: Section Number

Field Type: db_Alpha
Field EditSize: 20

Rented – Indicates weather the movie is rented or not.

Holds 2 "valid values": Y/N.

Field Name: RENTED

Field Description: Rented/Available

Field Type: db_Alpha

Field EditSize: 1

CardCode – In case the movie is "Rented"

This field will hold the CardCode of the customer who

rented it otherwise it will be empty.

Field Name: CARDCODE Field Description: Card Code

Field Type: db_Alpha Field EditSize: 20

Same process as adding a user defined field to a System table except we use the correct notation for a User Defined Table i.e. using @

oUDF.TableName = "@TB1_DVD"

6-6 Test your application and make sure all your fields were added successfully.

6-7 Write data into the User-Defined Table.

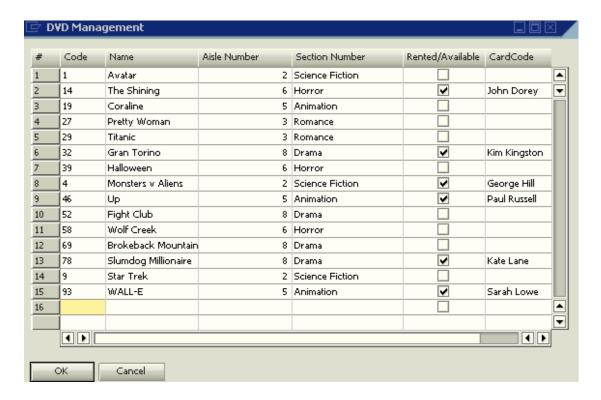
6-7-1 Add about 15 records to your new User-Defined Table.

```
Dim oUserTable As SAPbobsCOM.UserTable
oUserTable = oCompany.UserTables.Item("TB1_DVD")
oUserTable.Code = "I"
oUserTable.Name = "Avatar"
oUserTable.UserFields.Fields.Item("U_AISLE").Value = "2"
oUserTable.UserFields.Fields.Item("U_SECTION").Value = "Science Fiction"
oUserTable.UserFields.Fields.Item("U_RENTED").Value = "N"

retVal = oUserTable.Add
If retVal <> 0 Then
oCompany.GetLastError(retVal, retStr)
MsgBox("Error " & retVal & " " & retStr)

Else
MsgBox("Record Added")
End If
oUserTable = Nothing
```

6-7-2 Your User-Defined Table could look like this:



A similar solution can be found in the SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), ...\COM UI DI\VB.NET\UIDIBasicApp\CreateUserTables

Solution to Optional Exercise



Unit: Data Interface API

Topic: Services



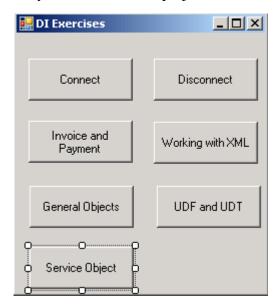
At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Work with Service Type objects



Use CompanyService to change the backgound color of forms for a particular company...

7-1 On your Visual Studio project create a new button called "Service Object"



- 7-2 Get CompanyServices object.
- 7-3 Get structure which reflects information in table OADM.
- 7-4 Set the background color to purple.

7-5 Call the method which updates the information in the SAP Business One database. See the effect in the SAP Business One application

```
Dim oCompanyService As SAPbobsCOM.CompanyService
Dim oCompanyInfo As SAPbobsCOM.CompanyInfo
Dim oCompanyAdminInfo As SAPbobsCOM.AdminInfo

oCompanyService = oCompany.GetCompanyService
oCompanyAdminInfo = oCompanyService.GetAdminInfo
oCompanyAdminInfo.CompanyColor = 3

oCompanyService.UpdateAdminInfo(oCompanyAdminInfo)
```

A solution (+ more sample code around services) can be found in the SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information),

COM DI/11.Basic Company Settings

User Defined Objects (UDOs)



Contents:

- SAP Business One Objects
- Explain why UDOs may make sense
- Implementing UDOs step-by-step
- Use DI API's GeneralService to maintain UDO data

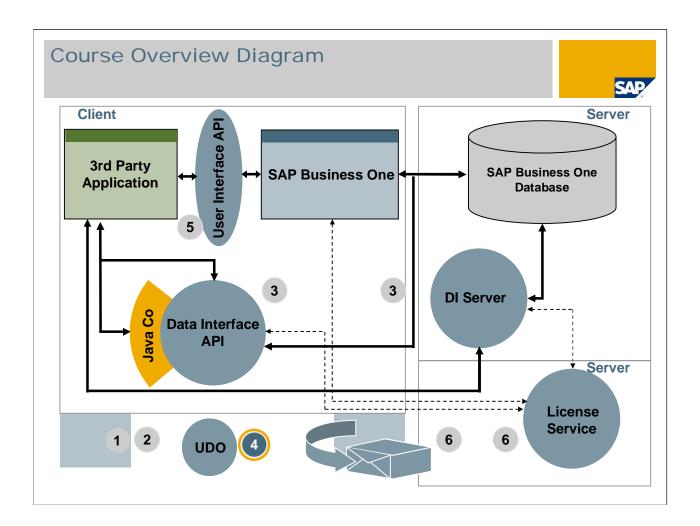
User Defined Objects: Unit Objectives





At the conclusion of this unit, you will be able to:

- Describe the SAP Business One Objects
- Why UDOs may make sense
- Implement UDOs step-by-step
- Use UDOs within an Add-on



- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API (short look on JCo + DI Server)
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- 5 The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing

User Defined Objects: Topic Objectives





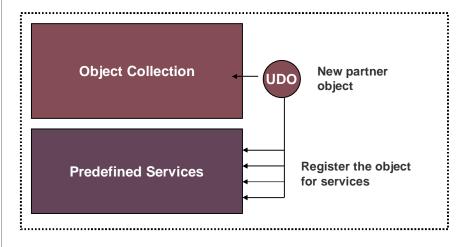
At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain the architecture of UDOs
- Describe available services that reduce development efforts

User-Defined Business Objects - Benefits



- User-Defined Business Objects will be added to the SAP Business One application objects collection.
- User-Defined Business Objects come with a set of basic functionalities (named "services") which are common for any Business Object in SAP Business One.



- May be a very good solution to add new business logic to the SAP Business One application.
- Fast way to develop Add-ons since a major part of the implementation is provided automatically.
- Fast way to develop any Add-On working with data from User-Defined Tables with database format used for UI.

Object Types



SBO application supports 2 main types of objects:

- Master Data Objects e.g. Business Partner
- Documents e.g. Sales Order

The Document object supports methods that are not implemented in Master Data objects like:

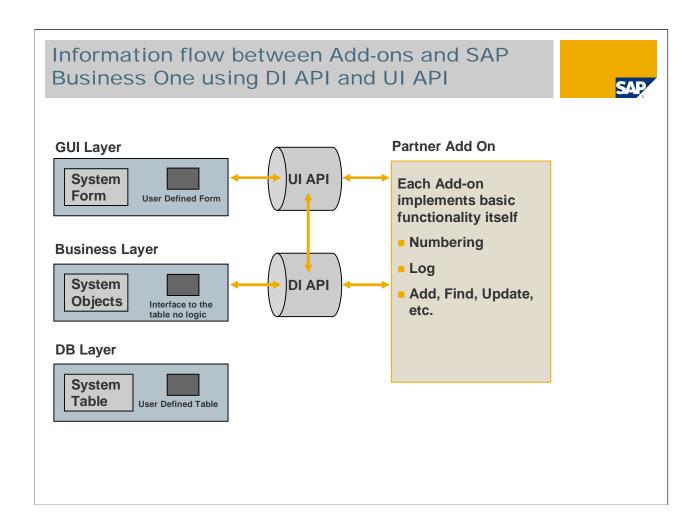
- Document numbering (Serial Numbers)
- Close

Predefined Services for Business Objects

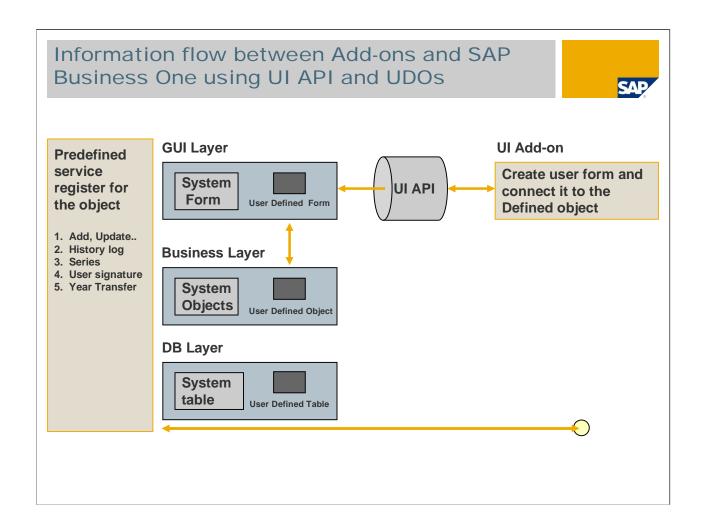


Service	Description
Add	Add a new record of the object to the DB.
Update	Update the fields of the object in the DB.
Find	Supports "Choose From List" for the object.
Close	Only relevant for "Document Data" type User-Defined Objects
Cancel	Only changes the record's status to "Cancel = Y".
Delete	Master Data – deleting record, Doc – no effect.
Manage Series	Relevant to document objects. Adding the object to the Document Numbering form and managing the series for that object
History	Creates a log table for the object and saves its history.
Default Form	Creates a default form for the object which manages all the services.
Year Transfer	Copying the tables and the records in the Year Transfer operation (only released for the Netherlands and Israel).

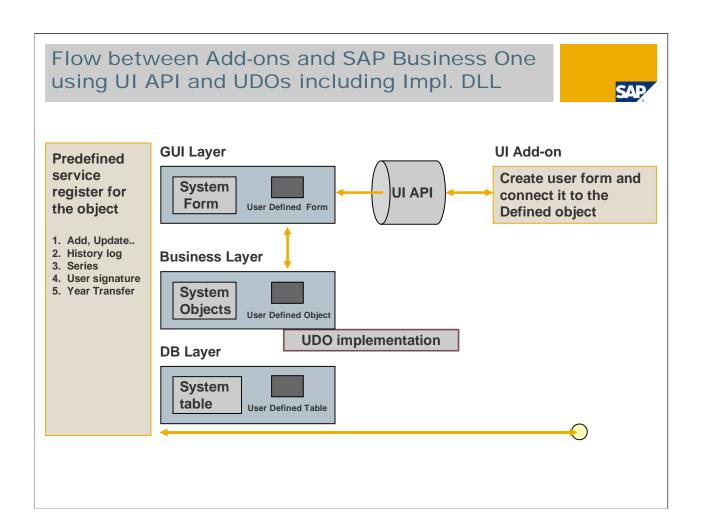
■ The above are SAP Business One services available for partners new object.



■ In the current situation the partner usually needs to implement the connection between the DI and the UI API.



■ After running the UDO wizard your object is registered to SAP Business One services.



User Defined Objects: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain the architecture of UDOs
- Describe available services that reduce development efforts

■ Connecting has already been practiced in the introduction unit...

User Defined Objects: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Implement UDOs step-by-step
- Use DI API's GeneralService to maintain UDO data

User Defined Object Implementation Steps



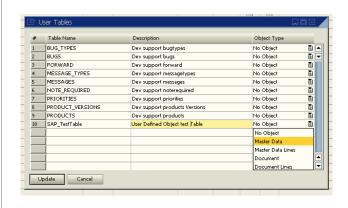
- 1) Define Base Table:
 - Create User Table/s with User Fields that will hold the data for your new business object.
- 2) Register the required services for your new business object.
 - Create a UI Form (Optional)
- 3) Object Implementation (Optional):
 - Implement base class methods that need to be extended by the object.

- You can go through "Order Meal" sample provided with the UDO documentation.
- Choose from the UDO documentation:
- SAP Business One User Defined Object → Samples → Document Type Sample Meal Ordering Object → Stage...

Define Base Tables



- Create User Table/s with User Fields that will hold the data for your new business object.
 - Use SAP Business One application (Tools→ User Defined Fields → Manage User Fields → User Tables)
 - Use the DI API Metadata object (UserTablesMD and UserFleIdsMD)
- Do not forget to choose the suitable object type.

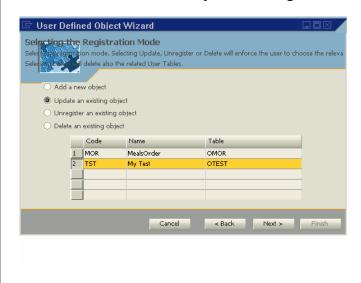


UDO Registration - Using the Wizard (Step 1)



- The registration wizard helps you to register your User Defined Objects.
- The registration is per company.
- Choose from SAP Business One menu:

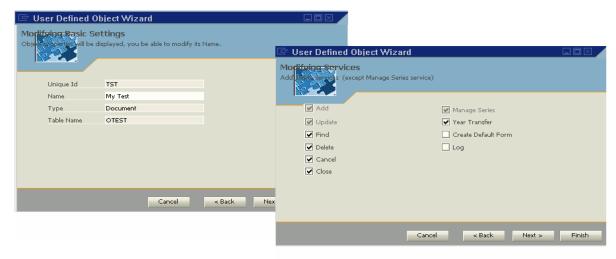
Tools → User Defined objects → Registration Wizard



- Add a new object: Inserts a new User Defined Object
- Update an existing object: Updates an existing object
- Unregister an existing object: Removes the Object registration (OUDO)
- Delete an existing object: Removes the Object registration and clears the object's tables.

UDO Registration Steps 2 - Basic Settings and 3 - Services





Set A Unique ID for your object

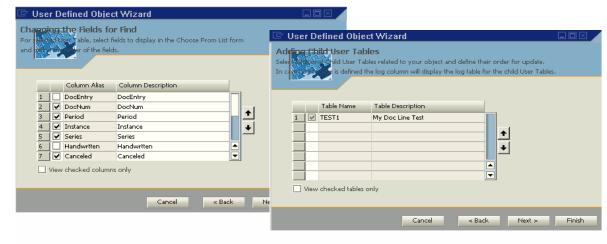
- (use namespace)
- Set the object type
- Set the Header/Parent table

Register for services.

Add and Update are the basic services and cannot be deselected.

UDO Registration Steps 4 – Fields for "Find" and 5 – select child/son tables





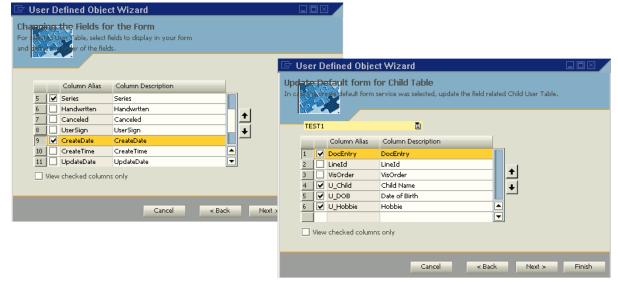
If the Find service was selected:

 Select the fields from the parent table to be displayed in the find form. Select the Child tables of the object.

Only suitable tables are displayed in the list.

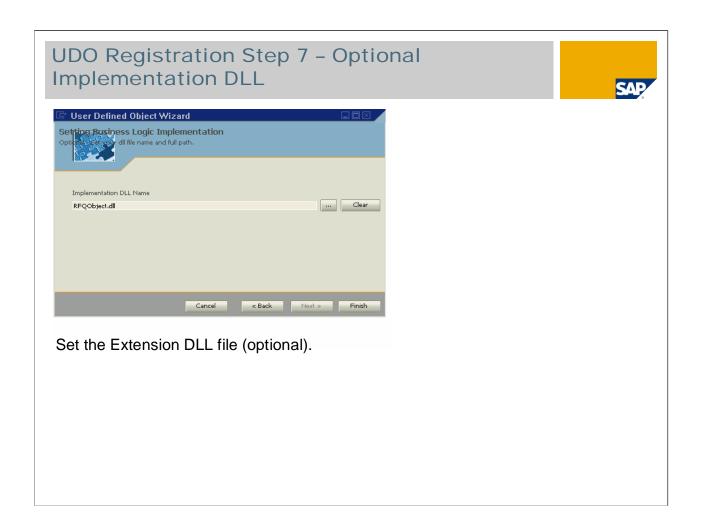
UDO Registration Step 6 - Optionally define "Default Form"





If the Default Form service was checked:

- Select fields from parent table to be displayed in the default form.
- Select fields from one child table.



■ Please refer to slide number 21 for further information about the extension DLL.

UDO Default Form



The UDO wizard provides the option to create a default UI Form.

- Use this option in case:
- You need to test on your object.
- You need a quick solution.

Load your UI form:

Tools → Default Forms → Your form

Limitation:

Only 1 child table supported.

How to define a UDO through DI API?



■ Use the new interface for creating a form

How to define a UDO through DI API? (continued)



Dim c_Yes As SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum = BoYesNoEnum.tYES

'Configure Services

oUserObjectMD.CanCancel = c_Yes oUserObjectMD.CanClose = c_Yes

oUserObjectMD.CanCreateDefaultForm = c_Yes ' Need to specify columns

oUserObjectMD.CanDelete = c_Yes

oUserObjectMD.CanFind= c_Yes 'Need to specify columnsoUserObjectMD.CanLog= SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tNOoUserObjectMD.CanYearTransfer= SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tNO

oUserObjectMD.ManageSeries = c_Yes

'Columns added in the ChooseFromList form, repeat this 3 lines for each column

oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "Code" oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnDescription = "Code"

' ... add Columns for Default Form in the same way ... oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()

oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "U_MyName"

oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnDescription = "My Name,"

' Add the UDO

IRetCode = oUserObjectMD.Add()

UDO Implementation DLL (I) (optional)



You are able to overwrite the implementation for your object

- In case you want to add actions to the default behavior.
- In case you want to replace the default behavior.

Important:

- You must implement in C++.
- You can only register one DLL per UDO.
- Pay attention to the namespaces to avoid conflicts
- When a user activates a UDO, the SAP Business One application loads the DLL in memory.
- ...find a description how to implement such a DLL file step-by-step in the notes below...

- Steps to writing you own object's business logic unit:
- Write a class that inherits from CSBOBusinessObject.
- Export CreateObject function (dll entry point).
- Implement Destroy and Close functions (pure virtual).
- Overwrite any desired virtual function.
- Call the base class functions to get the default behavior.
- Use the interface functions to do your work.
- Register the dll in the registration wizard.

UDO Implementation DLL (II) (optional)



Write a C++ Class inheriting from CSboBusinessObject and redefine the virtual pure methods Clone and Destroy.

- Include the header files:
 - SboBusinessObject.h Defines CSboBusinessObject, base Class for SBO objects.
 - SboDataAccessGate.h Defines CSboDataAccessGate, BD interface.
 - SboCondition.h Elements for query conditions.
 - SBO_Types.h
 - __SBOERR.h Application errors definition.
 - _AppObjects.h List of SBO objects id's.

DI General Service - Methods

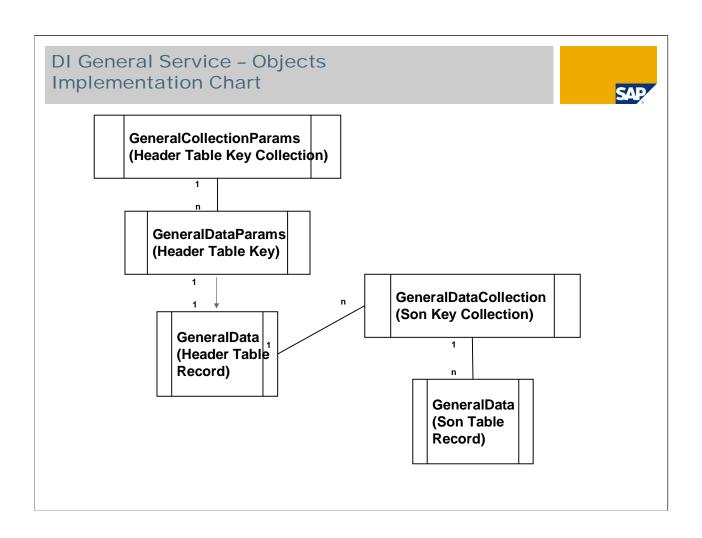


- The new interface includes the *GeneralService* and a set of 4 supporting objects
- One interface is good for all UDOs (Master Data and Document)
- The new interface provides access to UDO data:
 - Add records
 - Find records
 - Delete records
 - Cancel / Close document
 - Invoke partner method (to invoke a custom method written in an implementation DLL for your UDO)
 - GetDataInterfaceFromXMLFile / GetDataInterfaceFromXMLString (creates object from XML file or string)
 - Get/Set property for Getting and Setting table field values (for most fields that are auto generated, only Get is implemented)

DI General Service - Objects



- General Data Represents a single row in a database table of a UDO, or in a child table of the UDO
- GeneralDataParams Holds the keys to rows in database tables linked to a UDO data. This object is used to pass keys to and from GeneralService methods
- GeneralCollectionParams A collection of GeneralDataParams objects
- GeneralDataCollection A collection of GeneralData objects, each of which represents a row in a child user table for a specific row of the main table of a UDO
- <u>InvokeParams</u> Holds a single, string value. This object is used to pass a parameter to or receive a return value from the Invoke method of the GeneralService service.



DI General Service - Code Sample Add Document



```
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService oDocGeneralService;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData oDocGeneralData;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataCollection oDocLinesCollection;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData oDocLineGeneralData;
// Retrieve the relevant service
oDocGeneralService = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService)oCompService.GetGeneralService("MyDocUDO");
// Point to the Header of the Doc UDO
oDocGeneralData = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData)oDocGeneralService.GetDataInterface
                                 (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralServiceDataInterfaces.gsGeneralData);
// Insert values to the Header properties
oDocGeneralData.SetProperty("U_CustCode", "2");
oDocGeneralData.SetProperty("U_CustName", "Customer2");
// Insert Values to the Lines properties
oDocLinesCollection = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataCollection)oDocGeneralData.Child("SAP_DOCL");
// Line
oDocLineGeneralData = oDocLinesCollection.Add();
oDocLineGeneralData. SetProperty ("U\_ltemCode", "Item1");\\
oDocLineGeneralData.SetProperty("U_Quantity", "1");
// Add - Doc UDO Header and Line Data to DB
oDocGeneralService.Add(oDocGeneralData);
```

■ Sample is for Document UDO type, Master Data is quite similar

DI General Service - Code Sample Update Document



```
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService oDocGeneralService;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData oDocGeneralData;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataCollection oDocLinesCollection;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData oDocLineGeneralData;
SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataParams oGenralParameter;
// Retrieve the relevant service
oDocGeneralService = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService)oCompService.GetGeneralService("MyDocUDO");
// Get by key - header record
oGenralParameter = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataParams)oDocGeneralService.GetDataInterface (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralServiceDataInterfaces.gsGeneralDataParams);
oGenralParameter.SetProperty("DocEntry", "1");
oDocGeneralData = oDocGeneralService.GetByParams(oGenralParameter);
// Update - Add Lines to the child tables, Insert Values to the Lines properties
oDocLinesCollection = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataCollection)oDocGeneralData.Child("SAP_DOCL");
// Add Line
oDocLineGeneralData = oDocLinesCollection.Add();
                                                                          // Update DocTotal in the header
                                                                          oDocGeneralData.SetProperty("U_DocTotal",
oDocLineGeneralData.SetProperty("U_ItemCode", "Item2");
oDocLineGeneralData. Set Property ("U\_Quantity", "2");\\
                                                                          // Update the MD UDO
                                                                          oDocGeneralService.Update(oDocGeneralData);
```

DI General Service - Code Sample Delete Document



SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService oDocGeneralService;

SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData oDocGeneralData;

SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataParams oGenralParameter;

// Retrieve the relevant service

oDocGeneralService = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService)oCompService. GetGeneralService("MyDocUDO");

// Get by key - header record

oGenralParameter =

(SAPbobsCOM.GeneralDataParams)oDocGeneralService.GetDataInterface(SAPbobsCOM.GeneralServiceDataInterfaces.gsGeneralDataParams);

oGenralParameter.SetProperty("DocEntry", "3");

// Delete whole record (Header and Lines)

oDocGeneralService.Delete(oGenralParameter);

■ Similar code for Cancel and Close (which are relevant for document object type only!)

