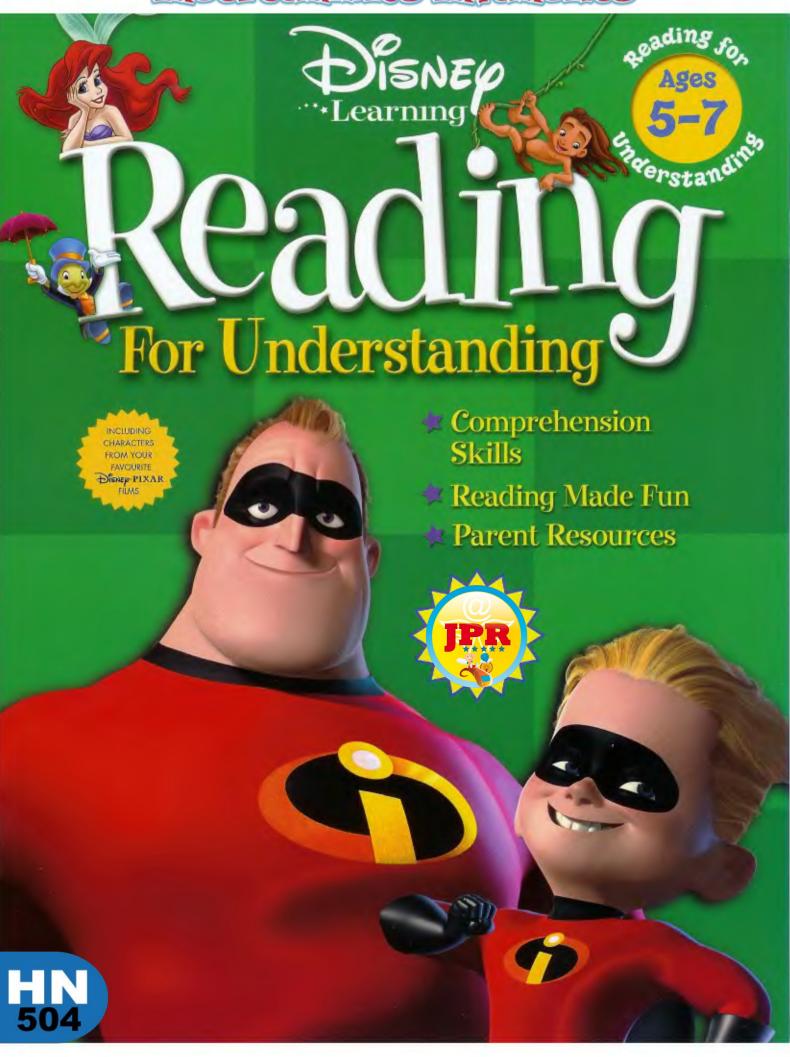
Intercambies Infantiles





Reading For Understanding

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