DI General Service - Code Sample GetList



SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService oDocGeneralService;

SAPbobsCOM.GeneralCollectionParams oDocsCollectionParams; //List

// Retrieve the relevant service

oDocGeneralService = (SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService)oCompService.GetGeneralService("MyDocUDO");

// Get the List

oDocsCollectionParams = oDocGeneralService.GetList();

oDocsCollectionParams.ToXMLFile(System.AppDomain.CurrentDomain.BaseDirectory + "\DocList.xml");

MessageBox.Show("There are " + oDocsCollectionParams.Count + " documents");

DI General Service - Code Samples



Refer to the blog:

Simple Sample Blog (Accessing UDO in DI API):

https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/weblogs?blog=/pub/wlg/13009

How to use UDO services in DI Server:

 $\underline{http://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/weblogs?blog=/pub/wlg/17725}$

Code sample can be downloaded via a link provided in the blog

UDOs in UI API



Features related to UI API are going to be discussed in the UI API unit.

User Defined Objects: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Implement UDOs step-by-step
- Use DI API's GeneralService to maintain UDO data

■ Connecting has already been practiced in the introduction unit...

User Defined Objects: Unit Summary





You should now be able to:

- Describe SAP Business One Objects
- Why UDOs may make sense
- Implementing UDOs step-by-step
- Use DI API's GeneralService to maintain UDO data

Exercises



Unit: User Defined Object

Topic: Basics



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

- Add a User Defined Table of type UDO
- Register your UDO
- Fill your UDO with data



1-1 Define the User defined table

1-1-1 Take the table you defined in the DI Exercises (Exercise 6)
TB1_DVD and define it a user defined object type Master Data.
You can do this via the SAP Business One application or via the DI API as highlighted in the DI Exercises.



You will first need to delete the user table created previously and recreate it as a User Defined Object. If you wish to keep the data you can first export it to excel and re-enter it in after again.

1-1-2 Define the user defined fields again for this table (from DI exercises)

1-2 Register the UDO



This can be done via the SAP Business One Objects Registration Wizard or via the DI API

UDO Code: TB1_DVDAvail

UDO Name: TB1_DVDAvailability

Select services Cancel, Delete and Find

Find columns Code, Name, U_Section, U_Aisle, U_Rented, U_CardCode

1-3 Enter data into the UDO using the General Service

Solutions



Unit: User Defined Object

Topic: Basics

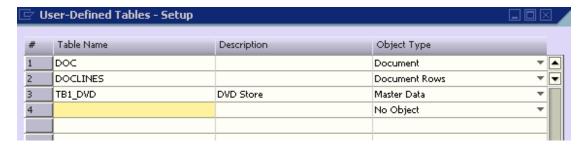


At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

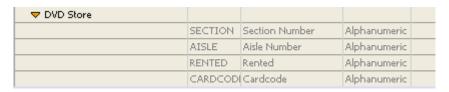
- Add a User Defined Table of type UDO
- Register your UDO
- Fill your UDO with data



- 1-1 Define the User defined table
 - 1-1-1 Take the table you defined in the DI Exercises (Exercise 6)
 TB1_DVD and define it a user defined object type Master Data.
 You can do this via the SAP Business One application or via the DI API as highlighted in the DI Exercises.



1-1-2 Define the user defined fields again for this table (from DI exercises)



1-2 Register the UDO

```
Dim oUserObjectMD As SAPbobsCOM.UserObjectsMD
oUserObjectMD =
oCompany. GetBusinessObject(SAPbobsCOM. BoObjectTypes. oUserObjectsMD)
oUserObjectMD.Code = "TB1_DVDAvail"
oUserObjectMD.Name = "DVDAvailability"
oUserObjectMD.ObjectType = SAPbobsCOM.BoUDOObjType.boud\_MasterData
oUserObjectMD.TableName = "TB1_DVD"
oUserObjectMD.CanCancel = SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tYES
oUserObjectMD.CanClose = SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tYES
oUserObjectMD.CanDelete = SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tYES
oUserObjectMD.CanFind = SAPbobsCOM.BoYesNoEnum.tYES
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "Code"
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "Name"
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "U\_SECTION"
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "U AISLE"
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "U_RENTED"
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.Add()
oUserObjectMD.FindColumns.ColumnAlias = "U_CARDCODE"
retVal = oUserObjectMD.Add()
```

1-3 Enter data into the UDO using the General Service

```
Dim oGeneralService As SAPbobsCOM.GeneralService
Dim oCompanyService As SAPbobsCOM.CompanyService
Dim oGeneralData As SAPbobsCOM.GeneralData

oCompanyService = oCompany.GetCompanyService
oGeneralService = oCompanyService.GetGeneralService("TB1_DVDAvail")

oGeneralData =
oGeneralService.GetDataInterface(SAPbobsCOM.GeneralServiceDataInterfaces.gsGene
ralData)
oGeneralData.SetProperty("Code", "32")
oGeneralData.SetProperty("Name", "Gran Torino")
oGeneralData.SetProperty("U_SECTION", "Drama")
oGeneralData.SetProperty("U_AISLE", "8")
oGeneralData.SetProperty("U_RENTED", "Y")
oGeneralData.SetProperty("U_CARDCODE", "Kim Kingston")
```

The User Interface API



Contents:

- API overview
- Establishing a connection to the user interface
- Working with system forms
- Creating and working with custom forms
- Menus
- Event handling

The User Interface API: Unit Objectives



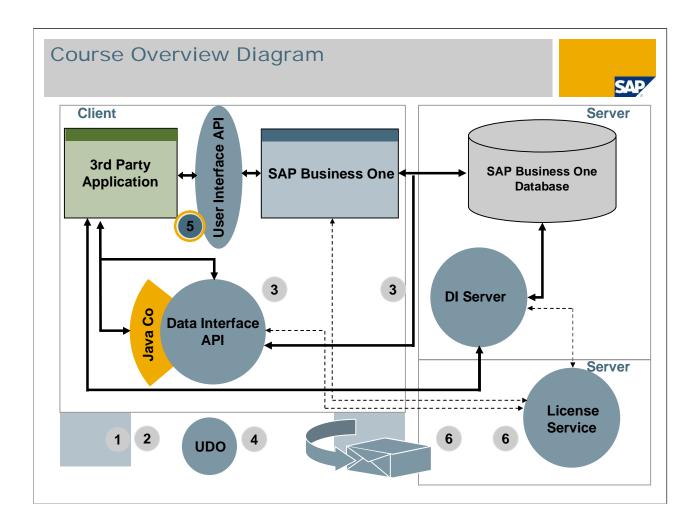


At the conclusion of this unit, you will be able to:

- Explain what the User Interface API is
- Explain how to establish a connection to a running SAP Business One application
- Explain how the API interacts with the SAP Business One client
- Add menu entries
- Work with existing SAP Business One forms
- Create forms and integrate them into SAP Business One GUI

Steps:

- General introduction
- Connecting to User Interface API (UI API)
- Implementing functionality required to ensure seamless integration (events, menus etc)
- Modifying existing forms (how and when)
- Developing and connecting own forms
- ...how to connect own forms to data from the database



- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API (brief look at JCo + DI Server)
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- 5 The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing

The User Interface API: Business Example





You want to:

- Perform additional checks in SAP Business One
- Enhance SAP Business One by seamlessly integrating additional functionality

UI API Introduction: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

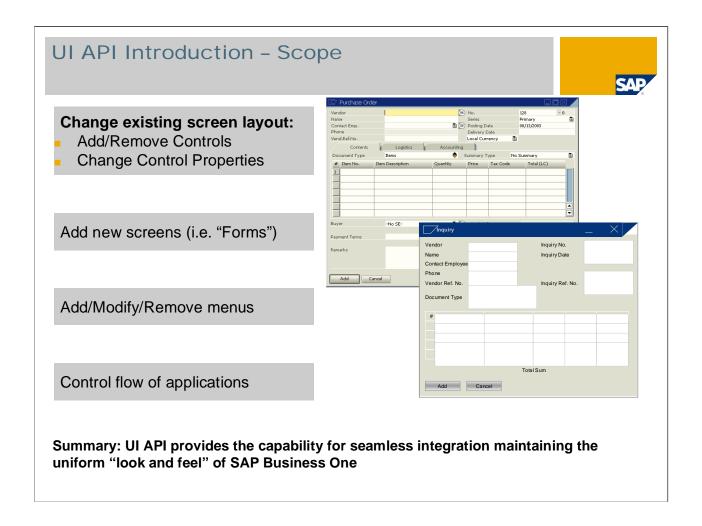
UI API Introduction: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to explain:

- How User Interface API works
- How to connect to the SAP Business One application through UI API



- The UI API exposes user interface elements of the SAP Business One front-end:
 - Respond to internal events in the SAP Business One client application
 - · Add or modify menus
 - Add new forms
 - Modify existing forms
 - Get or set values on a form
- By using the event mechanism a 3rd party application can react to user interactions with the SAP Business One application.

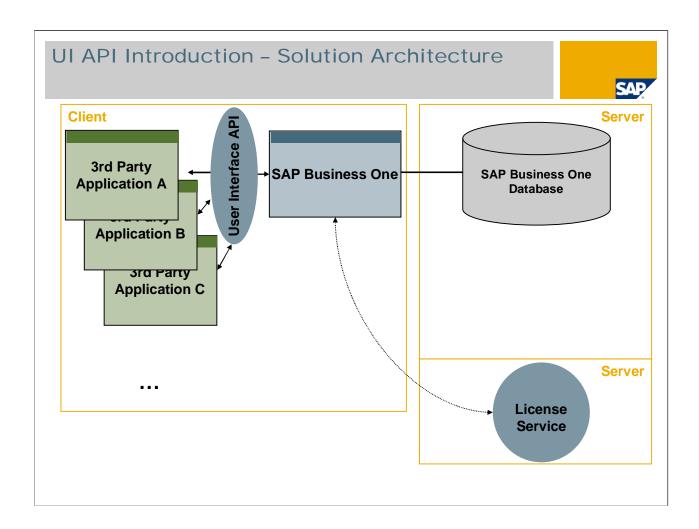
UI API Introduction - Characteristics



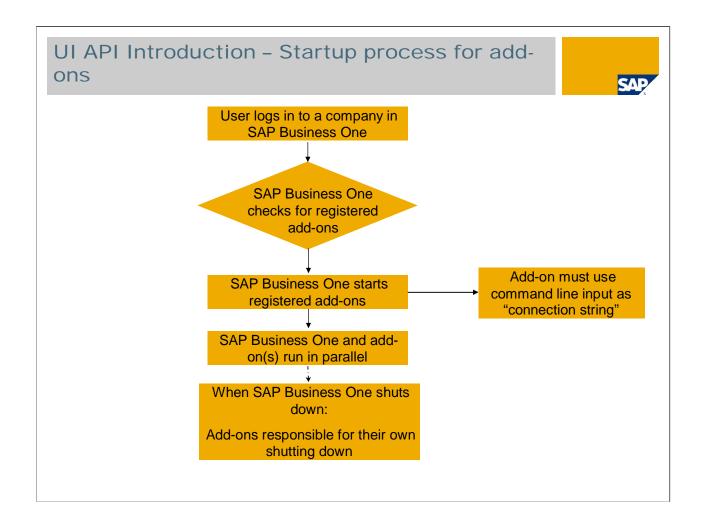
- DCOM executable running on the client machine 1 instance per Windows session
- Connected to all instances of the SAP Business One application
- Gives access to user interface elements within the SAP Business One application via a COM interface
- Sends events (usually originating) from SAP Business One GUI elements (items) to your event sink / event handler



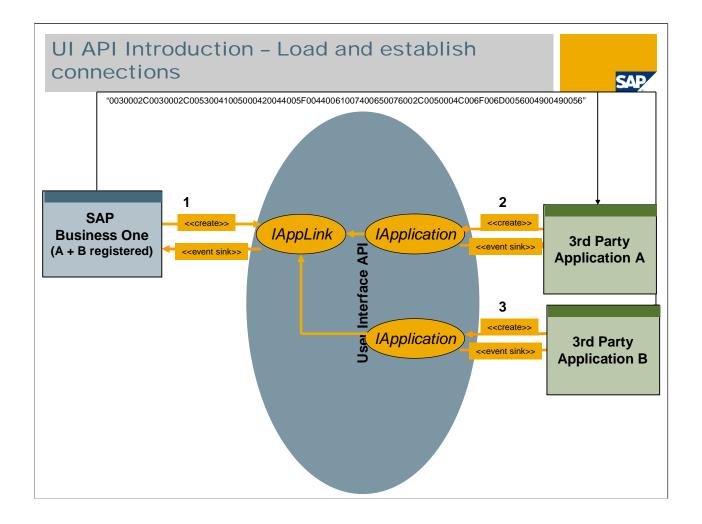
- Enables add-on executables to customize or extend the SAP Business One client application
- Relatively low-level most large-scale/complex changes require significant programming effort



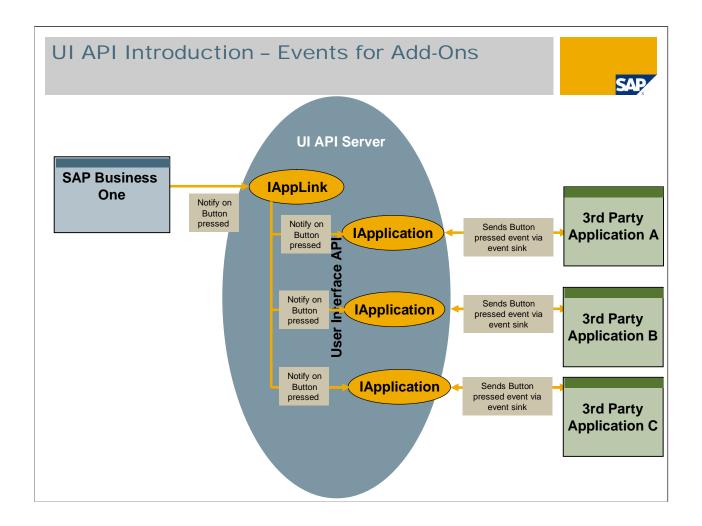
- Multiple add-ons (from several vendors) may be used alongside the SAP Business One application to provide a complete solution
- 3rd party applications can modify SAP Business One GUI through UI API
- 3rd party applications can get events from SAP Business One through UI API to react to user interaction



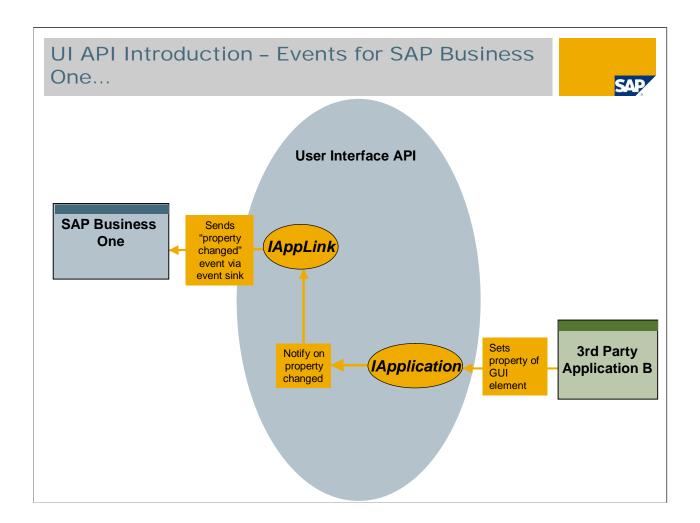
- UI API add-ons are launched by SAP Business One and then have to connect to the UI API within a timeout limit of approx. 10 seconds.
- "SAP Business One checks for registered add-ons"
 - Add-On Administration settings control which add-ons are started for a user Refer to the "Add-On Packaging, Administration & Licensing" unit



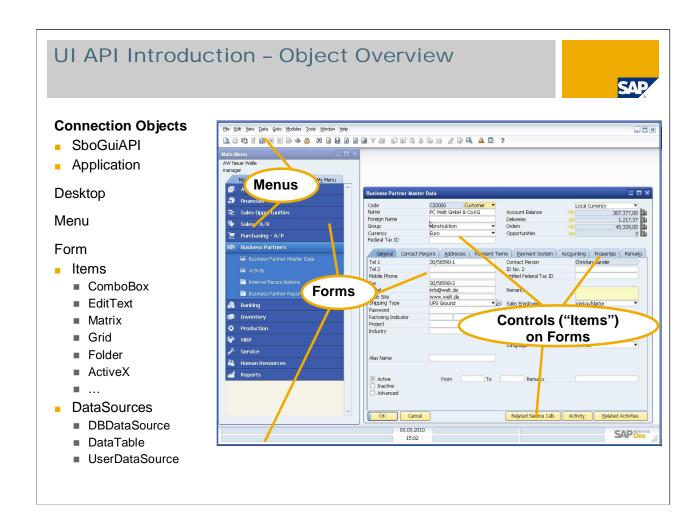
- When SAP Business One is launched, it starts the UI API and connects with it before any add-ons are started
- If add-ons are registered to start within a user session:
 - 1. SAP Business One links to the UI API and establishes an event-sink for them
 - 2. SAP Business One starts 3rd party application A and passes a command line parameter to it
 - 2.a 3rd party application A creates an Application object that has a counterpart in the UI API
 - 2.b 3rd party application A provides an event sink for events to be fired from the Application object on the UI API side
 - 2.c The UI API application object registers itself in the IAppLink object for bidirectional communication
 - 3. The same set of steps is repeated for 3rd party application B



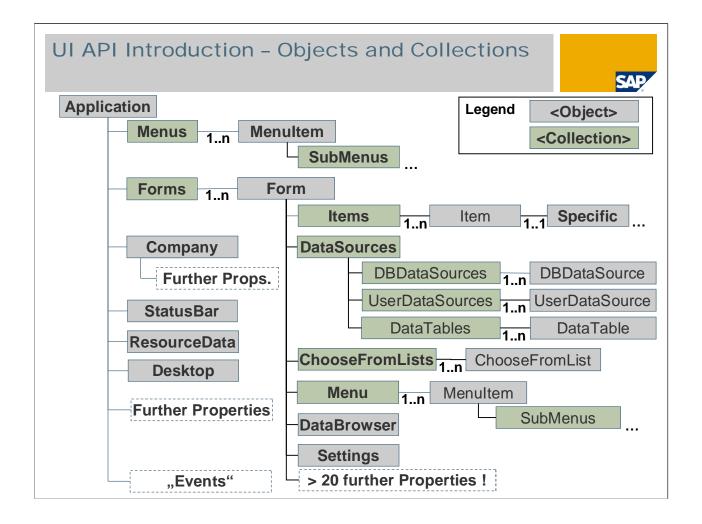
- SAP Business One starts add-on applications registered for automatic start-up in the order determined by the system administrator (see section "Creating a package")
- The add-ons establish connections to the UI API and register event sinks
- When an event occurs in SAP Business One UI, it is passed to add-ons which created event sinks for such events, one at a time



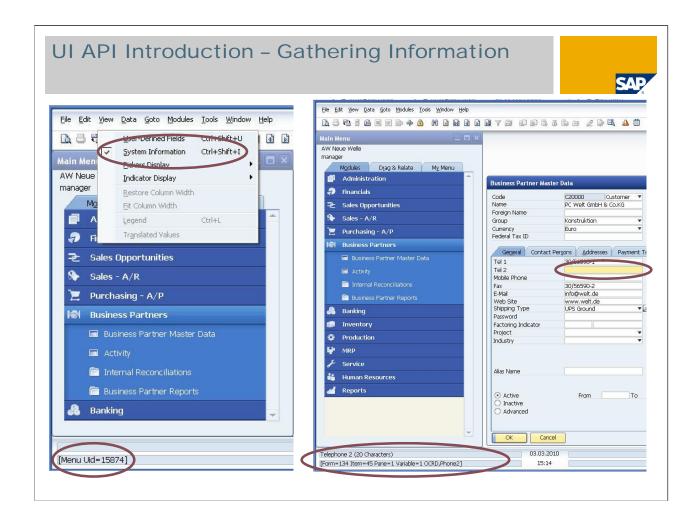
- Every add-on action is reflected in the SAP Business One application via the UI API
- The same mechanism is used in the other direction, from the SAP Business One application to add-ons



- The User Interface API (UI API) is a collection of COM objects that provide access to:
 - forms
 - controls within these forms
 - menus
- Note: The "Main Menu" and the status bar are forms as well



- The Application object (reflecting the IApplication interface on the UI API DCOM server side) provides access to forms, controls within forms, menus and the main window (desktop)
- "Forms" and "Menus" are collections accessible via the Application object.
 - "Menus" holds a snapshot of the menu items currently available both visible and not visible)
 - "Forms" holds the collection of the currently available forms both visible and not visible.
 - It is not possible to explicitly display a new instance of a specific type of system form, e.g. Sales
 Quotation. New system forms can be instantiated indirectly, for example by activating the
 corresponding menu item
- "Form" object is a representation of a form, both system and user-defined
 - "Item" object represents a window control contents, position, size, visibility and other attributes can be modified
 - "DataSources" collection objects which hold data for form items, designed to provide efficient data handling separately from UI presentation
- Desktop object/property use it to change e.g. the background image



- You can view technical information related to forms, items (controls), and corresponding database tables/fields by selecting View > System Information and mouse over the items(controls) in question.
- The information is shown in the lower left corner of the screen:
 - Form Type (string, but appears as a number for system forms)
 - Item UID (string, but appears as a number for system items)
 - Pane current layer linking items with folders (tabs) see later in this unit
 - · Database table name
 - Database field name
 - Menu item unique id

■ Note:

- Database details are not available for items which display information that is:
- · Calculated within the user interface
- Sourced from more than one database field for example amounts combine the float value with the currency code, e.g. "EUR 7.59". The information in the status bar will contain a "variable" ID.
- The information displayed relates to the position of the mouse pointer, not necessarily the item which currently has input focus

UI API Introduction - Events reflected in UI API



Mandatory:

AppEvent: Event fired when: Application is shut down, Add-on is stopped via "Add-On Manager", Company is changed. Ul language is changed

Important / Frequently used:

ItemEvent: Specific events that occur on forms or items (Click on button, form loading...) **FormDataEvent:** Fired when a form with a linked business object loads/saves/removes data

MenuEvent: A click on a sub-menu item in the application

Supplementary (discussed later):

RightClickEvent: Fired before + after context / right-click menu comes up

PrintEvent: Occurs during any kind of "print" (i.e. print, preview + adding attachment)

ReportDataEvent: Follows PrintEvent and allows capture of print data

StatusBarEvent: Occurs when a message is displayed in the application's status bar **ProgressBarEvent:** Occurs when a progress bar is created, stopped or released

Except for AppEvent and StatusBarEvent, UI API usually notifies event handlers twice:

BeforeAction = True Before

SAP Business One (and other add-ons) handle the event.. Gives you the option to block a particular event

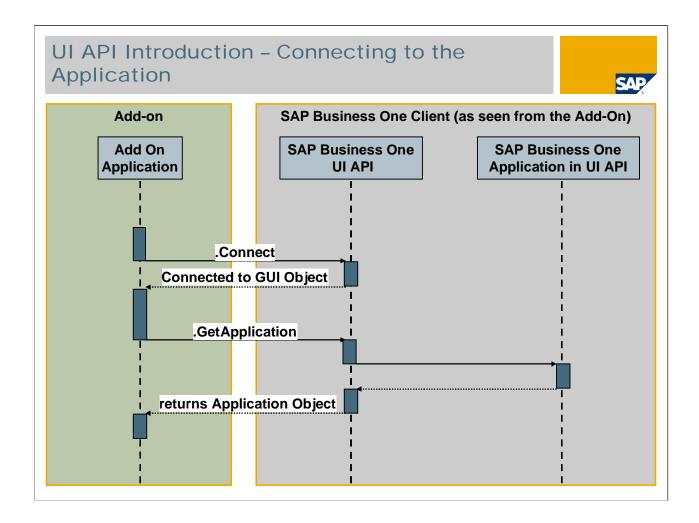
BeforeAction = False After

SAP Business One (and other add-ons) have handled the event

- Most UI API code is event driven. Events are usually fired in response to user actions within the SAP Business One application.
- AppEvent, ProgressBarEvent + StatusBarEvent will always be forwarded to add-ons, i.e. they cannot be filtered out.
- Other types of events can be filtered (ItemEvent) or must be added to the (ItemEvent) event filter (click on menu).

■ Note:

- It is the developer's responsibility to make sure that their code will handle each application event successfully
- AppEvent events must be processed by your application. Refer to the Standards & Guidelines document for more information



- Your application connects to the SAP Business One client through the SboGuiApi object using the Connect method
- If a connection has been established, the GetApplication method of the SboGuiApi object grants access to an application instance, which must be used to access the application's containers (for example, menus or forms) for event manipulation and for property settings
- The user interface can be accessed using the objects that exist within User Interface API objects
- Using the connection string supplied by the SAP Business One application as a command line parameter for Connect() makes sure that the add-on gets connected to the correct instance of the SAP Business One application

UI API Introduction - Connecting to UI API



Object(s):

SboGuiApi

Methods:

+Connect(...)

+GetApplication(...)

Properties:

AddOnIdentifier...

Private WithEvents SBO_Application As SAPbouiCOM.Application

Private Sub Logon()

'Declare a **new** instance of the SboGuiApi object which represents the UI API app... '...which only runs once on each client system...

Dim oSboGuiApi As New SAPbouiCOM. SboGuiApi Dim sConnStr As String

'Get the connection string – as a commandline parameter...
'Use the "Debug" connection string to launch the Add-On from development env....
sConnStr = Envi ronment. GetCommandLi neArgs. GetVal ue(1)

'Set the AddOn identifier (optional) - some long string with numbers 'oSboGui Api . AddOnI denti fi er = <j ust a pl acehol der>

'Connect to UI API oSboGui Api . Connect (sConnStr)

'Get the Application object / interface – the **only** object you need from here: '... there's an opt. parameter that identifies the SAP B1 instance; only for "Debug" $SBO_Application = oSboGuiApi. GetApplication()$

'After we got the Application object we don't need this anymore.

oSboGui Api = Nothi ng
End Sub

- In VB.NET, the SBO_Application object has to be declared with the WithEvents modifier for it to support event handling
- The connection to the UI API requires:
- Connection String
 - Development mode supplied by SAP; preferrably use in MS Visual Studio debug project settings as "command line parameter" rather than hard-coding it. See the "How to" section in the SDK Helpcenter.
 - Runtime mode supplied by the SAP Business One application as a command line parameter
- An Add-On Identifier String allows the SAP Business One License Service to recognize your Add-On. To create the identifier, use the Add-On Identifier Generator available from the SAP Business One application (License Administration).
- Licensing and AddOnIdentifiers are discussed later in the course

UI API Introduction - Upgrade Compatibility Add-ons generally only need re-compilation to run on newer versions of the UI API 3rd Party **Application A** developed on **UI API** UI API **UI API** version 2007 version 8.8 Upgrade SAP SAP **Business One Business One** version 8.8 version 2007

- Always test an add-on thoroughly before deploying in a productive environment
- Due to bug fixes in the SDK, incorrect code might "work" on an older version, but it might encounter exceptions after an upgrade

UI API Introduction: Topic Summary





You should now be able to explain:

- how the User Interface API works
- how to connect to the SAP Business One application through UI API

UI API Introduction: Exercise





Now do the first UI API exercise and try to connect in exercise 1-1.

Add-On Basics: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Add-On Basics: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

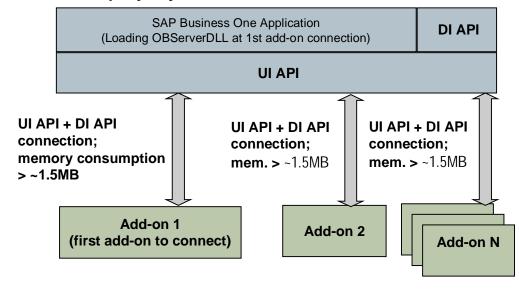
- Explain how to use single sign-on to connect to both the User Interface API and the Data Interface API
- Explain how to use the option to get the Data Interface API connection parameters through UI API
- Explain the use of events to ensure that your add-on is synchronized with SAP Business One

Add-On Basics Multiple Add-Ons using DI API



SAP Business One version 2007 introduced the option to share a DI API connection across add-ons:

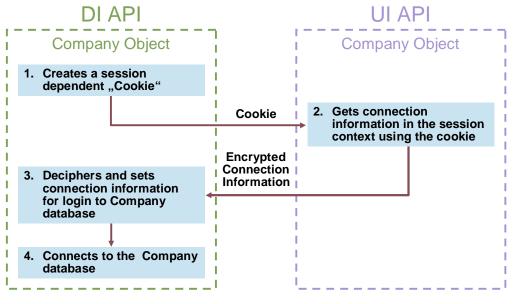
Call Application.Company.GetDICompany() in UI API to get a reference to the DI API Company object



Add-On Basics Single Sign-On



- In SAP Business One prior to version 2007, each UI API add-on needing the DI API must have its own DI API connection
- DI API connection can be set up reusing the logon information of the existing UI API connection



- User credentials are not directly available
- Documentation and sample code is included in the SDK help: Getting Started -> Single Sign On
- "Single Sign-On" is still a valid option to connect to both UI API and DI API, but the "Mutiple Add-On" feature should be preferred.

Add-On Basics Single Sign-On (Code example)



'After connecting to UI, but before connecting to DI:

'Acquire the connection context cookie from the DI API

Dim sCookie As String

sCookie = oDlCompany.GetContextCookie

'Retrieve the connection context string from the

'UI API using the acquired cookie.

Dim conStr As String

conStr = SBO_Application.Company.GetConnectionContext(sCookie)

'Set the connection context information to the DI API.

ret = oDlCompany.SetSboLoginContext(conStr)

If Not ret = 0 then

Exit Sub 'the operation has failed.

End If

'Establish the connection to the company database.

ret = oDlCompany.Connect()

Add-On Basics Details about AppEvents (mandatory!)



Language Change

- Occurs when the user changes the display language in the company settings (Administration > System Initialization > General Settings)
- => The *Modules* menu is rebuilt and any additional add-on menus removed. You must handle the Language Change events in your add-on and reapply your menu changes using the new language selected by the user

Shutdown of SAP Business One / Company Change / Add-On shutdown in Add-On Manager ("UlServerTerminition")

- Shutdown occurs when the user closes the SAP Business One application
- Company change occurs when the user selects another company within the same user interface session
- UIServerTerminition is fired when an AddOn is requested to stop through Add-On Manager (Administration > Add-ons > Add-on Manager)
- You must do clean-up work (remove menus (UI Server Termination), close windows, ...) and stop your add-on (e.g. call End in VB.NET)

Add-On Basics: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain how to use single sign-on to connect to both the User Interface API and the Data Interface API
- Explain how to use the option to get the Data Interface API connection parameters through UI API
- Explain the use of events to ensure that your add-on is synchronized with SAP Business One

Add-On Basics: Exercise





You should now be ready to add these basic features to your Add-On in an exercise:

- "Single Sign-On" (or the alternative way to connect to DI API as well)
- Handlers for the (mandatory) AppEvents
- ...more Event handlers if you like...

Creating Forms: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Creating Forms: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain how to create new forms and items
- Use Screen Painter Add-On to design forms
- Save and load forms using XML

Creating Forms – User Forms



User form is a form that you add to Business One using the UI API

There are several ways to create a user form

- Code it step-by-step
- Use the Screen Painter add-on

You must assign a type and a unique ID (UID) which must be prefixed with your company's namespace, e.g. SAP_AsstMD stands for the form type of Fixed Asset Master Data in SAP Fixed Asset Add-On.

Creating Forms - General Remarks



- Adding items to user forms
 - Unique id "1" and "2" will inherit Business One's behavior for "OK" and "Cancel" buttons
 - Positioning
 - LinkTo property
- Default tab order is based on the order in which items are added to a form, but can be changed later on; see UI API helpfile or Appendix 4 for details
- DataSources will improve performance
- XML layout improves form load speed

Creating Forms - Create a Form (Sample)



Dim oForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form

Dim creationPackage As SAPbouiCOM.FormCreationParams

Create the FormCreationParams object

creationPackage = SBO_Application.CreateObject(

SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_FormCreationParams)

'Specify the parameters in the object

creationPackage.UniqueID = "MP_MyFormID"

creationPackage.FormType = "MP_MyFormType"

 $creation Package. Border Style = SAPboui COM. BoForm Border Style. fbs_Fixed$

' Add the form to the SBO application

oForm = SBO_Application.Forms.AddEx(creationPackage)

'Set the form title and visibility

'Please note! Even if the form is not visible – it may be "there" in the Forms collection... '...and UI API will throw an Exception if you try to add a form with the same UniqueID!

oForm.Title = "Hello World"

oForm.Visible = True

- Using FormCreationParams is the preferred method, although version 6.5 style still works:
- Dim oForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form
- oForm = oApp.Forms.Add("myForm" & oApp.Forms.Count)
- 'Set the form title, by assigning a value to the title-property
- oForm.Title = "Hello World"
- 'Set the visible-property of the form object to TRUE to make the form visible
- oForm. Visible = True

Creating Forms - Create Items on the Form (Sample)



```
Dim oltem As SAPbouiCOM.Item
Dim oButton As SAPbouiCOM.Button
'Add button, buttons with UID 1 and 2 should be OK and Cancel
oltem = oForm.ltems.Add("1", it_BUTTON)
oButton = oltem.Specific
oButton.Caption = "&OK"
'Set Size and Location:
oltem.Top = 200
oltem.Left = 20
oltem.Width = 70
oltem.Height = 19
oltem = oForm.ltems.Add("2", it_BUTTON)
oButton = oltem.Specific
oButton.Caption = "&Cancel"
'Set Size and Location:
oltem.Top = 200
oltem.Left = 95
oltem.Width = 70
oltem.Height = 19
```

■ For more information, see the User Interface API online help for the Form object

Creating Forms - Screen Painter



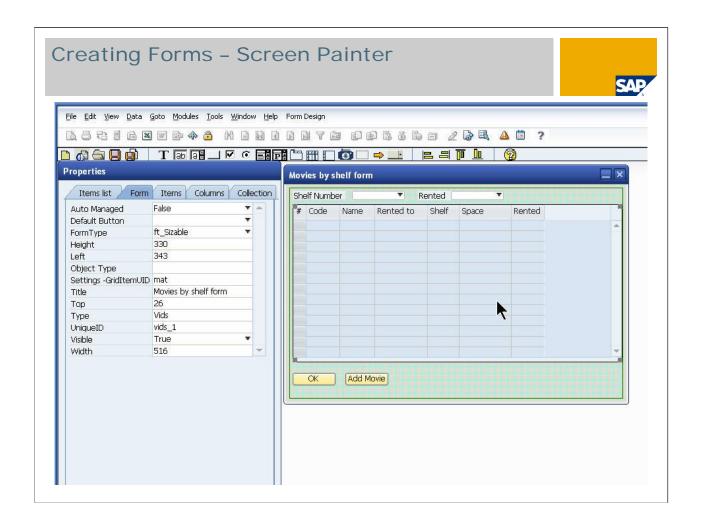
Best method for initial layout design

Screen Painter

- easy-to-use graphical form design tool
- add-on application and part of the SDK tools
- independent on any development environment
- lets you create forms with SAP Business One look and feel
- generates XML form definitions which load fast and are easy to use with UI API's XML handling features

Available to install like any other add-on

Once running, launch it from the menu: Tools > Screen Painter



- The Screen Painter is a graphical design tool that enables you to quickly and easily create user forms for SAP Business One
- The Screen Painter is part of SDK and installs and runs as an add-on application
- Launch it from Tools > Screen Painter

Creating Forms - Working with XML



Why use XML?

A series of operations is replaced by a single batch operation. This means less code and better performance!

Saving a form layout to an XML file

sXML = oForm.GetAsXML() 'get XML string

oXML.loadXML(sXML) 'load XML into DOM document obj.

oXML.save (App.Path & "\Form.xml") 'save file

Updating ANY form (or loading a user form) from an XML file

SBO_Application.LoadBatchActions (oXMLDoc.xml) 'load string through one call

Preferred user form loading mechanism

oFormCreationParams.XmlData = oXMLDoc.xml

Use with creation params; preferred over **LoadBatchActions** due to greater flexibility/control

Creating Forms - Save, Load or Update using XML (Sample)



Dim oXMLDoc As New Xml.XmlDocument '...when using .NET's System.Xml Dim oForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form Dim xmlData As String Dim m_sPathToFormXML As String = "c:\xml\xml_UpdateSample.xml"

'1) Save: get XML resource from Quotation form oForm = SBO_Application.Forms.GetForm("149", 1) If oForm Is Nothing Then Exit Sub

xmlData = oForm.GetAsXML()

'2) Load or Update: load the xml file into the XML document object oXMLDoc.Load (m_sPathToFormXML)

'upload the xml... (preferrably to update a form...)

SBO_Application.LoadBatchActions (oXMLDoc.InnerXml)

'eventually check for errors and warnings SBO_Application.GetLastBatchResults()

oXMLDoc = Nothing

- New forms should not be created using the LoadBatchAction method of the Application object (see next slide for the preferred method)
- Existing forms can be modified using LoadBatchAction with "action" = "update" (see UI API help file or SDN Developer Area for SAP Business One for more)
- Add your changes to the XML and keep the XML e.g. in a resource file
- Since LoadBatchAction just takes an XML string you could of course just load the XML as a text file

 or from the DB (as a string); using XML libraries facilitates handling and makes it possible to modify
 the XML before loading

Creating Forms – Loading Forms using XML (Sample)



Dim oForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form

Dim creationPackage As SAPbouiCOM.FormCreationParams

Dim oXMLDoc As New Xml.XmlDocument '...when using .NET's System.Xml

'Create the FormCreationParams object

creationPackage = SBO_Application.CreateObject(

SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_FormCreationParams)

'Please note: These parameters override corresponding data in the XML

creationPackage.UniqueID = "MP_MyFormID"

creationPackage.FormType = "MP_MyFormType"

creationPackage.BorderStyle = SAPbouiCOM.BoFormBorderStyle.fbs_Fixed

'Just a sample for an XML string describing a form... same as used for LoadBatchActi ons

oXMLDoc.Load("C:\XML\Sample.srf")

creationPackage.XmlData = oXMLDoc.InnerXml

'Add the form to the SBO application

oForm = SBO_Application.Forms.**AddEx**(creationPackage)

'Set the form visible (can be set in XML too)!

oForm.Visible = True

Creating Forms: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain how to create new forms and items
- Use Screen Painter Add-On to create forms
- Save and load forms using XML

Creating Forms: Exercise





You are now ready for :

Hands-on in an exercise about Screen Painter and XML handling features of the UI API...

Item Events: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

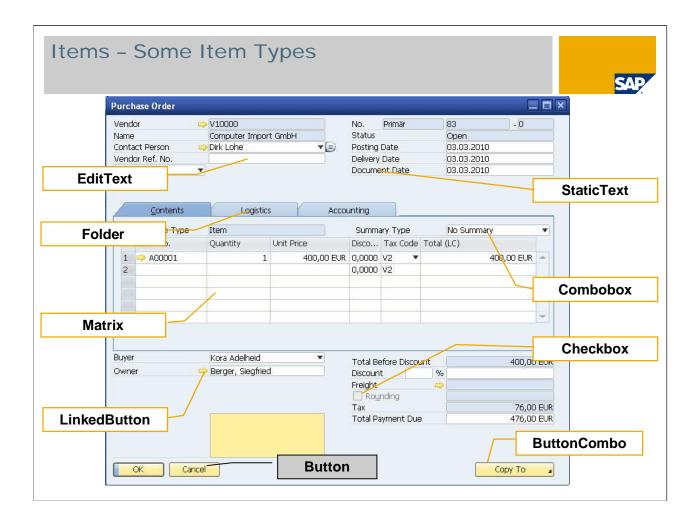
ItemEvents, Event filtering, and more: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Handle ItemEvents
- Use event filtering
- Manipulate SAP Business One forms



- Form item types are the same as controls in Visual Basic forms from a user perspective except the LinkedButton which is specific to SAP Business One
- Technically, the SAP objects are unrelated to VB form controls
- Examples of form item types are:
 - Button
 - CheckBox
 - ComboBox
 - EditText
 - LinkedButton
 - Grid
 - Matrix (most tables in system forms)
 - OptionBtn ("Radio Button")
 - PictureBox
 - StaticText

Items - Item Properties



Properties which are common to all items are directly available in the **Item** object

- Examples:
 - Top, Left, Width, Height properties
 - Update method

Other members depend on item type (ComboBox, Matrix, etc). These are available through the Item's "**Specific**" property

- Examples:
 - String property (EditText item)
 Selected property (ComboBox item)
 ValidValues property (ComboBox item)
 Columns property (Matrix item)
 Layout property (Matrix item)

- The Form.PaneLevel property is used with the Item.FromPane and Item.ToPane values to create multiple panes or "layers" within a form, in which different items are visible on different panes
- Typically used with Folder tabs to display different items on different tabs
- Set FromPane and ToPane properties for each item
 - If both properties are set to 0, the item will be visible on all panes
 - Example: If item oEdit1.FromPane = 1 and oEdit1.ToPane = 3, then the item will be visible when oForm.PaneLevel is 1, 2, or 3

Items - Accessing Item Members (Sample)



```
Dim oltem As SAPboui COM. Item
Dim oEdit As SAPboui COM. EditText

oltem = oForm. Items. Item("54")

'now you can access generic Item properties
oltem. Width = 120

'...to access the String property and other properties specific to
'the EditText type of item use the specific "sub" object EditText

'VB implicitly casts the item's Specific value
'to the left-hand side object type.
'In C#, C++ you need to cast explicitly.
oEdit = oltem. Specific
oEdit. String = "Hello World"
```

- The code snippets
 - oEdit = oItem.Specific
 - oEdit.String = "Hello World"
- and
 - oItem.Specific.String = "Hello World"
- are equivalent.
- In the latter case, however, IntelliSense will not automatically display EditText members, so it is easier to use a reference to the specific object (e.g. EditText) to work with.
- Note:
- Setting the String property of the EditText item will (technically) cause a COM event to be fired to UI API. Changing many properties from add-on code results in a lot of calls through the UI API and may cause performance issues. It is recommended to set the value through DataSource. Refer to DataBinding with Datasources for details.

ItemEvent - General Remarks

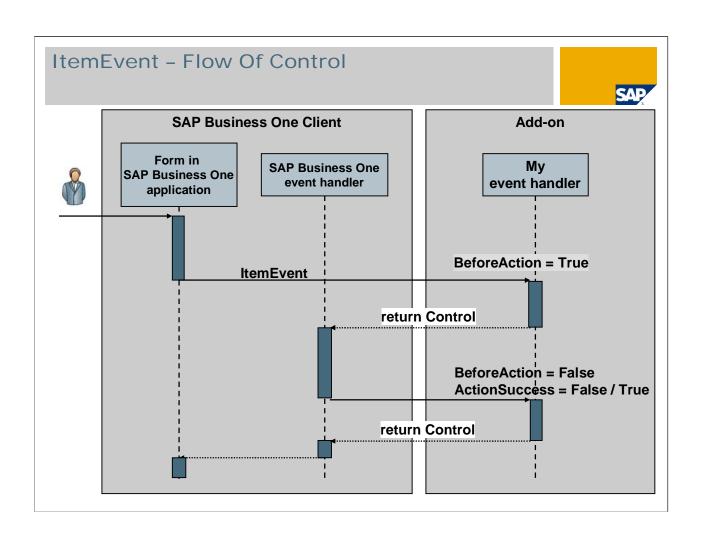


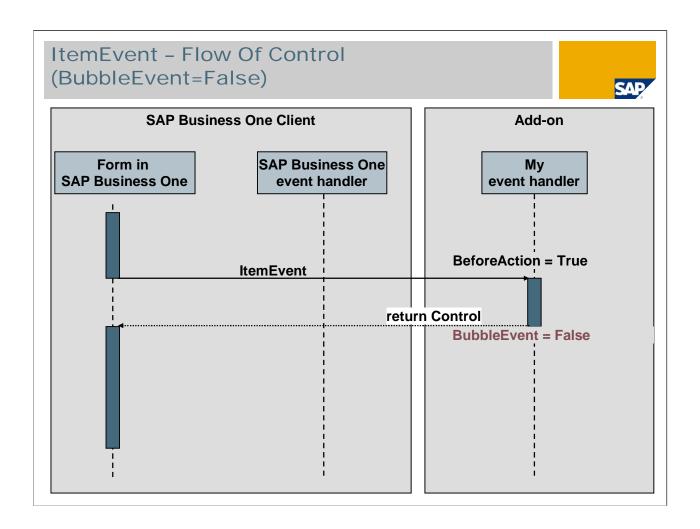
- Occurs when a UI event takes place on a form OR any of its items (controls)
- Examples of Item Events: LostFocus, GotFocus, FormActivate, FormLoad, Click, ItemPressed, ...

```
ByVal FormUID As String, _
ByRef pVal As ItemEvent, _
ByRef BubbleEvent As Boolean _
) Handles SBO_Application.ItemEvent
```

- The data structure "pVal" contains a large number of data providing details regarding the calling situation
- BubbleEvent specifies whether the event will continue to be processed by SAP Business One

- BubbleEvent
- BubbleEvent specifies whether the event will continue to be processed by SAP Business One
- Default value is True
- By setting BubbleEvent = False, you are canceling the event. This is similar to setting Cancel = True in a VB application.
- BubbleEvent is only valid when BeforeAction = True





■ The parameter BubbleEvent is available for the ItemEvent as well as for the MenuEvent

ItemEvent - Adding and Disabling an Item (Sample)



```
Sub SBO_Application_ItemEvent(ByVal FormUID As String,
                                 ByRef pVal As SAPboui COM. I temEvent,
                                 ByRef BubbleEvent As Boolean) Handles SBO_Application. ItemEvent
 'Check FormTypeEx to handle all instances of the Business Partners Form the same way!
 If pVal.FormTypeEx = "134" AND pVal.BeforeAction = False Then
    If pVal.EventType = et_FORM_LOAD Then
      'adding a button to the BP Master Data form when it just has been loaded
      Dim oltems As SAPbouiCOM. Items = SBO_Application. Forms. Item(FormUID). Items
      Dim oltem As SAPbouiCOM. Item
      Dim oButton As SAPboui COM. Button
                  = oltems. Add("item1", it_BUTTON)
      oltem. Top = oltems. Item("2"). Top
      oltem. Left = oltems. Item("2"). Left + oltems. Item("2"). Width + 10
                  = ol tem. Specific
      oButton. Capti on = "second"
      ol tems. I tem("40"). Enabl ed = Fal se 'disable the drop-down ComboBox for BP types...
    End If 'END et FORM LOAD
    If pVal.EventType = et_ITEM_PRESSED Then
      If pVal.ItemUID = "item1" Then 'do something when the new button is pressed
      End If
    End If 'END et_ITEM_PRESSED
  End If 'END If pVal.FormTypeEx = "134"
End Sub
```

- This example adds a button to a Business Partner Master Data form when it loads
- Do not confuse UI API Item object with Items in general collections (such as UI API Items or Forms)
- Note: Changes to SAP system forms occur only at runtime and are not persisted in any way. The method shown uses explicit low-level code the alternative is to use XML batch actions.

FormDataEvent - Sample



The **FormDataEvent** occurs when the application performs the following actions on forms connected to business objects:

Add, Update, Delete, Load (via browse, link button, or find) form data.

```
Private Sub SB0_Application_FormDataEvent(
                  ByRef BOInfo As SAPboui COM. Busi nessObjectInfo, _
                  ByRef BubbleEvent As Boolean)
                  Handles SBO_Application.FormDataEvent
  If (BusinessObjectInfo. BeforeAction = True) Then 'Before Event
    'Do something
  Else 'After event
    Dim oForm As SAPboui COM. Form = SBO_Application. Forms. Item(BOInfo. FormUID)
    Dim oBusi nessObj As SAPboui COM. Busi nessObj ect = oForm. Busi nessObj ect
    Dim uid As String = oBusinessObj. Key
    If (BOInfo. Type = "2") Then
        Dim BP1 As SAPbobsCOM. BusinessPartners
        BP1 = oCompany. GetBusi nessObj ect(BoObj ectTypes. oBusi nessPartners)
        BP1. Browser. GetByKeys(BOInfo. ObjectKey)
        Dim cardCode As String = BP1.CardCode
    End If
  End If
End Sub
```

- Handling this event will make sure that your add-on is called whenever data are displayed or changed.
- Several types of lower-level events may cause a FormDataEvent. Add-on code is clearer when it handles a FormDataEvent instead of a mixture of ItemEvents and MenuEvents which underlie it.

Event Filtering - Motivation



A lot of form events are forwarded to add-ons, including

et_ITEM_PRESSED a button released/pressed

et_FORM_LOAD
SAP Business One application opened a form

et_KEY_DOWN a key was pressed

et_GOT_FOCUS/ et_LOST_FOCUS an item got/lost focus

et_CLICK "Mouse Up" on editable item

All menu click events are forwarded to add-ons...

in SAP Business One application

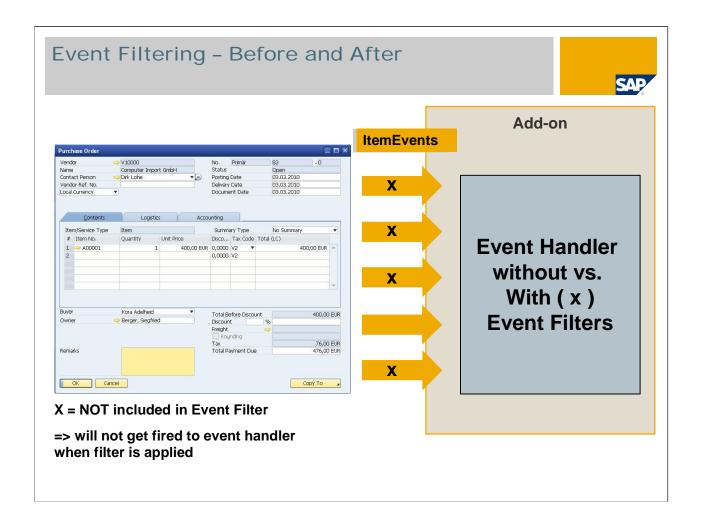
This event must be included in a filter if an add-on

is to handle MenuEvents

⇒ by default, <u>all</u> add-ons receive <u>all</u> events in the event handlers they implement -> this takes time even for events to which the add-on does not respond

⇒ filtering (capturing) only the events that need to be handled improves performance

- et_ITEM_PRESSED and et_FORM_LOAD are often used to add additional validation checks before saving a document or to manipulate a form before it's shown (e.g. make some fields invisible depending on business logic)
- et_KEY_DOWN might be useful for a special kind of "help" (when key "X" is pressed some detail is shown)
- other form events are usually used less frequently



- By default, the UI API receives all events triggered by the SAP Business One application.
- Without event filtering, all events are sent to your add-on application. Your event handler is getting called each time an event is raised. This can result in poor performance overall.
- If you use event filtering, only the selected events are sent to your add-on application. Significantly fewer COM calls will be made and performance improves.
- AppEvents are not affected.
- Note:
- Once you define an EventFilter, add it to the EventFilters object and assign it to the Application object, your add-on will start to only receive events specified in the filters.
- To continue to receive MenuEvents, don't forget to include et_MENU_CLICK in the filter.

Event Filtering - Sample



oFilters oFilter et_ALL_EVENTS form2 142 (Purchase Order) oFilter et_KEY_DOWN form1 139 (Sales Order) oFilter et_ITEM_PRESSED oFilter et_MENU_CLICK

The add-on will receive only the following events:

- et_ITEM_PRESSED for all forms
- Other forms:

```
Purchase Order - <u>all</u> events (et_ALL_EVENTS)
Sales Order - et_KEY_DOWN and et_ITEM_PRESSED
```

NOTE: To make sure that MenuEvents are sent to the add-on et_MENU_CLICK needs to be added to the event filter too!

- Event is filtered by event type and form type.
- The add-on notifies the list of required events through the SetFilter() method of the Application object
- The event list contains event types for:
 - form events, listing all form types for which they will be raised
 - · menu click event
- The event list cannot contain:
 - AppEvents (aet_ShutDown...)
 - ProgressBarEvents
 - StatusBarEvents
- Note: Most UI API events are notified twice before they take place in the user interface (BubbleEvent = True) and after they have taken place

Filtering Events: Code Example



- '1) create a new EventFilters object
 oFilters = New SAPboui COM. EventFilters

 '2) add an event type to the container
 ' (this method returns an EventFilter (<> EventFilters) object)
 oFilter = oFilters. Add(et_CLICK)

 '3) assign the form types on which the event should be processed
 oFilter. AddEx("139") 'Sales Order Form
 oFilter. AddEx("142") 'Purchase Order Form

 '... add a second event type to the container
 oFilter = oFilters. Add(et_KEY_DOWN)

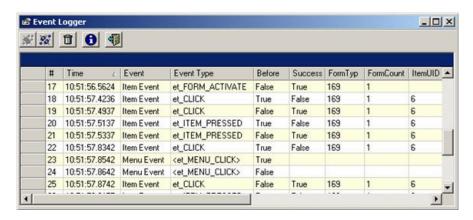
 '... assign the form type on which this event should be processed
 oFilter. AddEx("139") 'Sales Order Form

 '4) set the event filters object to the application
 SBO_Application. SetFilter(oFilters)
- You can remove a particular form type from the filter by using RemoveEx(,,FormType")
- You can also remove all filters through a Reset() of the Filters collection

Want to find the "right" event? Use the Event Logger!



- EventLogger is part of the SAP Business One Development Environment (B1DE) toolset and available on SDN... (see unit "Introduction")
- Easily identify the events fired by the UI API depending on user actions
- Check the information given by SAP Business One for each event including available event types (ItemEvent, MenuEvent, AppEvent etc).



ItemEvents, Event filtering, and more: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Handle ItemEvents
- Use event filtering
- Manipulate SAP Business One forms

ItemEvents, Event filtering, and more: Exercise





You are now ready for:

■ Hands-on handling of ItemEvents etc. in an exercise...

Menus: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Menus: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Add and remove menu items
- Describe menu event handling

Menus - Relevant Objects and Events

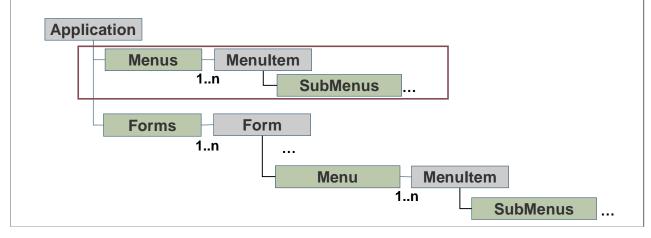


The Menus object is a collection of Menultem objects

- It holds all currently visible menu items
- You can add your own menus
- You can enable/disable/remove menus

MenuEvent provides notification of menu click events

- You can use it to open user forms or to perform other operations
- ...or to capture (and eventually block) the opening of system forms at a very early stage
- Please note that clicks on toolbar buttons are represented as menu events as well



Menus - Adding a Popup Menu Item (Sample 1)



Dim oMenus As SAPbouiCOM.Menus Dim oMenuItem As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem Dim oCreationPackage As SAPbouiCOM.MenuCreationParams

Get the menus collection from the application of Menus = SBO_Application.Menus

oCreationPackage = SBO_Application.CreateObject(SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_MenuCreationParams)

Point on the module sub menu

oMenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("43520") oMenus = oMenuItem.SubMenus

Try ' If the menu already exists this code will fail

oMenuItem = oMenus.AddEx(oCreationPackage) ' Add the SubMenu item

Catch err As Exception **Error Handling**

SBO_Application.MessageBox(err.Message)

End Try

Menus - Adding a String Menu Item (Sample 2)



```
'Get the menu collection of the newly added pop-up item
Try
oMenus = oMenuItem.SubMenus

'Add Menu Item
oCreationPackage.Type = SAPbouiCOM.BoMenuType.mt_STRING
oCreationPackage.UniqueID = "SM_VID_F1"
oCreationPackage.String = "Movies On Shelf"
oCreationPackage.Image = sPath & "v1.bmp"
oCreationPackage.Position = 1

oMenus.AddEx(oCreationPackage)

Catch err As Exception 'Error Handling
SBO_Application.MessageBox(err.Message)

End Try
```

- Note:
- If you are reusing a MenuCreationParams object for several menu items, set all properties, including Position, every time AddEx() does not change/increase any properties implicitly

Menus - Additional Information



- You cannot add top-level menu items (i.e. at the same level as "File", "Edit", "Modules", "Help", ...)
- If you add a menu item with sub-menus to menu "Modules", it will automatically appear in the "Main Menu" form
- If you link menus to a form, they will appear under the "Goto" top level menu
- oForm.Menu.AddEx(oMenuCreationParams)
- Every menu item has its unique id
 - You can export menu items to XML to find out the particular IDs.
 - You can use "System information" to find it just let the mouse pointer hover over the menu item
- Context or "right-click" menus can be modified when handling the RightClickEvent (see later in this unit – or in the UI API help file)

Menus - MenuEvent (Sample)



```
Pri vate Sub SBO_Application_MenuEvent
               (ByRef <u>pVal</u> As SAPboui COM. <u>MenuEvent</u>, _
                ByRef <u>Bubbl eEvent</u> As Bool ean)
                   Handles SBO_Application. MenuEvent
 If pVal.BeforeAction Then
  SBO_Application.MessageBox _
    ("Menu item: " + pVal.MenuUID + " sent BEFORE SAP Business One processes it.", _
    bmt_Long, _
    True)
  '// to stop SAP Business One from processing this event
  '// unmark the following statement
  '// BubbleEvent = False
 Else
  SBO_Application.MessageBox _
    ("Menu item: " + pVal.MenuUID + " sent AFTER SAP Business One processed it.", _
    bmt_Long, _
    True)
 End If
End Sub
```

Menus: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Add and remove menu items
- Describe menu event handling

Menus: Exercise





You are now ready to:

- Add new menus in SAP Business One and
- Handle Menu Events in an exercise...

Data Binding: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Data Binding: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

Bind data to form items

Data Binding: Characteristics and Motivation



- DataSources serve as containers for data within a form they are not necessarily linked directly to the database
- DataSources improve performance because frequent manipulation of data values does not necessarily require frequent updates of the user interface
- Some items (e.g. Matrix, Grid) should be bound to a data source
- Some items (e.g. Checkbox) have to be bound to a data source some items may not even be displayed unless they are bound to a data source

Data Binding: Types of Data Sources



There are 3 types of data sources

DBDataSource – linked to a database table, represents tabular data (you can only use 1 table + only set conditions – no sorting etc.)

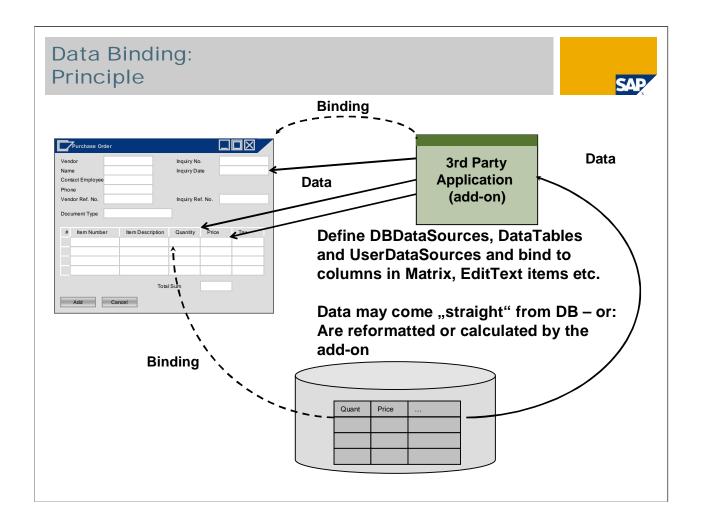
UserDataSource – acts as a container for data within the form, can be connected e.g. to an EditText or a column in a Matrix

DataTable – two methods:

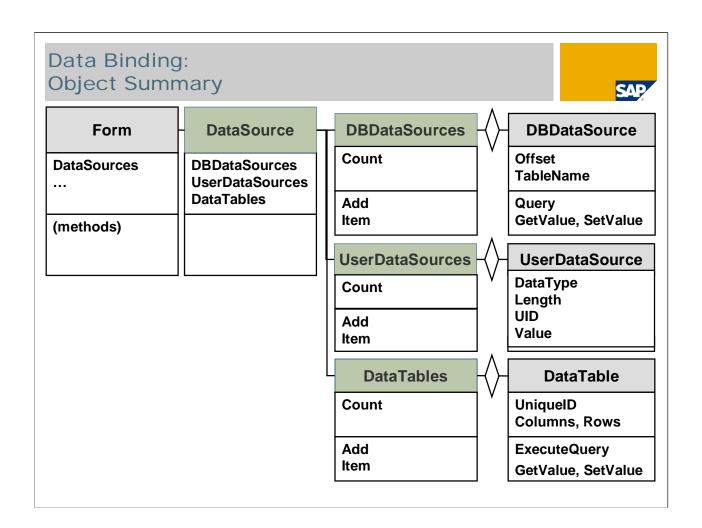
Populate with **SQL** statement (so that you can use joins, sorting etc.) **OR** (no mixing possible)

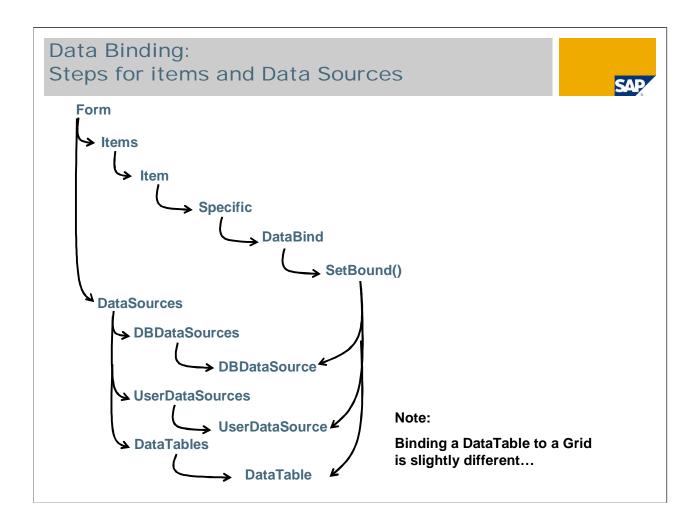
Define the Columns of the DataTable one-by-one and fill through code...

DataTables are mostly used in conjunction with Grid or ChooseFromList objects

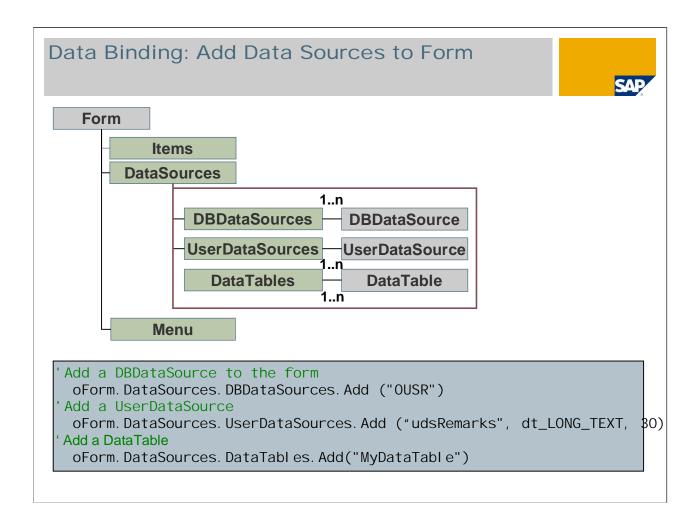


■ Using data binding, you can easily add data to matrix columns. The SAP Business One Software Development Kit provides several objects that support data binding to form items.

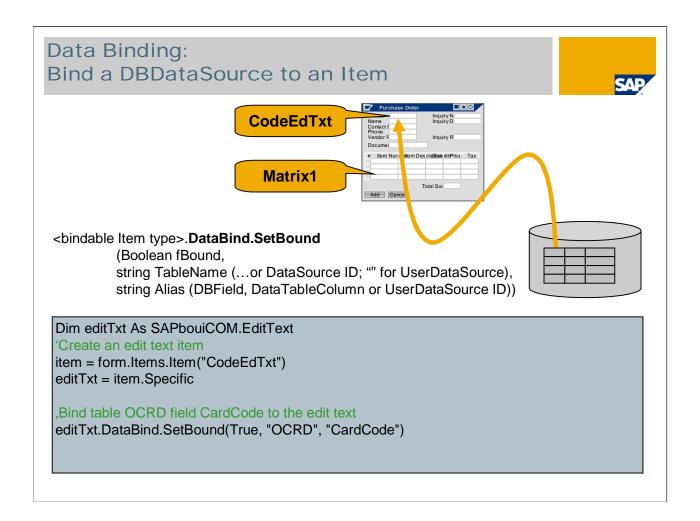




- To create a data-bound form:
 - Define the form
 - Define data sources within the form
 - Link data sources to matrix columns or individual items/controls
 - Populate data source values this will display the data in the data bound items



- The Form object contains a collection of DataSources which holds all data sources within the form.
- A DBDataSource object represents a database data source (i.e. a table in the SAP Business One scope of tables) attached to a form.
- A table can be attached only once to a form using method Add of the DBDataSources collection.
- User data sources can also be attached to a form using the Add method of the UserDataSources collection. For more information, see the documentation for the UserDataSources collection.
- A DataTable can be used to read data from any database/table or be used in the same way as a UserDataSource.
- In conjunction with a Grid item, the DataTable enables the display of tabular data with collapse/expand functionality.



- Having added a data source to a form, then specify which form items to link to it.
- For a simple item such as an EditText, the item's Specific property contains the DataBound object.
- Use its SetBound method to bind the item to a data source.
- For matrices, data is binded column-by-column.

Data Binding: Bind DataSources to Matrix columns / Grid



Dim oColumnDBS As SAPbouiCOM.Column Dim oColumnUDS As SAPbouiCOM.Column oMatrix = Form.Items.Item("Matrix1").Specific oColumns = oMatrix.Columns

'DBDataSource: Binding a field / alias of the table to a column

oColumnDBS = oColumns.Item("UserName")

oColumnDBS.DataBind.SetBound (True, "OUSR", "U_NAME")

'UserDataSource: Bind a UserDataSource (UID) to a column

oColumnUDS = oColumns.Item("Remarks")

oColumnUDS.DataBind.SetBound (True, "", "udsRemarks")

'DataTable: Bind a DataTable object to a Grid

oGrid.DataTable = Form.DataSources.DataTables.Item("MyDataTable")

Data Binding: Get Data from a DBDataSource



```
Dim oDBDataSource As SAPboui COM. DBDataSource
Dim oMatrix As SAPboui COM. Matrix

' getting the data sources bound to the form
oDBDataSource = oForm. DataSources. DBDataSources. I tem("OUSR")

' getting the matrix on the form
oMatrix = oForm. I tems. I tem("Matrix1"). Specific

oMatrix. Clear()

' Querying the DB Data source - i.e. load data from DB
oDBDataSource. Query()

' Adding the data to the matrix
oMatrix.LoadFromDataSource()
```

- This code fragment will populate a matrix from table OUSR based on the data binding of individual matrix columns.
- The Query method retrieves all data. Optionally, a Conditions argument can be specified to implement a WHERE clause.
- The matrix can be populated row-by-row using the AddRow method or populated in one step with LoadFromDataSource. When some matrix columns are user data bound, LoadFromDataSource is only useful if all rows contain the same value for any user data bound column.
- To reference a user data source and set its value: oUserDataSource = oForm.DataSources.UserDataSources.Item("Remarks") oUserDataSource.Value = "my user data"

Data Binding: Populating a DataTable



Dim oDataTable As SAPbouiCOM.DataTable

' getting the data sources bound to the form oDataTable = oForm.DataSources.DataTables.Item("MyDataTable")

'Querying the DataTable oDataTable.ExecuteQuery("Select CardCode, DocDate from OINV")

' Columns of the Grid will be added and populated automatically

- To populate your DataTable "manually":
- Dim oDataTable as SAPbouiCOM.DataTable
- Dim oCol As SAPbouiCOM.DataColumn
- 'Add the columns to the Grid manually
- oDataTable = oForm.DataSources.DataTables.Item("MyDataTable")
- oCol = oDataTable .Columns.Add("XX_Col0", SAPbouiCOM.BoFieldsType.ft_AlphaNumeric)
- oCol = oDataTable . Columns.Add("XX_Col1", SAPbouiCOM.BoFieldsType.ft_AlphaNumeric)
- oCol = oDataTable . Columns.Add("XX_Col2", SAPbouiCOM.BoFieldsType.ft_AlphaNumeric)
- Add a first row
- oDataTable.Rows.Add()
- oCol = oDataTable . Columns.Item("XX_Col0")
- oCol.Cells.Item(0).Value = "MyVal0"
- oCol = oDataTable .Columns.Item("XX_Col1")
- oCol.Cells.Item(0).Value = "MyVal1"
- oCol = oDataTable .Columns.Item("XX_Col2")
- oCol.Cells.Item(0).Value = "MyVal2"
- $\bullet \quad oGrid.DataTable = oForm.DataSources.DataTables.Item("MyDataTable")$

Data Binding: DataSources on System Forms



IMPORTANT

- DataSources are only populated with data already stored in the database
- Updates have to be committed to the database
- DataSources on system forms cannot be changed (there are plans to allow changing at least user-defined fields in version 9.0)
- ItemEvents such as et_DATASOURCE_LOAD and et_MATRIX_LOAD only occur for user forms, not system forms

Data Binding: DataSources on User Forms



Navigation

- When navigating between records, set a condition for the
- DBDataSource or the DataTable

Values

- When you need to display values in a different format than stored in the database, use UserDataSource:
- Run the query (e.g. via DI API or DBDataSource), format the data as required and then store the values in UserDataSources

Clearing form items

- Set the condition of DBDataSources so that the results are empty
- Set UserDataSource values to ""
- Set UI item strings directly to "" only as a last resort

Data Binding: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

Bind data to form items

Data Binding: Exercise





You are now ready for:

■ Hands-on data binding in an exercise...

Use UDO in Add-On: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Use UDO in an add-on: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic you will know how to use UDO features in UDO forms:

- Connected UDO to form
- Default buttons
- Number series

How to use your new UDO within an Add-on?



Connect Form to a UDO:

creationPackage = SBO_Application.CreateObject
(SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_FormCreationParams)

creationPackage.FormUID = "MathExamsID"
creationPackage.Type = "SM_MathExam"

' Need to set the parameter with the object unique ID creationPackage.**ObjectType** = "SM_MATHGRADES"

oForm = SBO_Application.Forms.**AddEx**(creationPackage)

Default Buttons on UDO Form



Service	UI form support
Add/Update/ Find	oltem = oForm.ltems.Add("1", SAPbouiCOM.BoFormItemTypes.it_BUTTON)
(automatic event handling for '// the OK buttons)	oButton = oltem.Specific
	Do not set the caption for this button
Cancel	oltem = oForm.ltems.Add("2", SAPbouiCOM.BoFormItemTypes.it_BUTTON)
	oButton = oltem.Specific
	Do not set the caption for this button

UDO Form Data Binding - Number Series



Service	UI form support
Manage Series	'create a combo box for the series relevant for this document type oltem=oForm.ltems.Add("SeriesName", BoFormItemTypes.it_COMBO_BOX) oComboBox = oltem.Specific 'fill the combo with relevant series oComboBox.ValidValues.FillWithSeries(True, False, 0) oComboBox.DataBind.SetBound(True, "@MATH", "Series") 'edit text the hold the document number (related to the selected series) oltem = oForm.ltems.Add("DocNum", SAPbouiCOM.BoFormItemTypes.it_EDIT) oEditText = oltem.Specific oEditText.DataBind.SetBound(True, "@MATH", "DocNum") '***** later e.g. in the event handler ************************************

Use UDO in an add-on: Topic Summary





You should now be able touse UDO features in UDO forms:

- Connected UDO to form
- Default buttons
- Number series

Additional Events: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Additional Events (optional): Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic you will know about further events in addition to the basic ones such as ItemEvent:

- ProgressBarEvent
- StatusBarEvent
- RightClickEvent
- ReportDataEvent
- PrintEvent

ProgressBarEvent / StatusBarEvent



ProgressBarEvent

Occurs when a progress bar (in the status bar) is created, stopped or released

Public Event ProgressBarEvent

(ByVal <u>pVal</u> As <u>ProgressBarEvent</u>, ByRef <u>BubbleEvent</u> As Boolean)

ProgressBarEvent - holds all the relevant information about the event – essentially the type:

- pbet_ProgressBarCreated
- pbet_ProgressBarStopped
- pbet_ProgressBarReleased

StatusBarEvent

Occurs when a message is displayed in SAP Business One's status bar

Public Event StatusBarEvent (ByVal <u>Text</u> As String, ByVal <u>MessageType</u> As <u>BoStatusBarMessageType</u>)

RightClickEvent - Overview



- By default all menu entries from Edit, Data and Goto menus in the SAP Business One application are displayed in the context or right-click menu
- RightClickEvent is raised when the user right-clicks an item
- To add/remove menus to/from the context menu of an item:
 - ...catch RightClickEvent 'Before' and
 - ...add menus to Edit, Data, Goto menus in the SAP Business One application
- In the 'After' event user should retrieve changes and/or remove menu changes that should only be temporary

```
Private\ Sub\ SBO\_Application\_RightClickEvent (ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo,\ ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo,\ ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo\ As\
BubbleEvent As Boolean) Handles SBO_Application.RightClickEvent
      If \ (context MenuInfo. Before Action = True) \ Then
          Dim\ oCreation Package\ As\ SAP boui COM. Menu Creation Params = SBO\_Application. Create Object
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (BoCreatableObjectType.cot_MenuCreationParams)
          oCreationPackage.Type = SAPbouiCOM.BoMenuType.mt\_STRING
          oCreationPackage.UniqueID = "MyMenu1"\\
          oCreationPackage.String = "My Menu1"
          oCreationPackage.Enabled = True
            ' Adding new menu to Data menu in B1
          Dim oMenuItem As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("1280")
          Dim oMenus As SAPbouiCOM.Menus = oMenuItem.SubMenus
          oMenus. Add Ex (oCreation Package) \\
     End If
Code sample - Remove menu:
Private\ Sub\ SBO\_Application\_RightClickEvent (ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo,\ ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo,\ ByRef\ contextMenuInfo\ As\ SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo\ As\
BubbleEvent As Boolean) Handles SBO_Application.RightClickEvent
     If (contextMenuInfo.BeforeAction = True) Then
               'In Before Action - Remove menu from context menu only
              contextMenuInfo.RemoveFromContent("4870")
                                                                                                                                                                      'Data->Filter & Grid
                'Remove menu from context menu by disabling menu
               'Edit menu
              Dim menuItem As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("768")
               'Edit->Paste
              Dim menuItem 1 As SAPbouiCOM, MenuItem = oMenuItem . SubMenus, Item ("773")
              menuItem1.Enabled = False
      End If
End Sub
Code sample - Cleanup:
Private Sub SBO_Application_RightClickEvent(ByRef contextMenuInfo As SAPbouiCOM.contextMenuInfo, ByRef
BubbleEvent As Boolean) Handles SBO_Application.RightClickEvent
     If (contextMenuInfo.BeforeAction = False) Then
               'Retrieve Edit->Paste menu that was removed in before action
            Dim menuItem As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem =
                                    SBO_Application.Menus.Item("768") 'Edit menu
            Dim menuItem1 As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem = oMenuItem .SubMenus.Item("773")
                                        Edit->Paste
          menuItem1.Enabled = True \\
             Remove user menu that was added to Data menu in 'Before' Right Click event
            oMenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("1280") 'Data menu
                                                                   menuItem1 = oMenuItem.SubMenus.Item ("MyMenu1")
          oMenus.Remove(menuItem1)
       End If
End Sub
```

Right Click Menu - Details



RightClickEvent - Fires 'Before' and 'After' events

RightClickEvent (ByRef contextMenuInfo As ContextMenuInfo, ByRef BubbleEvent As Boolean)

ContextMenuInfo - holds all parameters for the event

String FormUID – form unique id

BoEventTypes *EventType* – event type

String ItemUID - item unique id

String ColUID - column unique id . Default value is -1

String Row - row number. Default value is -1

Boolean BeforeAction - indicates if the event is 'Before' or 'After'

Boolean *ActionSuccess* – relevant only for 'After' event, indicates whether B1 application action succeeded

ReportDataEvent / PrintEvent



ReportDataEvent (and subsequently PrintEvent) occur when an end-user performs one of the following actions:

- Clicking on Print or Print Preview icons
- Sending documents to print using "Document Printing" option
- A document is sent to print by the "Document Generation Wizard"

ReportDataEvent

```
ReportDataEvent (ByRef <u>eventInfo</u> As <u>ReportDataInfo</u>,
ByRef <u>BubbleEvent</u> As Boolean)
```

In "BeforeAction = True" for this event the add-on has to signal that it wants to get report data in XML format. It does so by calling RegisterForReport():

```
eventInfo.RegisterForReport (True)
```

PrintEvent

Additional Events : Topic Objectives





You should now be able to describe:

- ProgressBarEvent
- StatusBarEvent
- RightClickEvent
- ReportDataEvent
- PrintEvent

Additional Objects: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information

Additional Objects (optional): Topic Objectives





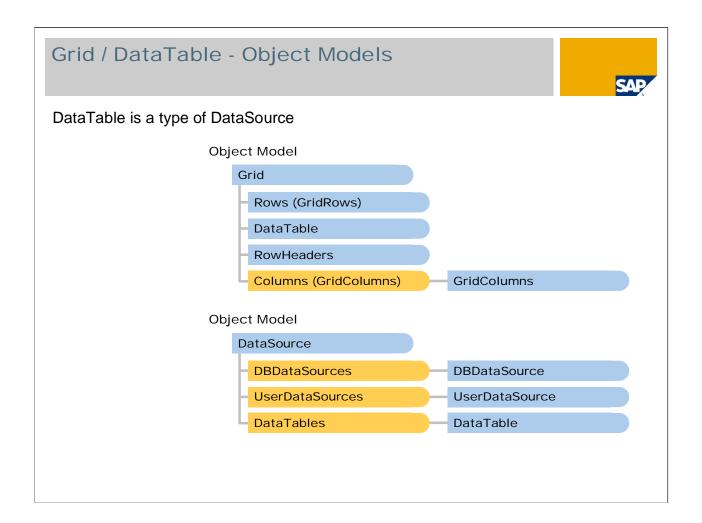
At the conclusion of this topic, you will know about additional objects in addition to the basic building blocks such as Form and Item:

- Grid
- ChooseFromList
- FormSettings

Grid / DataTable - Overview



- The Grid is planned to replace the longer-established Matrix as a tabular control
- Grid is a view of a DataTable
 - The Grid is responsible for the visual settings
 - The DataTable is responsible for the data behind the user interface
 - Grid & DataTable synchronise automatically
 - Data changes flow from Grid to DataTable and vice versa
 - Meta-Data / Structural changes are synchronized from the DataTable to its managed Grids
- The Grid enables expand/collapse



DataTable versus Grid



DataTable

Grid

Structural actions

- Execute query (+data)
- Load from XML (+data)
- Add columns

Structural actions

- Control of column display types & properties
- Expose collapsible view mechanism of existing data
- Row selection methods

Data Actions

Data Actions

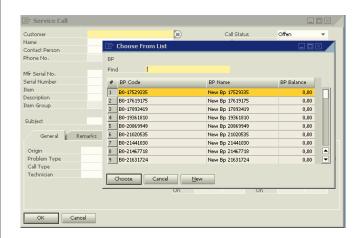
- Add rows
- Set cell value by data type

Set cell value by display type

ChooseFromList - Overview



- ChooseFromList (CFL) is the ability to use the built-in lookup functionality form from a trigger item
- The CFL form displays a list of objects (of the same type) as a result of a simple query
- New functionality will enable developers to apply filters to CFL objects which were defined for system forms
- No need to develop lookup forms from scratch



ChooseFromList - Details



- Use CreationParams mechanism to create a ChooseFromList (CFL) object
- Set a condition (same object as for DBDataSources)
- Connect a CFL-capable item to a CFL (EditText , EditTextColumn, Button):

EditText, EditTextColumn

Property ChooseFromListUID as String (read-write)

Sets the item to be the trigger item for the CFL UID (using a wrong ID will cause an exception)

Property ChooseFromListAlias as String

Alias – Field in database that will be compared in query (using a wrong alias will cause an exception)

Remark: Set the alias after setting CFL UID.

Button

Property ChooseFromListUID as String (read-write)

Sets the item to be the trigger item for the CFL UID (using a wrong ID will cause an exception)

How to handle the Event et_CHOOSE_FROM_LIST



ChooseFromList Event "inherits" from ItemEvent

- => It comes as an ItemEvent, but the structure passed to the event handler is different!
- BeforeAction = True

Sent before the ChooseFromList form is opened

If BubbleEvent = FALSE the CFL form will not open - as you would expect

BeforeAction = False

Sent after the user made his choice (select) or pressed "Cancel" in the CFL form Properties:

ChooseFromListUID as String (read-only)

Note: For a CFL that was opened from "Find" - the UID of the CFL will be -1

SelectedObjects as DataTable (read-only)

The result is valid/available during the after event only All manipulation of the data must be completed during the event

Code sample available in SDK samples

```
XML support for ChooseFromList:
XML
<Form >
 <ChooseFromLists>
   <ChooseFromList UniqueID="1" ObjectType="2" MultiSelection="0" IsSytem="1">
     <conditions>
               <condition alias="CardType" bracket_close_num="0" bracket_open_num="0"</pre>
               compare_fields="0"
                                 compared_field_alias="" cond_end_val="" cond_value="C"
               operation="1" relationship="0" use_result="0"/>
  <conditions>
  </ ChooseFromList >
 </ChooseFromLists>
<Items>
  <Item uid="5" ...type="EditText">
   <Specific ChooseFromListUID="" ChooseFromListAlias="CardCode"/>
   </Specific>
 </Column>
<Items>
```

ChooseFromList - Limitations and Restrictions

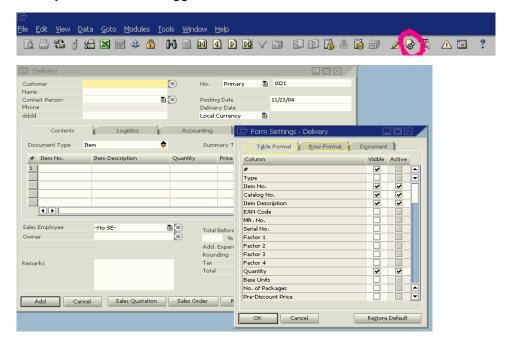


- Possible trigger item types are Button, EditText and EditTextColumn (use of other types will throw an exception)
- The user CFL is opened the same way as a system CFL:
 - EditText/Edit Column /Link Column by {TAB}
 - Button By press
- The table of the CFL object is the header table. Therefore the condition is applied to the header table.
- The will be no automatic copy between the resulted DataTable to any DataSource. Explicit code must be written to do this.
- A user-CFL form will always open, even if there is only one match or no match at all
- Find mode Executing find also opens a CFL form but there is no trigger item
- CFL form cancel on 'new' button will not raise an "after event"
- There's a 1:1 relationship between the trigger item and the CFL
- System CFL limitations
 - We can't see the system conditions on CFL. We can only see the Add-On Conditions.
 - System CFL is not editable the only change that is allowed is adding conditions
 - You cannot change the trigger item of system CFL
- Changing the trigger item of a user CFL
 - When new item is bound to a CFL the old one is overridden
 - When replacing CFL the old connection of both is overridden

User Form Settings - Overview



- The setting button enables users to configure the way a matrix in a form will be displayed
- Every column can be toggled as visible and/or active



User Form Settings - Overview (continued)



Form Settings / Form Preferences (see DI API)

- Saving preferences
 - Form settings are updated when a form is closed
 - The preferences are held in memory (application cache) until the application is closed or another database selected
 - When the application is closed the updated preferences are saved to the database (table CPRF)
- Loading preferences
 - Application caches form preferences as it logs in to the company database
 - When a form is loaded, it loads and applies the settings from cache
 - User Forms Preferences are applied automatically only when layout is loaded from XML

Form

Property Settings as FormSettings (read-only)
Only on user forms, exception is raised on system forms

■ Beware of "unexpected" behavior when multiple forms of the same types are open simultaneously or when the user is logged in multiple sessions

Form Settings Default Behavior



The default behavior expects a form with a "grid":

- The grid is set as the default grid for the settings
- The Settings menu will be enabled for the form
- The row format and expand line will be enabled for the grid

Disabling this functionality:

- The Settings functionality is on by default
- To disable it from an add-on, disable the form settings menu item (ID 5890)
- To disable the row format and expand line, set EnableRowFormat = False

Additional Objects: Topic Summary





You now know how to use:

- Grid
- ChooseFromList
- FormSettings

UI API - Additional Information: Unit Overview Diagram



The User Interface API

Topic 1: UI API Introduction

Topic 2: Add-On Basics

Topic 3: Creating Forms

Topic 4: ItemEvents, Event Filtering (and more)

Topic 5: Menus

Topic 6: Data Binding

Topic 7: Use UDO in Add-On

Topic 8: Additional Events

Topic 9: Additional Objects

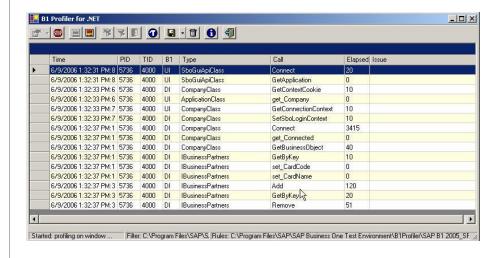
Topic 10: UI API – Additional Information



Check "what's going on" using B1TE's .NETProfiler



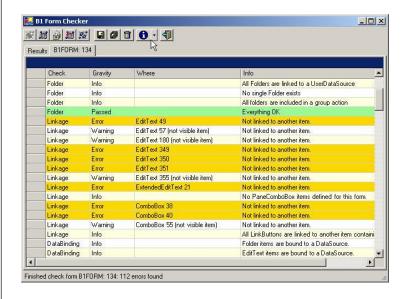
- B1TE ("SAP Business One Test Environment") is available on the SDN (see unit "Introduction")
- Traces calls to SDK APIs and any other .NET objects
- Marks deprecated SDK API calls
- Only available for add-ons using Microsoft .NET (uses Profiling API of MS .NET)



Check your Forms using B1TE's Form Checker



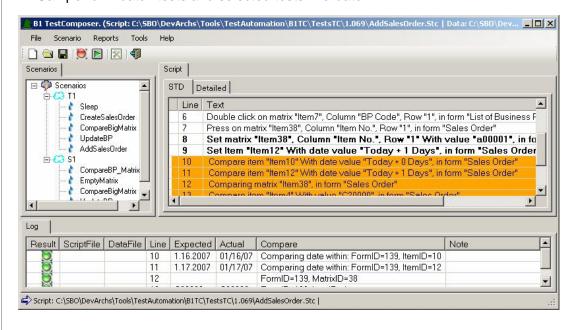
- Checks a form against the B1 programming guidelines and UI standards & guidelines
- Lists all the possible issues encountered in a form itself
- Can check XML layout definitions as well as any forms shown in the application



Add-On Testing – Using SAP Business One Test Composer (B1TC)



- Simple way to test add-ons
- Records, replays and checks values
- Can perform batch tests and selected tests in a batch



User Interface API - Use Cases



User Interface API is most often used to:

- Achieve a "seamless" integration of additional functionality with SAP Business One (usually requested by customers), including
 - …linking into SAP Business One standard processes
 - ...adding custom GUI elements into SAP Business One standard forms
 - ...adding custom forms with user-defined data links
- Manipulate SAP Business One standard functionality (when standard options do not apply to the customer's or industry processes, including
 - ...hiding SAP Business One GUI elements
 - ...blocking SAP Business One events
 - => Changes to standard functionality must be documented!

The User Interface API: Unit Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain what the User Interface API is
- Explain how to establish a connection to a running SAP Business One application
- Work with existing SAP Business One forms
- Create forms and integrate them into SAP Business One GUI
- Add menu entries
- Explain how the API interacts with the SAP Business One client

Exercises



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Basics



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

- Connect to a SAP Business One Application
- Display a MessageBox in SAP Business One
- Use Single Sign-On and the "Multi Add-On" feature
- React to AppEvents



You want to use the SAP Business One User Interface API for actively manipulating Process flow. As a first step you have to connect to the Application actually running.

- 1-1 Implement a connection to a running SAP Business One application.
 - 1-1-1 Create a new Visual Basic project
 - 1-1-2 Define the variables you need for a connection to a running SAP Business One application.



You will need at least two variables, one for the SboGuiApi object and one for the Application object

- 1-1-3 Connect to the SAP Business One SboGuiApi and get a handle to the running application.
- 1-2 Display a MessageBox within SAP Business One.



There is a Method of the Application object to display message boxes within SAP Business One

1-2-1 The method to display a MessageBox has several optional parameters. Check them out.

The lecture will continue after you have implemented this..; the remaining pieces of this exercise will be covered in the next steps.

- 1-3 Use the Single-Sign-On feature (and/or the Multiple Add-On feature) to connect to DI API as well.
- 1-4 Define the AppEvent handler and implement the handling of these events (which are mandatory to be handled).



To define Event Handlers in Microsoft Visual Studio .NET please check the content on the drop-down comboboxes – which are displayed just above the source code...

Exercises



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Creating Forms



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Create a form within SAP Business One



You want to create a form which is displayed in the SAP Business One main window.

2-1 Create a new form within SAP Business One. The form should contain the following items:

Input field for DVD Name (will be linked to a Choose from list) Input field for DVD Aisle

Input field for DVD Section Input field for DVD Rented Input field for Rented To OK button Cancel button. Rent DVD button

This (the screenshot below) is the final goal, but you will only get data when you have gone through the "Databinding" lesson as well; in this exercise we will only focus on the form's layout...



- 2-2 Enhance your program so that the form will be saved as an XML file.
- 2-3 Change your program. The form should now be loaded from the XML file you have created in the last step. Display the form in the SAP Business One window.
- 2-4 Use the tools from the B1TE toolset (essentially Form Checker) to check whether you have designed your form(s) according to some important UI guidelines...

Some helpful data for designing Forms

(See ScreenDesignGuidelines.pdf for more information!)

Form	
Height	413px
Width	557px
Controls common	
Distance to left edge	5px
Distance to right edge	5px
Distance to top edge	5px
Distance to bottom edge	5px
Button	
Height	19px
Width	65px
Spacing	5px
Label Field	
Height	14px
Width	Depends on text
Horizontal spacing	>=12px (ungrouped)
Vertical spacing	1px (grouped)
	>=3px (ungrouped)
Input Field	
Height	14px
Width	Enough to show complete field value
Horizontal Spacing	>=12px (ungrouped)
Vertical spacing	1px (grouped)
	>=3px (ungrouped)
Field Help	
Vertical distance to input	1px
field	
Matrix Objects	
Width	Form width minus 2 times 5px to the left and right edge
Number of rows	<=7 rows, add scrollbars if more necessary
TAUTHOET OF TOWS	\-1 10ws, and scrolloars if filling flecessary

Exercises



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Additional Event Handling



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Handle SAP Business One events.



You want to actively influence the SAP Business One dialogues. Therefore you need to handle SAP Business One events.

You only want to receive the events you are interested in.

3-1 Catch FormLoad event for Order form



Look for the FormLoad event into the possible events thrown by SAP Business One (Application, Menu or Item events)



Have a look into the Event parameters to find out whether the FormLoad event is coming from the Order form or from another form

- 3-2 Display the message "Caught Order FormLoad Event" when the FormLoad event for the Order form arrives (use the Application.Message method).
- 3-3 Catch the click event on the "Rent DVD" button you've added in the previous exercise. Again display a message once the event is caught.
- 3-4 Create a filter to only receive the events we are interested in.



To set a filter on the UI events you should use the EventFilter object.

Don't forget to assign the EventFilter to the application you are connected to.

Exercises



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: New Menu entries in SAP Business One window



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Add a menu entry in the SAP Business One main menu



The form of your Add-On solution should be displayed when the user chooses your new menu entry.

For that purpose you will create a new entry and handle the menu event.

4-1 Add a menu entry to the "Modules" menu called **DVD Store**. Those are the menu entries which are also displayed in the Main Menu. Add a new sub-menu to that menu entry called **DVD Availability**.



Ideally you use the specification for the menu of the "Course Project" example!

- 4-2 Handle the menu event: When you choose the menu entry, your form should be displayed.
- 4-3 Add another menu only visible when your form is open. This menu should appear under the GoTo menu.



Use the Menu collection property into the Form object to link the menus to your form

Exercises



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Data Binding



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Bind data to fields of a form within the SAP Business One window.



You have created a new form that is displayed within SAP Business One. Now you want the system to display data on that form

- 5-1 Declare a DBDataSource and UserDataSource object. Link it to the form you created in the Creating Forms exercise.
- 5-2 Bind the form's items with the corresponding data from the User Defined table created in the DI exercises (*TB1_DVD*).



Use the Method "DataBind.SetBound" on each item to assign it

- the corresponding table and field name it is associated to for the DBDataSources
- 5-3 Get the data from the data sources and display them in the corresponding fields on your form. Note you will first need to read the value selected by the user from the Choose from List (Item Event) and then fill all other fields accordingly.



Use the Query method into the DBDataSource object to filter the information you want to show

5-4 Test your application.

Solutions



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Basics



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

- Connect to a SAP Business One Application
- Send a Message in SAP Business One
- Use Single Sign-On and the "Multi Add-On" feature
- React to AppEvents



You want to use the SAP Business One User Interface API for actively manipulating Process flow. As a first step you have to connect to the Application actually running.

- 1-1 Implement a connection to a running SAP Business One application.
 - 1-1-1 Create a new Visual Studio project for a windowless add-on application and add a reference to the SAP Business One DI API COM library and UI API COM library.
 - 1-1-2 Define the variables you need for a connection to a running SAP Business One application.

Private WithEvents SBO_Application As SAPbouiCOM.Application Dim SboGuiApi As SAPbouiCOM.SboGuiApi Dim sConnectionString As String

1-1-3 Connect to the SAP Business One SboGuiApi and get a handle to the running application.

SboGuiApi = New SAPbouiCOM.SboGuiApi sConnectionString = Environment.GetCommandLineArgs.GetValue(1) SboGuiApi.Connect(sConnectionString) SBO_Application = SboGuiApi.GetApplication()

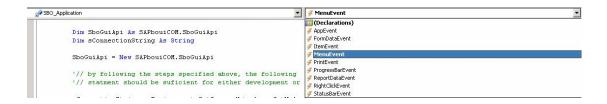
- 1-2 Display a MessageBox within SAP Business One.
 - 1-2-1 The method to display a MessageBox has several optional parameters. Check them out.

SBO_Application.MessageBox("Connected", 1, "Continue", "Cancel")

1-3 Use the Single-Sign-On feature (and/or the Multiple Add-On feature) to connect to DI API as well.

```
Private oCompany As SAPbobsCOM.Company
oCompany = New SAPbobsCOM.Company
oCompany = SBO_Application.Company.GetDICompany()
```

1-4 Define the AppEvent handler – and implement the handling of these events (which are mandatory to be handled).



Solutions can be found in the SDK Help Center documentation and SDK samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information),

COM UI / VB .NET / 01.HelloWorld COM UI / VB .NET / 02.CatchingEvents COM UI DI / VB .NET / Hello World

Solutions



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Creating Forms



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Create a form within SAP Business One



You want to create a form which is displayed in the SAP Business One main window.

2-1 Create a new form within SAP Business One. The form should contain the following items:



Some example code:

Form Creation:

```
creation Package = SBO\_Application. Create Object (SAPboui COM. BoCreatable Object Type.cot\_Form Creation Params)
```

```
creationPackage.UniqueID = "TB1_DVDAvailability"
creationPackage.FormType = "TB1_DVDAvailability"
creationPackage.ObjectType = "TB1_DVDAvail" 'link form to your UDO

oForm = SBO_Application.Forms.AddEx(creationPackage)
```

```
oForm.Title = "DVD Availability Check"
oForm.Left = 336
oForm.ClientWidth = 280
oForm.Top = 44
oForm.ClientHeight = 200
```

Button creation:

```
oItem = oForm.Items.Add("RentDVD",
SAPbouiCOM.BoFormItemTypes.it_BUTTON)
oItem.Left = 200
oItem.Width = 65
oItem.Top = 170
oItem.Height = 19

oButton = oItem.Specific
oButton.Caption = "Rent DVD"
```

Choose from List

```
Dim oCFLs As SAPbouiCOM.ChooseFromListCollection
oCFLs = oForm.ChooseFromLists

Dim oCFL As SAPbouiCOM.ChooseFromList
Dim oCFLCreationParams As SAPbouiCOM.ChooseFromListCreationParams
oCFLCreationParams =
SBO_Application.CreateObject(SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_ChooseF
romListCreationParams)

oCFLCreationParams.ObjectType = "TB1_DVDAvail" 'Note - this is the Code you
gave in the wizard when you registgered the UDO for TB1_DVD in the UDO
exercises
oCFLCreationParams.UniqueID = "DVDCFL"
oCFL = oCFLs.Add(oCFLCreationParams)
```

EditText Creation

```
oItem = oForm.Items.Add("DVDNameT",
SAPbouiCOM.BoFormItemTypes.it_EDIT)
oItem.Left = 90
oItem.Width = 163
oItem.Top = 25
oItem.Height = 14
oItem.LinkTo = "DVDNameL" 'link it to the associated Static
oEditText = oItem.Specific
oEditText.DataBind.SetBound(True, "", "DVDName")
oEditText.ChooseFromListUID = "DVDCFL"
```

2-2 Enhance your program so that the form will be saved as an XML file.

```
Firstly add a reference to Microsoft XML – this references .NET's System.Xml library oXmlDoc = New Xml.XmlDocument sXmlString = oForm.GetAsXML oXmlDoc.LoadXml(sXmlString) oXmlDoc.Save("File location \" & "DVDAvailability.xml")
```

2-3 Change your program. The form should now be loaded from the XML file you have created in the last step. Display the form in the SAP Business One window.

This code uses MSXML library – so this is just for demonstration. It's preferable to use LoadBatchActions for updates and Forms. AddEx to load forms.

```
Private Sub LoadFromXML(ByVal Filename As String)
Dim oXMLDoc As MSXML2.DOMDocument
oXMLDoc = New MSXML2.DOMDocument

oXMLDoc.load("File Location\" & Filename)
SBO_Application.LoadBatchActions((oXMLDoc.xml)
End Sub
```

2-4 Use the tools from the B1TE toolset (essentially Form Checker) to check whether you have designed your form(s) according to some important UI guidelines...

Similar solution can be found in the SDK UI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM UI/03.SimpleForm, 06.MatrixAndDataSources and 04.WorkingWithXML

Some helpful data for designing Forms

Some neiptur data for designing Forms	
Form	
Height	413px
Width	557px
Controls common	
Distance to left edge	5px
Distance to right edge	5px
Distance to top edge	5px
Distance to bottom edge	5px
Button	
Height	19px
Width	65px
Spacing	5px
Label Field	
Height	14px
Width	Depends on text
Horizontal spacing	>=12px (ungrouped)
Vertical spacing	1px (grouped)
	>=3px (ungrouped)
Input Field	
Height	14px
Width	Enough to show complete field value
Horizontal Spacing	>=12px (ungrouped)
Vertical spacing	1px (grouped)
	>=3px (ungrouped)
Field Help	
Vertical distance to input	1px
field	
Matrix Objects	
Width	Form width minus 2 times 5px to the left and right edge
Number of rows	<=7 rows, add scrollbars if more necessary

Please note that more exhaustive information is available in the "User Interface: Standards and Guidelines" in the "SAP Business One Topic Search" on SAP Servicemarketplace at http://service.sap.com/smb/sbo/resources (October 2007).

Solutions



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Additional Event Handling



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Handle SAP Business One events.



You want to actively influence the SAP Business One dialogues. Therefore you need to handle SAP Business One events.

You only want to receive the events you are interested in.

3-1 Catch FormLoad event for Order form

If pVal.FormType = "139" And pVal.EventType = SAPbouiCOM.BoEventTypes.et_FORM_LOAD And pVal.BeforeAction = False Then End If

3-2 Display the message "Caught Order FormLoad Event" when the FormLoad event for the Order form arrives (use the Application.Message method).

SBO_Application.MessageBox("Caught Order FormLoad Event")

3-3 Catch the click event on the "Rent DVD" button you've added in the previous exercise. Again display a message once the event is caught.

If FormUID = "TB1_DVDAvailability" And pVal.ItemUID = "RentDVD" And pVal.EventType = SAPbouiCOM.BoEventTypes.et_ITEM_PRESSED Then SBO_Application.MessageBox("Caught click on Rent DVD button")

End If

3-4 Create a filter to only receive the events we are interested in.

```
Public oFilters As SAPbouiCOM.EventFilters

Public oFilter As SAPbouiCOM.EventFilter

oFilters = New SAPbouiCOM.EventFilters()

oFilter = oFilters.Add(SAPbouiCOM.BoEventTypes.et_ITEM_PRESSED)

oFilter.AddEx("139") 'Orders Form

oFilter.AddEx("TB1_DVDAvailability")

SBO_Application.SetFilter(oFilters)
```

A solution implementing events catching can be found in the SDK UI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM UI/02.CatchingEvents.

Solutions



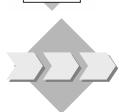
Unit: User Interface API

Topic: New Menu entries in SAP Business One window



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Add a menu entry in the SAP Business One main menu



The form of your Add-On solution should be displayed when the user chooses your new menu entry.

For that purpose you will create a new entry and handle the menu event.

4-1 Add a menu entry to the "Modules" menu called **DVD Store**. Those are the menu entries which are also displayed in the Main Menu. Add a new sub-menu to that menu entry called **DVD Availability**.

```
Dim oMenus As SAPbouiCOM.Menus
Dim oMenuItem As SAPbouiCOM.MenuItem
oMenus = SBO_Application.Menus
Dim oCreationPackage As SAPbouiCOM.MenuCreationParams
oCreationPackage =
SBO Application.CreateObject(SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot MenuCreatio
oMenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("43520") 'Modules
Dim sPath As String
sPath = Application. Startup Path
sPath = sPath.Remove(sPath.Length - 3, 3)
oCreationPackage.Type = SAPbouiCOM.BoMenuType.mt_POPUP
oCreationPackage.UniqueID = "TB1_DVDStore"
oCreationPackage.String = "DVD Store"
oCreationPackage.Enabled = True
oCreationPackage.Image = sPath & "dvd.bmp"
oMenus = oMenuItem.SubMenus
Try
  oMenus.AddEx(oCreationPackage)
  oMenuItem = SBO_Application.Menus.Item("TB1_DVDStore")
  oMenus = oMenuItem.SubMenus
  oCreationPackage.Type = SAPbouiCOM.BoMenuType.mt STRING
```

```
oCreationPackage.UniqueID = "TB1_Avail"
oCreationPackage.String = "DVD Availability"
oMenus.AddEx(oCreationPackage)
Catch er As Exception ' Menu already exists
SBO_Application.MessageBox("Menu Already Exists")
End Try
```

4-2 Handle the menu event: When you choose the menu entry, your form should be displayed.

```
If pVal.MenuUID = "TB1_Avail" And pVal.BeforeAction = False Then
LoadFromXML("DVDAvailability.xml")

End If

Private Sub LoadFromXML(ByVal Filename As String)
Dim oXMLDoc As MSXML2.DOMDocument
Try
oXMLDoc = New MSXML2.DOMDocument

OXMLDoc.load("File location\" & Filename)
SBO_Application.LoadBatchActions(oXMLDoc.xml)

Catch ex As Exception
MessageBox.Show(ex.Message)
End Try

End Sub
```

4-3 Add another menu only visible when your form is open. This menu should appear under the GoTo menu.

```
Dim oCreationPackage As SAPbouiCOM.MenuCreationParams
oCreationPackage =
SBO_Application.CreateObject(SAPbouiCOM.BoCreatableObjectType.cot_MenuCreatio
nParams)
Dim oMenuForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form

oCreationPackage.Type = SAPbouiCOM.BoMenuType.mt_STRING
oCreationPackage.UniqueID = "TB1_TestMenu"
oCreationPackage.String = "Test Menu"

oMenuForm.Menu.AddEx(oCreationPackage)
```

A similar solution can be found in the SDK UI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM UI/05.AddingMenuItems

Solutions



Unit: User Interface API

Topic: Data Binding



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Bind data to fields of a form within the SAP Business One window.



You have created a new form that is displayed within SAP Business One. Now you want the system to display data on that form

5-1 Declare a DBDataSource and UserDataSource object. Link it to the form you created in the Creating Forms exercise.

 $o Form. Data Sources. DBD at a Sources. Add ("@TB1_DVD")$

oForm.DataSources.UserDataSources.Add("DVDName", SAPbouiCOM.BoDataType.dt_SHORT_TEXT)

Note the TB1_DVD table should be defined as Master Data UDO table and registered as a UDO

5-2 Bind the form's items with the corresponding data from the User Defined table created in the DI exercises (*TB1_DVD*).

Firstly for each Edit Text field bind the field to it's corresponding column in the User defined table e.g.

 $oEditText.DataBind.SetBound(\textit{True}, "@TB1_DVDAVAIL", "U_AISLE")$

5-3 Get the data from the data sources and display them in the corresponding fields on your form. Note you will first need to read the value selected by the user from the Choose from List (Item Event) and then fill all other fields accordingly.

```
If pVal.EventType = SAPbouiCOM.BoEventTypes.et_CHOOSE_FROM_LIST Then
    Dim oCFLEvent As SAPbouiCOM.ChooseFromListEvent
    Dim oCFL As SAPbouiCOM.ChooseFromList
    Dim CFLID As String
    Dim oForm As SAPbouiCOM.Form
  oCFLEvent = pVal
  CFLID = oCFLEvent.ChooseFromListUID
  oForm = SBO\_Application.Forms.Item(FormUID)
  oCFL = oForm.ChooseFromLists.Item(CFLID)
  If oCFLEvent.BeforeAction = False Then
    Dim oDataTable As SAPbouiCOM.DataTable
    oDataTable = oCFLEvent.SelectedObjects
    Dim val As String
    Try
      val = oDataTable.GetValue(1, 0)
    Catch ex As Exception
      MessageBox.Show(ex.Message)
    End Try
    If pVal.ItemUID = "DVDNameT" Then
      oForm.DataSources.UserDataSources.Item("DVDName").ValueEx = val
     oDBDataSource = oForm.DataSources.DBDataSources.Item("@TB1_DVD")
      oDBDataSource.Query()
    End If
  End If
End If
```

5-4 Test your application.

A similar solution can be found in the SDK UI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM UI/03.SimpleForm and, 06.MatrixAndDataSources

Add-On Packaging, Administration & Licensing



Contents:

- Add-On Administration
- Packaging
 - Creating a Package
- Licensing
 - Add-On Identifiers

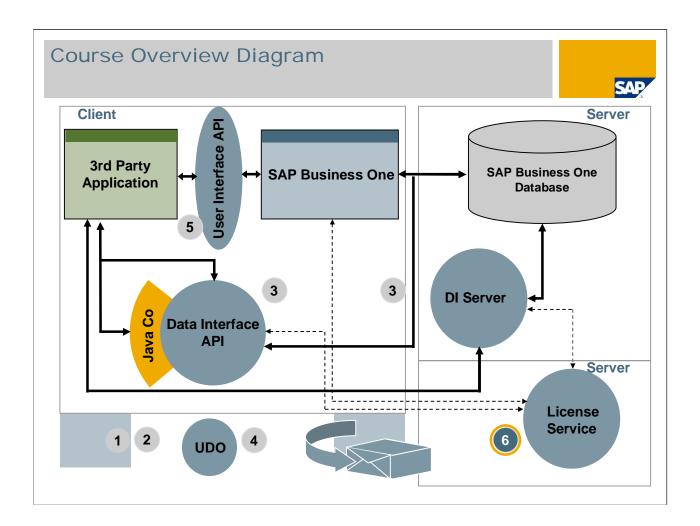
Creating an Add-On: Unit Objectives





At the conclusion of this unit, you will be able to:

- List what you need to do to create an Add-On package
- Perform the steps that are necessary to register an Add-On
- Describe the SAP Business One license mechanism
- Explain the different Add-On Identifier types and their usage



- 1 Course Overview
- 2 SDK Introduction
- 3 The Data Interface API (short look on JCo + DI Server)
- 4 User-Defined Objects (UDO)
- 5 The User Interface API
- 6 Packaging, Add-On Administration and Licensing

Creating an Add-On: Business Example





You have developed an industry-specific solution for SAP Business One. Now you want to deliver this solution to your customers.

Packaging Introduction: Unit Overview Diagram



Add-On Packaging, Administration & Licensing

Topic 1: Packaging Introduction

Topic 2: License Concept

Packaging Introduction: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Explain how to package your solution
- Describe what to include in the Add-On package
- How to get the registration data file
- Describe how your solution will be registered in SAP Business One

Packaging - Package contents



- Add-On components (including registration data file, setup etc.)
- Add-On Installer must be 1 (one!) executable file
- Provide Documentation
- Describe User-defined fields and tables
- Describe the User-defined objects you define in your Add-On (if applicable)
- List where you modify SAP Business One standard functionality (if appropriate):
 - E.g. list which Modules or forms / items you hide etc
- List where you interfere in the control flow of SAP Business One standard functionality (if appropriate) i.e. list any Event you capture which originates from SAP Business One standard functionality:
 - recommended for all Add-Ons; mandatory for Add-Ons to be certified
 - especially where you might set BubbleEvent to False (Mandatory for all Add-Ons)
 - This is important since at the customer site various Add-Ons from various vendors might get engaged!

- In your Add-On documentation make sure that beyond the documentation of any User-Defined Tables, Fields etc document each event and form in the SAP Business One application that you handle or manipulate.
- Include the following information:
 - Expected situation (prerequisite)
 - Action that is performed (change of data)
 - Condition for a break in event chain (i.e. when you set parameter BubbleEvent = False)
 - Situation that can be expected by possible successors (other Add-Ons) handling the same event

Develop / Create Package Compile the Add-On program Create installation program Create registration data file Register / Install / Administrate Register (and install) the Add-On Set Company Preferences Set User Preferences Assign Add-On Licenses to Users (if appropriate)

Run-time

Run or Stop the Add-On

- After you've finished to develop the add-on for your customer the most important thing is to deliver and install it correctly on your clients station.
- Before installing the Add-on on the customer's station make sure that:
 - Customers station complies with the prerequisites for running SAP Business One. (the prerequisites are detailed available system setup documentation)
 - All the relevant components are installed on your client station
- We recommend you to create an installation package with one of the available tools in the market (for example: Microsoft package and deployment, Installed Shield) in this way you can be sure that all the relevant components (dll, OCXs, etc...) will be packed in the package or to use the installation wizard which is included in the B1DE (SAP Business One Devlopment Environment) toolset which is available through SDN..
- Do you remember (just because it happened often that partners disregarded that fact...)?
- An Add-On can connect to UI API in two different modes:
- Development Mode
 - Using the predefined connection string (don't confuse it with the Add-On Identifier!!!) within your code
 - 0030002C0030002C00530041005000420044005F00440061007400650076002C0050004C006F006 D0056004900490056
- Customer Mode (Runtime mode)
 - Connect using the connection string that comes as the commandline parameter...

Add-On Installer - AddOnInstallAPI.dll



The installation is always initiated by the SAP Business One client.

The installer must handle a command line parameter:

"RecommendedPathForAddOn" | "PathForAddOnInstalIAPI.dll"

You must use the AddOnInstallAPI.dll in your installer!

Mandatory:

EndInstallEx(String, Boolean)

Call this function at the end of the installation process.

The boolean parameter allows to indicate success (= True) or failure (= False).

The function returns an integer value; 0 signals success.

EndUnInstall(String, Boolean)

Call this function at the end of the uninstallation process.

The boolean parameter allows to indicate success (= True) or failure (= False).

The function returns an integer value; 0 signals success.

Optional:

SetAddOnFolder(path)

If you modified the default installation path as provided by SAP Business One

RestartNeeded()

Call this function if the setup program restarts the PC (see SDK documentation for more details!)

- See UI API helpfile for more details
- Please note the "EndInstall" is deprecated!

Packaging - Create Registration Data File

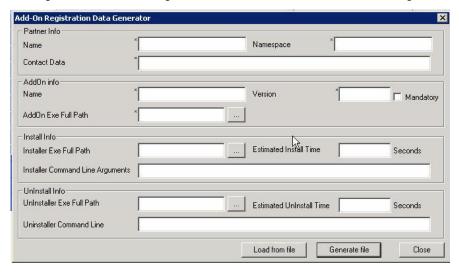


The registration data file allows the application to identify your add-on and run it automatically when the application is launched.

In order to generate the license data file

1. Run the AddOnRegDataGen.exe file, typically located at:

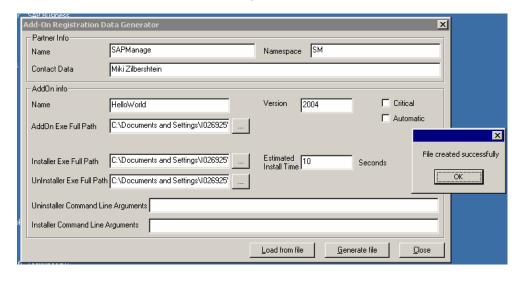
C:\Program Files\SAP Manage\SAP Business One SDK\Tools\AddOnRegDataGen



Packaging - Create Registration Data File #2



- 2. Enter your partner information
- 3. Enter the add-on information
- 4. Enter the data of the add-on installer
- 5. Choose Generate File to create the registration data file



■ Please note that during installation exceeding the "Estimated Install Time" will cause a message box to pop up. In the message box the user can confirm – or deny – the successful installation of the Add-On – at a later time.

Packaging - Create Registration Data File in a batch



AddOnRegDataGen.exe is batch capable.

Calling convention (commandline parameters):

AddOnRegDataGen.exe <xml info> <InstallerVersion> <Installer> <Uninstaller> <Add-On-Exe>

Sample:

AddOnRegDataGen.exe MyAddOn.xml 1.0 setup.exe setup.exe MyAddOn.exe

The "<xml info>":

<AddOnInfo partnernmsp="ABC" contdata="my cont data"
addonname="My Add-On" addongroup="M" esttime="300"
instparams="" uncmdarg="" partnername="My Comp" />

Add-On Administration - Introduction



The *Add-On Administration* tool is designed to help administrators deploy and manage add-on applications on end-users workstations.

IMPORTANT:

The Add-On Administration tool and the current installation mechanism have been introduced in SAP Business One Version 2004. You might encounter older versions on the customer site. Check-out the appropriate information e.g. on SAP Service Marketplace /education.

With the Add-On Administrator you can:

- Register Add-Ons
- Set Company preferences
- Set User Preferences
- Remove Add-Ons
- Monitor Add-Ons

Add-On Administration - Overview



- Add-On Registration Process registers the Add-On applications in the SBO-Common DB on the SAP Business One server
 - Will be done before the first installation of an Add-On on a client machine.
 - The System <u>Administrator</u> registers the Add-On using Add-On Administration; this triggers the import of the installation package and the ARD file into the SBO-Common DB (table SARI).
 - Add-On installation can be started in one step with registration; otherwise it will be started at the next logon.
- Add-On Upgrade will be done by repeating the Add-On Registration Process.
 - Please note that the new Add-On version must be greater than the installed version (e.g. "1.1" instead of "1.0").
 - In a first step the upgrade process will start the "uninstall"!
 - Add-On upgrade can be started in one step with registration; otherwise it will be started at the next logon.
- Add-On Administration is only available for users with Superuser privileges for the company.

Add-On Administration – Register installation package



In SAP Business One go to: Administration-> Add-On-> Add-On Administration

Choose Register Add-On

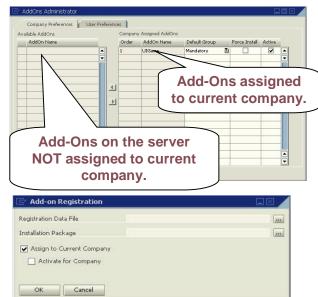
Registration Data File: Choose the data file of the Add-On.

Installation Package: Choose the installation file of the Add-On.

Check Assign to Current Company, if you like to assign the Add-On to the current company.

Check Activate for Company, if you like to start the installation on the PC you currently use.

Choose OK to close the window and register the Add-On



- Once the Add-On is registered, it appears in the Available Add-On list on the Add-On Administration window.
- Package has been copied into SBO-Common database (table SARI)...

Add-On Administration – Company Preferences



- <u>Start-up Group</u> Assigning a Start-up Group controls the start-up behavior and deployment of add-ons for all users connecting to a company
- Mandatory Add-on is needed to fulfill requirements of the customer specification;
 Add-On will be started automatically
- <u>Automatic</u> Add-on is started automatically by the SAP Business One application
- Manual Add-on is not started automatically by the SAP Business One application

This setting can be changed per user – except for "Mandatory"

- Force install Forces the SAP Business One application to try again to install an Add-On that failed to install each time the end-user logs on to the company.
- <u>Event-receiving order</u> This order is determined by the order (from top to bottom) in the Company Assigned Add-On list.
- <u>Active</u> An Add-On can be temporarily deactivated through this setting.

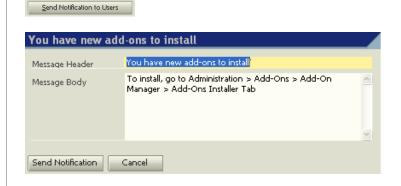
- Setting Company Preferences
- The Add-On Administration tool lets you set different company-wide preferences for
- each company-assigned add-on.
- To set these preferences, you must assign the add-on to the company (if you haven't done so already during the registration process) by moving the add-on from the Available Add-On list to the Company Assigned Add-On list using the icons.
- The company preferences include:
- See slide...

Add-On Administration – Send notification to Users



Client Install – A user can install new add-ons without logging again to Business one.

Administrator registers new add-ons and sends notification to users by clicking on the button on the Add-on Administration form.



Add-On Administration – Add-On Admin Remarks



Active flag overrides all other settings for the AddOn in a company:

If the Add-On is marked as not active (the check box is not checked) the Add-On could be updated – without being installed and executed immediately.

- Extended log for Add-On Installation:
 - Add Windows environment variable AAdminLog
 - Values 0 (no log) ... 3 (every message will be logged)
 - Logfile can be found in <Temp> folder of the Windows user (e.g. C:\Documents and Settings\cuser>\Local Settings\Temp)

Add-On Administration – Add-On Manager



In SAP Business One go to: Administration → Add-On → Add-On Manager

Monitor Add-Ons in SAP Business One Client (current user).

Displays a list of Add-ons the user is allowed to run.

Displays Current Add-on Status: **Connected, Disconnected, Failed**

Notifies through Popup-Message **in case** Add-On failed.

Ability to Start Add-On manually within the SAP Business One application

Displays only **the** relevant information **for current user**



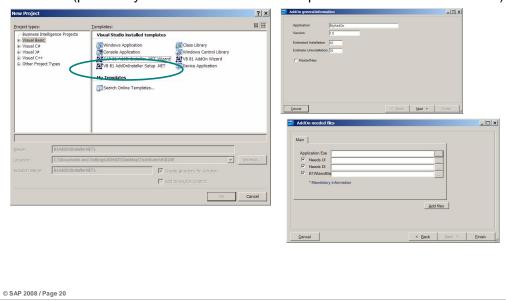
■ In case an Add-On terminates the user will be informed about that fact including options to continue working or logoff from thr current company.

Creating an installer using the B1DE - Toolset



The B1DE Package contains 2 installer wizards that you can use to create Add-on installers easily:

- SAP Installer Wizard to generate the setup code to install and register an add-on with B1
- VB B1 Installer Wizard to generate the .NET setup code to install and register an add-on with B1 (potentially better suitable for more sophisticated installation routines)



- In contrast to using B1DE to implement add-ons no B1DE DLL files have to be shipped together with the installer.
- You can use the B1DE installer wizards without using B1DE for your add-on project!

Packaging Introduction: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Explain how to package your solution
- Describe what to include in the Add-On package
- How to get the registration data file
- Describe how your solution will be registered in SAP Business One

Packaging Introduction: Exercise





Check-out the sample installation program in the SDK Folder (see Appendix "SDK Installations" for details about the SDK Folder)...

■ Also try to install the Add-Ons you implemented in the exercises before and / or the Video Library course project you'll develop later...

Additional Information: Certification Process



- This process is mandatory for Solution Partners (SPs / ISVs) and optional for Sale & Software Partners (SSPs)
- It includes specification of various technical information above all what of and how the SDK's interfaces are used
- Partners also have to describe test cases that characterize the solution.
- Certificators will approve documentation and test cases for the certification session – or request additional information – or more details.
- In the certification session data provided will be discussed and test cases will be checked.

License Concept: Unit Overview Diagram



Add-On Packaging, Administration & Licensing

Topic 1: Packaging Introduction

Topic 2: License Concept

License Concept: Topic Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- Describe the license concept for the SAP Business One Software Development Kit and Add-ons
- Describe the meaning of
 - License service and license file
 - Add-on Identifier
 - License mode
 - License Key Name (string)
- Order a license file

License Concept: Business Example



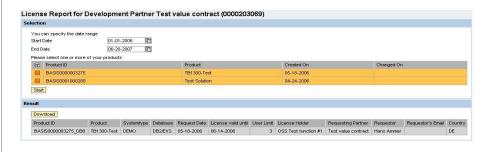


Your company has built a solution (Add-on) for SAP Business One. Now you want to add license checks for named users to your solution. To do so, you use the license concept of the SAP Business One Software Development Kit.

License Concept - Motivation



- Ensure Return on Investment (ROI)
- Restrict usage of an Add-On solution
- Re-use license mechanism of SAP Business One
 - No need for own license check programming
 - No need to set up a license infrastructure
- Please note: Licenses for registered Add-Ons will be provided without further approval so far (Sept. 2007).
 - After a click on "License Overview" at the SAP Channel Partner Portal Quick Link http://service.sap.com/licensekey a "License Report" listing requested licenses for your registered Add-On solutions is displayed…



Licensing Infrastructure - Architecture / Landscape sample The License Service serves all license checks ■ The connection information (server + port) between an SAP Business One Database Server is stored in table SLIC in SBO-Common License assignments to user codes are stored in the file B1upf.xml B1upf.xml **Partner** License **SAP Business One** License Service Client Licensing (CORBA) Check SDK **SAP Business One Partner UI API** Client Solution Check SBO-Common : SLIC Partner SDK DI API Solution Check SAP Business One Database Server **Partner DI Server** (...,points" to License Service)

- The license service is part of the SAP Business One server tools and can be installed on a central machine that can support multiple SAP Business One systems and Company Databases.
- From version 2005 on, it is a CORBA service instead of COM service as of version 2004
 - You need to set port (default = 30000) + PC name (not IP address!) in 2004 you could also use the IP address; no port could be specified (the port used was owned by DCOM).
 - 2005 technology solves the domain problem with the DCOM service as of 2004
- When you connect to SAP Business One the system receives from the license service the modules the user is licensed. Whenever a form is clicked to be opened, it checks if the form is part of the license package the user has.
- One named user can access multiple systems with just one license.
- The license service does not need to be installed on a separate machine. It can of course also be installed on the SAP Business One database server.
- The partner solution (= Add-on) identifies itself via SDK
- The license check for partner solutions is done via SAP Business One client resp. SDK DI API
- Two different SAP Business One database server (e.g. test system and productive system) can use one license service.
- To simplify the handling of licenses it's recommended to use one central license service for the whole SAP Business One system landscape

Licensing Infrastructure – Technical Components



License Service / License Manager

- Part of "SAP Business One Server Tools"
- Can be installed on any computer
- Calculates a "Hardware Key"
- Provides logging capabilities to detect license-related issues
- Allows to set the port number it listens to
 - Actually the port that is specified is the port number of the "Naming Service" that handles the initial connect to license service…
 - License service itself listens to that port number + 1
- Checks whether a session is still alive to release concurrent user type licenses if necessary
- Responds to license checks triggered from any SAP Business One component
 - SDK components: Connect to component
- Please note: "Named User" type license checks are performed per user code + database name (disregarding DB server + client PC)
 - It is only allowed to log on to SAP Business One once per user code / DB name!

■ "Hardware Key" available in the SAP Business One "About…" screen and the Properties of the License Service





Licensing Infrastructure – Technical Components (cont.)



License File

- License File
 - Specific for a particular License Service
 - Generated through SAP Service Marketplace on request
 - Includes licenses for:
 - All purchased SAP Business One components
 - Includes SAP components that are available for free
 - ...and Add-On solutions
 - Can be uploaded through License Service or through the SAP Business One client application
 - Issued per "localization"; customers who upgrade from previous versions will receive a "Global" license that still allows to use any localization.
- B1Upf.xml
 - Keeps information regarding licenses assigned to specific user codes



...is keeps this information independently from Company Database and even SAP Business One "Server"

Add-On Licensing - Step-by-step



ISV / Solution Partner

- Register Add-On solution
 - Currently use message to SAP Support for component SBO-SDK-AA
- Receive License Key Name
- Generate Add-On Identifier
- Use Add-On Identifier in source code to trigger check for specific Add-On Solution license

VAR / Sales & Service Partner / Customer

- Order SAP Licenses on the Channel Partner Portal http://service.sap.com/smb/sbo/order
- "Request" License Key from SAP (includes Add-On licenses)
- Install Add-On Solution
- Assign Licenses to users

Add-On Licensing - Terms



License Key Name

- Technical String returned by SAP upon registration of the Add-On Solution
- Starts with "BASIS" followed by a 10-digit number
- Identical to SWPRODUCTNAME in the license file + extension (extension related to chosen DB type); e.g.: SWPRODUCTNAME=BASIS1234567890 MSS

Add-On Identifier

- Identifier that is used in Add-On code
- "Add-On Identifier Generator" in SAP Business One generates "Solution", "Implementation" or "Development" Add-On Identifiers
 - "Solution" Add-On Identifier is generated from the License Key Name, allows to use DI API and UI API (Add-On License to be assigned to the user)
 - "Implementation" Add-On Identifier allows to use UI API only (concurrent user license)
 - "Development" Add-On Identifier allows to use DI API and UI API as well, but requires "SDK Development" License (concurrent user license)
- Use only the first 15 characters of the License Key Name (e.g. BASIS1234567890) to generate a "Solution" Add-On Identifier

Add-On Licensing - Remarks



ISV / Solution Partner

- Register Add-On solution
 - Registration during the License Key Request as "Partner Solution not listed" (just type in a name) will result in the solution being available for your direct customers only.
 - "SDK Development" License is prerequisite to register a Solution (it is checked whether this license has been ordered for any installation on the partner/customer number).
- An Add-On that uses SDK's UI API only can run on "SDK Implementation" License.
 - Please note: Add-On Identifier is specific for the "System"; it has to be regenerated for other "Systems".

VAR / Sales & Service Partner / Customer

 Can register "proprietary" Add-On solutions as well – "SDK Development" License is a prerequisite.

Add-On Licensing - License Key Request



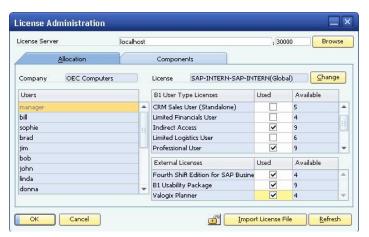


- Use the Hardware Key supplied by License Manager or in the "About…" dialog in SAP Business One when creating the "System"
- Choose from SAP licenses purchased (purchased licenses can be distributed across multiple "Systems" within an "Installation")
- Choose Add-On Solution licenses as agreed with the SSP
- An email with an attached license file will be sent to the address entered for the "System"

- Process for the License Key Request:
 - Go to http://service.sap.com/licensekey
 - Select the Installation Number a license file should be requested for. The respective systems for this Installation Number will be displayed
 - To modify an existing license choose the respective System, change data and request a new license file.
 - Go to "Request New System" Link to request an new license file for a new license landscape
 - Fill in data and choose "Next Step"
- In this screen the licenses of the different SAP Business One components and Certified and Uncertified Partner Solutions can be selected and will be included in the license file.
- Customer specific solutions are shown in a personalized list for the partner only. If a customer runs a customer specific solution, the partner has to order the license file (with the same transaction). The partner can register his/her customer-specific solution via his/her license request form. His/Her solution is then shown in his/her personalized license request form and can be selected for a license file for the customer.
- Also expiration dates can be set to give partners the possibility to send out demo or test licenses for their solutions.

Add-On Licensing - License Administration





The License Administration form allows

- Administrators to maintain licenses and
- Grant users access to SAP Business One modules and Add-On solutions
- View content of license file
- Import a new license file to the license service
- Lock any users from the SAP Business One system

Add-On Licensing - License Administration



- SAP Business One and Add-On license can be maintained and controlled through the License Administration Form -> Administration -> License -> License Administration.
- Configurations can be maintained only for the Company Database the administration is currently logged on to.
- Indirect Access user is a valid SAP Business One license type, not authorized to any functionality inside the SAP Business One GUI application.
- No limitation on the number of add-ons assigned to one user
- Add-on licenses can only be assigned to users with a valid SAP Business One license type
- Registered Add-ons are displayed under External Licenses

Please note:

- ⇒ To use B1i(SN) two (free) licenses have to be assigned to the (technical) user "B1i" in SAP Business One:
 - License type "B1i"
 - License type "B1iINDIRECT_MSS"

Add-On Licensing - Activate license check



In general the Add-On Identifier String must be passed to the AddOnIdentifier property before calling the Connect() method of an API.

Sample code UI API

Dim blGuiApi as New SAPbouiCOM.SboGuiApi
blGuiApi.AddonIdentifier = "4CC5B8A4E0213A68489E38CB4052855EE8678 _
CD237F64DlC11C52706A541BD245D5E6E4050AE9B919FBE0FAB44F9"
blGuiApi.Connect(sConnectionString)

Sample code DI API (for usage without UI API)

```
m_cmp = New SAPbobsCOM.Company
m_cmp.AddonIdentifier = "4CC5B8A4E0213A68489E38CB4052855EE8678 _
CD237F64D1C11C52706A541BD245D5E6E4050AE9B919FBE0FAB44F9"
lret = m_cmp.Connect()
```

- The Add-On Identifier String needs to be assigned to the Add-On Identifier Property before calling the connect method in the APIs
- Connections should be re-used to avoid wasting licenses for the same user.
- Add-on solutions using the UI and DI API should set the Add-On Identifier only in the UI API and first connect to the UI API and then to the DI API.
 - Another connection through the DI API would use up another license
- If the Add-On is assigned to the "Mandatory" start group, a user that has not been assigned a license for this Add-On cannot logon to the particular company.

Add-On Licensing - Technical details



Please note:

- Add-On solutions using both, UI API and DI API in conjunction with the "single-sign on" feature have to leave the AddOnIdentifier property of DI's company object empty!
- When using the "Multi Add-on" feature to get the DI connection through UI API the Connect() method won't be called anyway.
- DI Server performs a license check when it starts.
- DI Server has a CPU-based license model!

Please note further:

UI API has a functionality to check the License Status of a particular form for the logged on user:

Application.Company.GetFormLicenseStatus(...)

Add-On-related Licenses - Overview



The following table lists relevant licenses and what each of them allows to use.

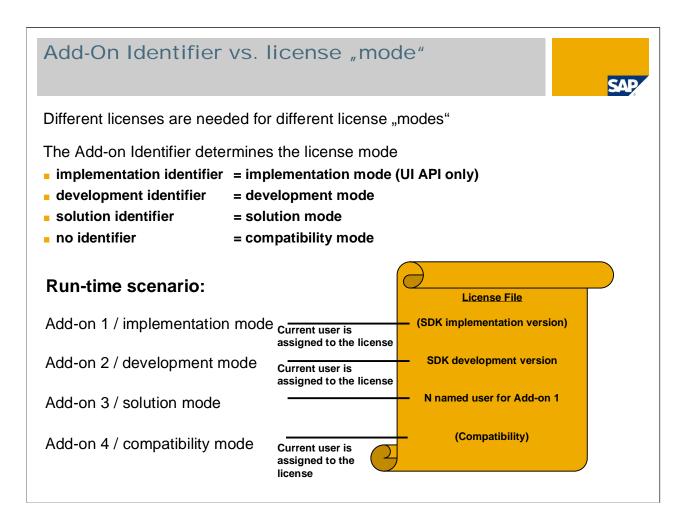
Named = Named user license
Conc. = Concurrent user license
CPU = CPU-based license

Please note (again):

To use UI API or DI API the user **must** have an <u>SAP license</u> assigned **in addition** (Indirect Access, Limited or Professional User) – **no matter** which SDK License type should be used!

Licenses vs. Components	License Type	UI API	DI API	DI Server	Screen Painter	SAP Add- Ons	Namespace and Add-On registration
SDK Development	Conc.	X	X	-	-	-	Yes
<(ISV) Solution License>	Named	X	X	-	-	-	-
DI Server	CPU	-	-	x	-	-	-
SAP Add-Ons (free)	Named	-	-	-	-	x	-
SDK Tools (free)	Named	-	-	-	X	-	-
Historical Licenses							
SDK Implementation (free)	Conc.	X	-	-	-	-	-
Compatibility License (free)	Conc.	X	X	-	-	-	-

- Regarding "Historical Licenses":
- In the license file you will still find entries for "Implementation License" and "Compatibility License".
- "Compatibility License" has been kept to support non-registered Add-ons technically.
- "Implementation License" may not make much sense in this context. It has been kept for backward compatibility reasons though.



- The Implementation Mode is meant to be used during the implementation and development of small implementation Add-Ons
 - Allows to create and run small implementation Add-Ons in a specific customer environment without applying for an Add-On License Key Name.
 - Add-Ons with implementation identifier strings run only in the environment (license server) the identifier was created in.
- The Development Mode is targeted to be used during the development phase of Add-On solutions (Please note: Concurrent user mode applies)
 - A development license for the SAP Business One SDK must be available
- The Solution Mode will be used running Add-On solutions at the customer site
 - This mode was created to check valid licensing for partner Add-On solutions for SAP Business One
 - The logged on user must have been assigned a (named user) license for this Add-On.
 - The installation of the SDK runtime version is a prerequisite for Add-ons using DI API or Java Connector, but there's no additional license check for the SDK in this license mode
- The Compatibility Mode is available to support "old" Add-Ons that have been developed before release 2004 and do not use the Add-On Identifier string
 - "Older" Add-Ons still run with SAP Business One release 2004 to ensure compatibility
 - Add-Ons that do not set the "AddonIdentifier" property are assumed to be "old" Add-Ons.
- several modes for different Add-ons are possible in one SAP Business One system landscape / can run with the same SAP Business One application

License Concept: Topic Summary





You should now be able to:

- Describe the license concept for the SAP Business One Software Development Kit and Add-ons
- Describe the meaning of
 - License service and license file
 - Add-on Identifier
 - License mode
 - License Key name (string)
- Order a license file

Creating an Add-On: Unit Summary





You should now be able to:

- List what you need to do to create an Add-On package
- Perform the steps that are necessary to register an Add-On
- Describe the SAP Business One license mechanism
- Explain the different Add-On Identifier types and their usage

Exercises



Unit: Add-On Packaging

Topic: Basics



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Write a simple VB .NET installer program.



VB .NET has capabilities to implement such an installer.

1-1 You can create your own installer or use the B1 Simple Installer or B1 Professional Installer from the SDN Development Tools

Exercises



Unit: Licensing

Topic: License mechanism for Add-Ons



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Use the licensing mechanism



- 2-1 Use Add-On Identifier generator to:
 - Create a Development identifier
 - Create an Implementation identifier
 - Solution Identifier (need BASIS license from SAP)
 - Note the differences
- 2-2 Use the Identifier in your code (use the property AddonIdentifier from the DI Company object or from the UI SboGuiApi object) and check out when it fails.

Solutions



Unit: Add-On Packaging

Topic: Basics



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Write a simple VB .NET installer program.



A solution can be found in the SDK UI samples (in the SDK Folder – see Appendix "SDK Installations" for more information), COM UI/ 14. AddOnInstaller.

Or from the SDN:

 $\label{lem:http://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/sdn/index?rid=/webcontent/uuid/a175fb62-0c01-0010-a8b5-fa58a13b1cf7\#section21$

Solutions



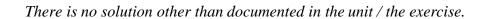
Unit: Licensing

Topic: License mechanism for Add-Ons



At the conclusion of this exercise, you will be able to:

• Use the licensing mechanism



Appendix1 - Tools



Contents:

Available on SDN

- Add-On test tools
- Add-On development tools

B1 SDK Tools - What?



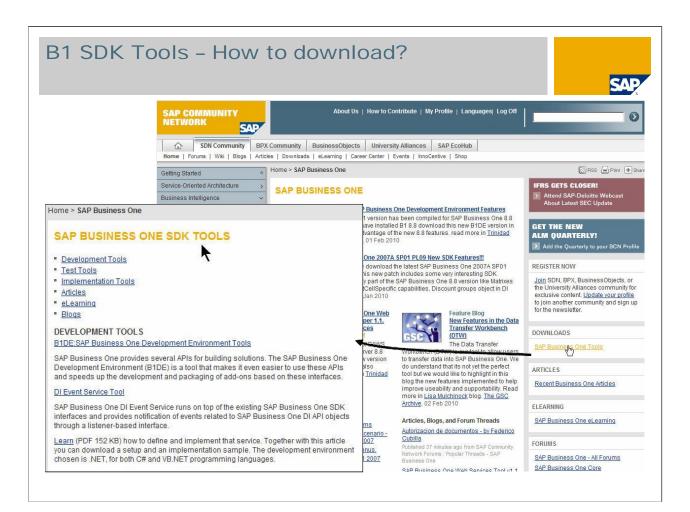
Set of development and testing tools helping partners to develop and test their addons.

Given as free source code in SDN:

http://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/sdn/businessone

Tools offered:

- Development Environment
- Event Logger
- DI LogsReader
- DI Event Service
- COM License Bridge
- Test Environment
- Test Composer



B₁DE



Packages B1 SDK coding solutions best practices by providing wizards for code generation and helpful tools for development of add-ons.

- Based on B1 SDK
- Integrated with Microsoft Visual Studio .NET 2005 and 2008: the most used development environment for B1 solutions
- Comes with a set of documented guidelines to:
 - ensure correct usage of APIs
 - avoid the repetitive development (connection, forms and menus creation,...)
 - help partners to concentrate on the business side
 - ensure compatibility
 - add-on inter-working
 - etc

B1DE - Tools proposed



B1 Code Generator Wizard

- a set of Microsoft Visual Studio .NET wizards and add-ins
 - to generate .NET B1 solutions: VB.NET and C#

B1 Simple Installer Wizard

- a Microsoft Visual Studio .NET wizard
 - to generate the setup code to install and register an add-on with B1

B1 Professional Installer Wizard

- a Microsoft Visual Studio .NET wizard
 - to generate the .NET setup code to install and register an add-on with B1

B1 UDO Form Generator

- a Windows tool (also integrated with B1 Code Generator Wizard)
 - to generate an XML form starting from an UDO

B1 DB Browser

- a Windows tool (also integrated with B1 Code Generator Wizard)
 - to visualize the current status of a SAP Business One database in terms of the tables, columns, types, default values, database constraints and links
 - to visualize the changes in the database between two B1 versions

B1DE - B1 Code Generator Wizard



Generates your add-on code and data managing:

- UI API and DI API connections
- metadata objects creation
 - User Defined Tables
 - User Defined Fields
 - User Defined Objects
- events management
 - listener-based interface
 - events registration
 - events filtering
- menu actions
 - creation, deletion, update
 - attach a form to a menu
- form generation



B1DE - Installer Wizards



B1 add-on installing requirements:

- a unique setup executable
- an ARD file

Two wizards available

- Simple installer
 - generates a simple .NET Application Project
 - no coding required at all
- Professional installer
 - generates a .NET Setup and Deployment project
 - requires .NET Setup and Deployment projects basic knowledge



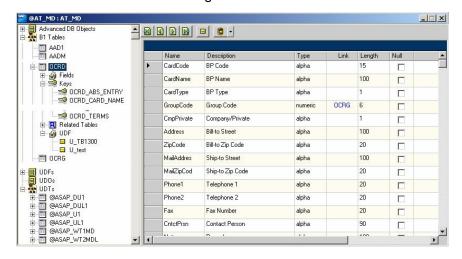
B1DE - DbBrowser



Visualizes current status of a B1 database

Offers the possibility to navigate between linked/related tables.

Shows information about changes between B1 versions

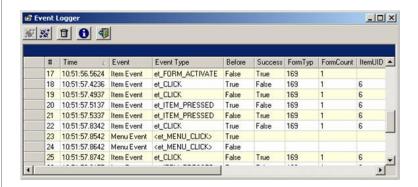


Event Logger



Motivation

- Easily identify the events fired by the UI API depending on the user actions
- Observe the information given by B1 for each event.



DI LogsReader



This tool provides a clear view of the XML file logs that can be produced by DI API. You can then analyze all DI API calls with detailed information, like interface and command name, elapsed time, input and output types and values.



DIEventService

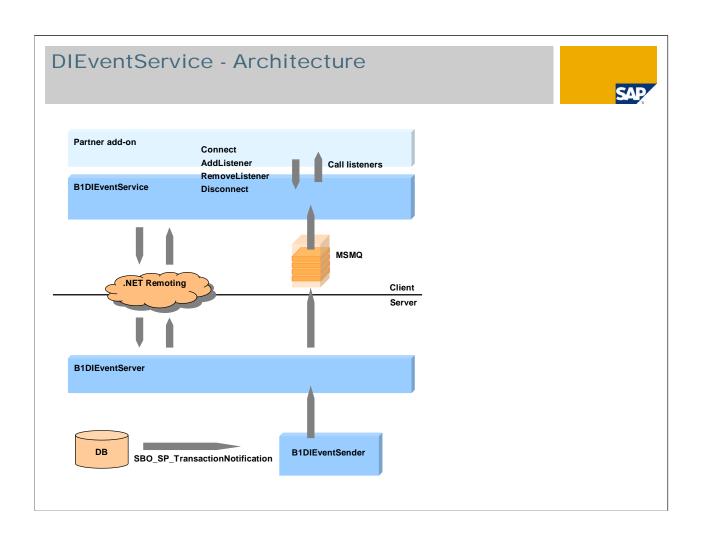


Motivation

- UI API FormData events only alerts on user actions done on the B1 GUI, no alerts given for other add-ons action
- Avoid conflicts between different add-ons using the SBO_SP_TransactionNotification

Solution proposed

- Listener-based interface for data event notification
- Easy to use high-level interface integrated with the SDK
- Samples provided



DIEventService - Sample code



Connection

Listeners method declaration

```
// AddItems Delegate implementation in the add-ons side
public void AddItems_Listener(BlDIEventService.BlDIEventArgs
eventInfo)
{
    ...
}

// AddOrders Delegate implementation in the add-ons side
public void AddItems_Listener(BlDIEventService.BlDIEventArgs
eventInfo)
{
    ...
}

Disconnection

// Remove a listener
evtService.removeListener(SAPbobsCOM.BoObjectTypes.oItems.ToString(),
BlDIEventTransactionTypes.Add.ToString())
```

evtService.disconnect()

B1 Test Environment (B1TE)



Set of profiling tools for SAP B1 SDK add-ons

- Do not require the source code or a development environment
- Used by SAP during solution certification phase
- Scenarios:
 - Analyze add-ons compliance with SDK
 - Troubleshoot run-time issues
 - Check compatibility breakages

Tools included:

- B1 DB Browser
- B1 DB Profiler
- B1 .NET Profiler
- B1 Form Checker
- B1 Bubble Checker
- MSSQL Profiler

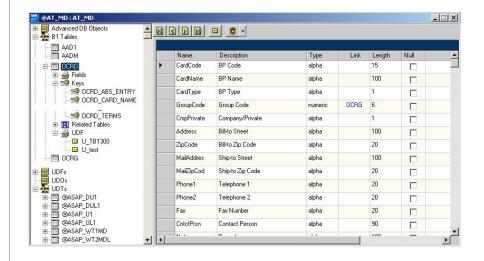
B1TE - DbBrowser



Visualizes current status of a B1 database

Offers the possibility to navigate between linked/related tables.

Shows information about changes between B1 versions

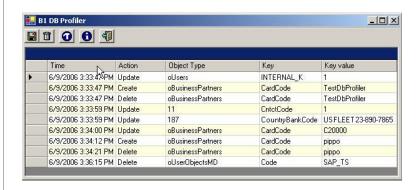


B1TE - DbProfiler



Keeps track of all changes in a B1 database carried out by a correct execution of a DI API call (based on SBO_SP_TransactionNotification stored procedure).

DOES NOT: Track incorrect accesses – as for instance accessing and modifying a B1 company DB through ODBC or direct SQL statements.



B1TE - .NETProfiler

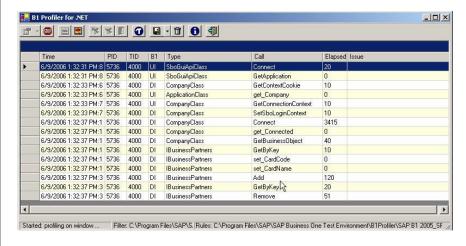


Traces calls to SDK APIs and any other .NET objects

Marks deprecated SDK API calls

Can generate list of used objects/methods for TPP

Only available for Add-Ons using in MS .NET (uses Profiling API of MS .NET)



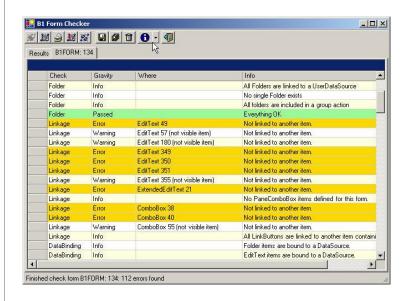
B1TE - Form Checker



Checks a form against the B1 programming and look-and-feel rules guidelines

Lists all the possible issues encountered in a form itself

Can check xml forms as well as forms shown in B1

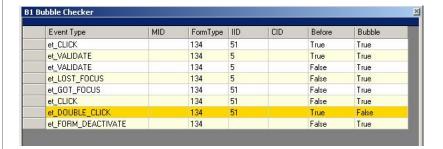


B1TE - Bubble Checker



Lists all events sent by the B1 application

Marks the events that are stopped by an add-on (BubbleEvent set to false)

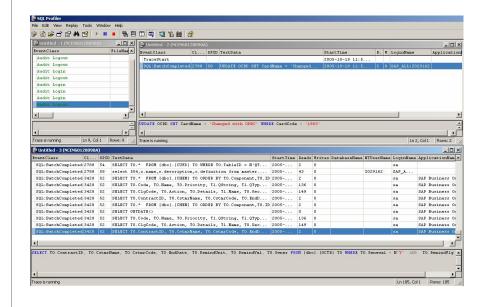


B1TE - Use of MSSQL Profiler



Tracks all database operations, those done with and without using the DI API

B1TE provides some templates for Microsoft SQL Server Profiler or the MSDE's OSQL command line tool



B1 Test Composer (B1TC)



Motivation

give to partners a simple way to test their add-ons

Core features

- record, replay, check values
- batching tests, selecting tests in a batch

Independence from 3rd party SW

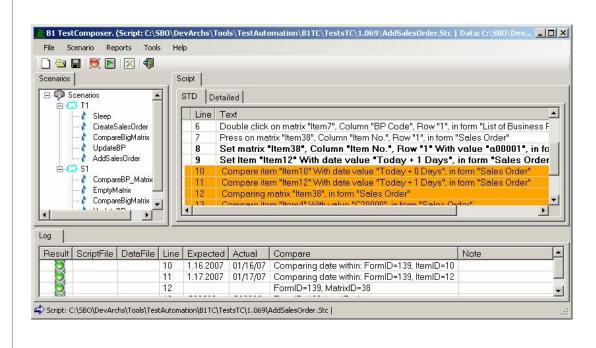
- self consistent and free
- No dependency from any licensed tool

Automatic generation of test documentation

want to run tests, not writing test documentation

B1TC - Main window





Play window Record and Play tests cases Record window Record window Record window

Ready.

Appendix2 - SDK Installations & Support Processes



Contents:

- SDK Installations
- Partners support process
 - Customer message
 - DRQ
- Market Place overview
 - How to open a customer message
 - How to download patches
 - How to Order License File
 - Naming Conventions
 - Searching for notes
 - RKT self Learning
- SDN Developer Area and Forum

SDK Installations: Objectives





At the conclusion of this topic, you will be able to:

- List the components of the SAP Business One SDK
- Tell some details about DI API installation
- Describe what is in the "SDK installation"

SDK Installations 1. SDK Components



- DI API
 - Available for all existing versions
 - Java connector → Part of Server installation from version 2007
 - Optionally separate installation (Part of SAP Business One client installation)
- DI Server
 - Part of Server Tools installation
- UI API
 - Part of SAP Business One client installation
- UDO User Defined Object
 - Built in into SAP Business One itself no additional requirements
 - Please note that there is a path for extensions that has to be specified on the Company Settings "Path" page
- "SDK package" contains:
 - Help
 - Samples
 - Tools

■ Note: UI API version must be identical to client version

SDK Installations 2. DI API and JCo - Installation



Standard installation path in version 8.8:

C:\Program Files\SAP\SAP Business One DI API

DI API: Part of the client installer

JCo included in DI API Installer:

C:\Program Files\SAP\SAP Business One Server DI API\JCO\LIB

- Version 6.5, 2004 → C:\Program Files\SAP Manage\SAP Business One DI API
- DI API is a separate installation for versions 6.2 2004
 - => This is something to check in addition in case of problems
- In 2005 DI installation is part of the Autorun for the client installation.

IMPORTANT:

■ The DI API installation package in the B1_SHR folder doesn't get updated by the upgrader; you will have to copy the new DI API installation package "manually" to that location - in case you intend to install DI API on a machine where you won't install the SAP Business One client application…

SDK Installations 3. SDK - What is in it?



The SDK folder contains:

- Help & Documentation
- UDO library & header files
- Samples for several platforms
 - Visual Basic .Net
 - C#
- Samples for most major features
 - DI API
 - UI API
 - DI API + UI API
 - UDO
 - DI Server
- Tools
 - Registration tools
 - ...for other tools please visit the SAP (Developer) Network www.sdn.sap.com

SDK Installations: Summary





You are now able to:

- List components of the SAP Business One SDK
- Tell some details about DI API installation
- Describe what is in the "SDK installation"

1a. Partner support process

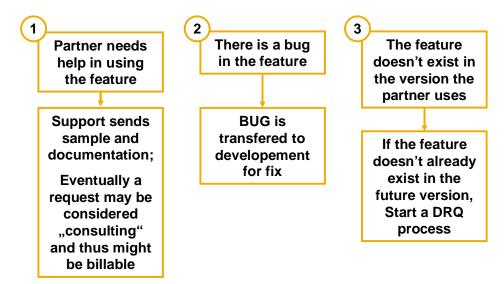


Use SAP Service Marketplace alias "sbosupport"

Partner opens a Customer message

The Global Support Center (GSC) team gets the message and answers the partner.

- If needed, the message is escalated to Development support team.
- There are 3 Possibilities



1b. DRQ - Development Request Process



Partner that needs a feature that the API doesn't supply has to open a DRQ message

- DRQ Development request for the continuous improvement of SAP Business One
- Any request for changes or improvements in the system from it's current behavior
- Development requests should be handled through the DRQ process

Process

Open message for component SBO-DRQ

The Local PM will receive the DRQ messages and handle the versions content

2. The SAP Service Marketplace



http://service.sap.com

To access, the SAP Service Marketplace you will need a login or "S-Number" (Somebody within your organization will be able to create S-Numbers if you don't have one yet.)

An "alias" is a URL-suffix that gives you access to a particular page on the SAP Service Marketplace.

Example: "smb" alias is: http://service.sap.com/smb

Useful sites

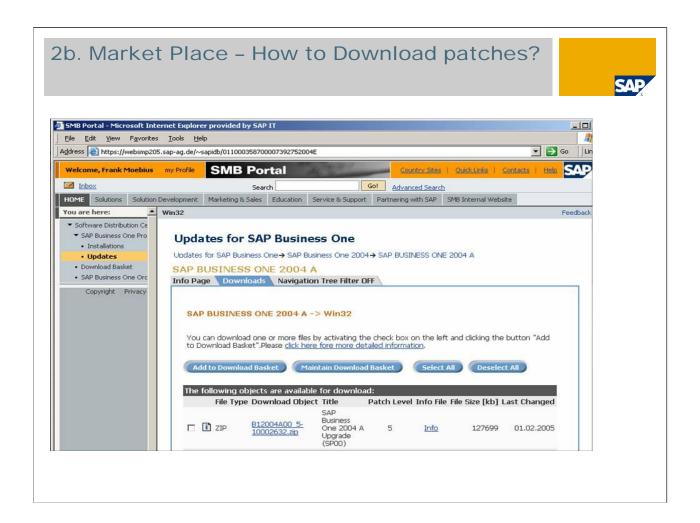
- http://service.sap.com/notes
- http://service.sap.com/knowledgebase
- http://service.sap.com/namespaces
- http://service.sap.com/smb

To contact the community or use its resources go to:

https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/sdn/businessone

2a. Market Place - How to open a customer message? www.service.sap.com/smb/sbo/support SAP Partner Edge Channel Partner Portal - Microsoft Internet Explorer Eile Edit View Favorites Tools Help 🔾 Back 🔻 🕞 - 💌 🙎 🏠 🔎 Search 🦖 Favorites 😝 Media 🚱 🛜 - 🥌 🔟 🔻 Address 🔊 https://websmp204.sap-ag.de/smb/sbo/support SAP PartnerEdge GLOBAL AP Business One - Support A SAP Business One - Support Cente SAP Business One Notes Create Message SAP Business One Support Center Search Messages The SAP Business One Support Center is dedicated to our SAP Business One Partners. It provides you the functionality to provide online support to your customers and gives you the possibility to log messages to SAP support. Customer Queue Customer Queue - My components Your SAP Business One customers can log messages in the <u>Customer Portal</u> and you can find these messages in your <u>Customer Queue</u>. Customers' messages can be forwarded to SAP directly or you can <u>create a message</u> on behalf of a customer. To solve customer problems you can search in the <u>SAP Notes database</u> or provide a solution yourself. In your <u>Personal Inbox</u>, you will find solutions from SAP, queries from SAP, messages you arcrently processing and solutions you have proposed to your customers. You can also track all your messages <u>Sent to SAP</u> out of the SAP Personal Inbox Sent to SAP End User Documentation Business One Support Center. Service Corner Create Message Customer Queue Personal Inbox mySAP All-in-One 🔒 🥞 Local intranet

- Log in using your s-user and password
- Click "SAP Business One Messages" (from the main page) → You will get the page which is displayed above.
- Click on the 'Create message 'button
- Fill in the required fields as accurately as possible



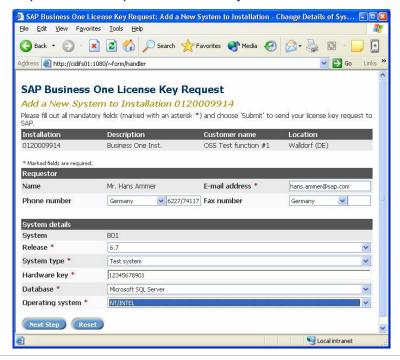
Click the following link:

- https://websmp103.sap-ag.de/sbo-swcenter
- Choose from the links tree on the left side of the screen:
 - → Support Packages & Patches
 - → SAP Business One Releases prior to SBO 2004
 - → SAP Business One A
 - → SAP Business One 6.5 (choose the version you need)
 - → Binary Patches
 - → SAP Business One 6.5
 - → Win 32
- While upgrading from one version to another (for example if you upgrade from version 6.2 to version 6.5) first you need to install the major release and than you need to upgrade to the most recent published patch. (In the slide below it is patch number 7).

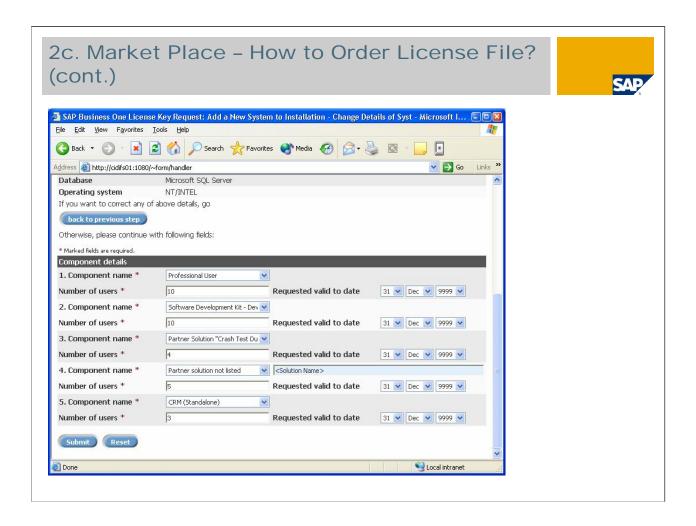
2c. Market Place - How to Order License File?



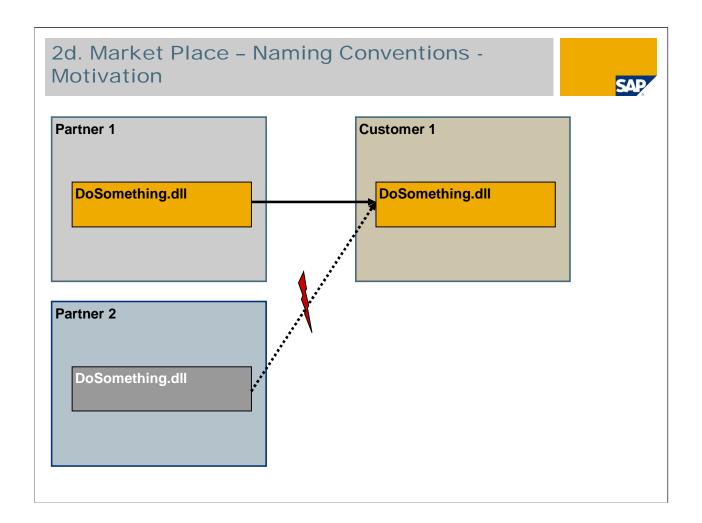
License from SAP can be ordered from the SAP Service Marketplace http://service.sap.com/licensekeys



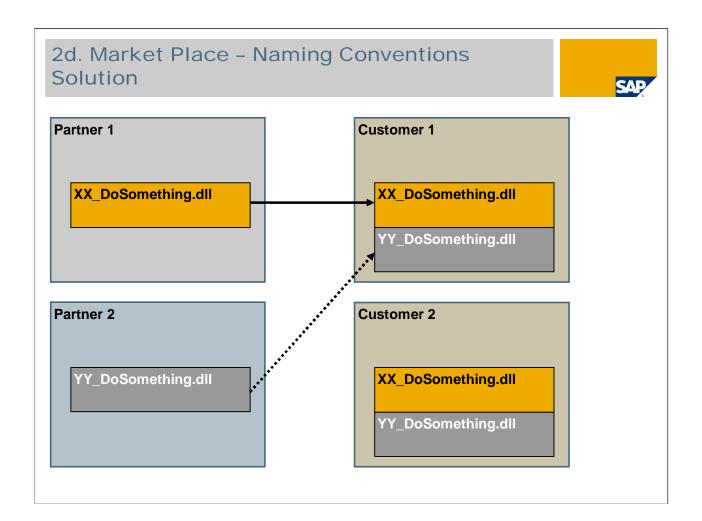
- To order a license from SAP simply an S-User and the Installation number for which the license is requested for is needed.
- Partners can order licenses for customers through the respective Installation Number.
- Process:
 - Go to http://service.sap.com/licensekey
 - Select the Installation Number a license file should be requested for. The respective systems for this Installation Number will be displayed
 - To modify an existing license choose the respective System, change data and request a new license file.
 - Go to "Request New System" Link to request an new license file
 - Fill in data and choose "Next Step"



- In this screen the licenses of the different SAP Business One components and Partner Solutions can be selected and will be included in the license file.
- Certified and Uncertified Partner Solutions can be selected in the drop down boxes. They're registered via the local SAP partner management for the solution provider.
- Customer specific solutions are shown in a personalized list for the partner, only. If a customer runs a customer specific solution, the partner has to order the license file (with the same transaction). The partner can register his/her customer-specific solution via his/her license request form. His/Her solution is then shown in his/her personalized license request form and can be selected for a license file for the customer.
- Also expiration dates can be set to give partners the possibility to sent out demo or test licenses for their solutions.



- Different solutions using the SAP Business One APIs that may be installed at a customer site may use same name for the solution objects (UDT, UDF, form's unique id, item's unique id, exe files, dll files....)
- This may cause conflicts, and as a result one or more of the solutions will not work properly



■ To prevent conflicts with other solutions using the SAP Business One APIs that may be installed at a customer site

you've to use a name prefix for your solution objects

The name prefix "ROOT" followed by the delimiter "_" ensures unique names (for example, "ROOT_myname")

2d. Market Place – Naming Conventions – Why and How?



Why do we need Namespaces?

- To prevent conflict with other solutions using the SDK
- A tool for setting unique names for forms, Items and menu items, User Tables and User Fields

Name prefixes define a space of possible names for objects Therefore name prefixes are commonly called Namespaces

The Namespace must be reserved at SAP to obtain a name prefix which is unique within the "SAP world"

Your Namespace (OXYZ for example) followed by the delimiter "_" ensures unique names – XYZ_myname

The same Namespace can be used for more than one solution by using an organizational rule to ensure unique names within the company – XYZ_S1_myname

2d. Market Place - Namespace - How to order?



Relevant note: 647987

SAP Business One Namespace Reservation Process

- Allows an automated Namespace Reservation through the SAP Service Marketplace
- Provides fast and real time order processing
- Requires that "SDK Development License" has been ordered

http://service.sap.com/namespaces

- Customers and partners must have a contract relating to an SDK Development Version otherwise the request will not pass the contract check and the name space will be rejected.
- see note 647987 for more information about name prefixes and how to request them.

2d. Market Place - Namespace - Process



The Namespace is entered in the syntax /XYZ/

It must contain alphanumeric characters with a letter as the first character, have a minimum length of 3 characters, and a maximum length of 8 characters

After pressing the 'save' button

- Error Message –the prefix is already reserved
- If the name space is not reserved it will be assigned to you company

Wait for the acceptance from SAP

Reserve your accepted name prefix in the SAP Service Market Place

Do not forget to use your Namespace in all your SAP Business One solutions (Tables Names, User Defined Objects,...)

■ Hint for SDK6.01, SDK6.2:

Due to technical limitations a three character prefix must be used for SAP Business One SDK releases 6.01, and 6.2.

• see note 647987 for more information about name prefixes and how to request them.

2e. Market Place - Searching for notes

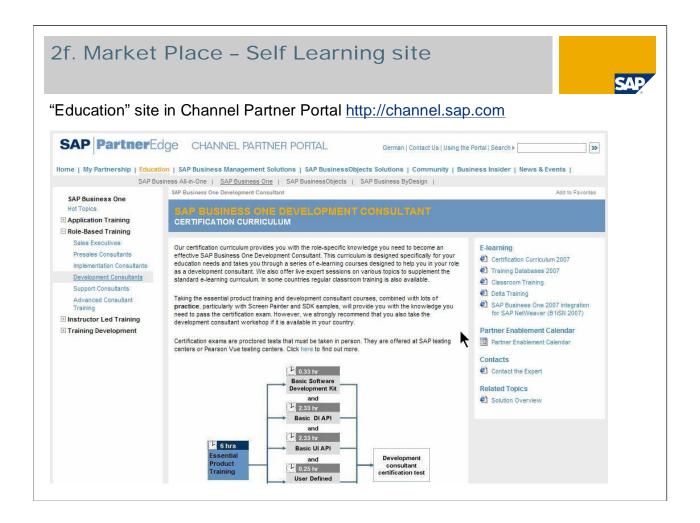


To search for a note, use SAP Service Marketplace alias "notes" (http://service.sap.com/notes)

Select "Restrict by Software Components", then enter your selection on the restrictions options, then after pressing Select choose the sofware component you are looking for a note on it:

- SBO-DI-API
- SBO-UI-API
- SBO-JAVACO
- SBO-DTW
- SBO-PAINTR
- _ ... etc.

Or use "SBO*" for all notes related to SAP Business One



- An SAP Online Knowledge Product (OKP) is a set of **role-specific Learning Maps** that give you timely, firsthand information on the implementation and operation of the latest SAP solutions or upgrades.
- Whether you are working in development, sales, consulting or support, the relevant Learning Maps will update your knowledge on basic functionality as well as on the latest product release level. SMB Learning Maps are developed within the framework of Ramp-Up Knowledge Transfer (RKT).
- Use the RKT for self update in new features.

3. SAP Developer Network - Developer Area + Forum



Join the community at: http://sdn.sap.com

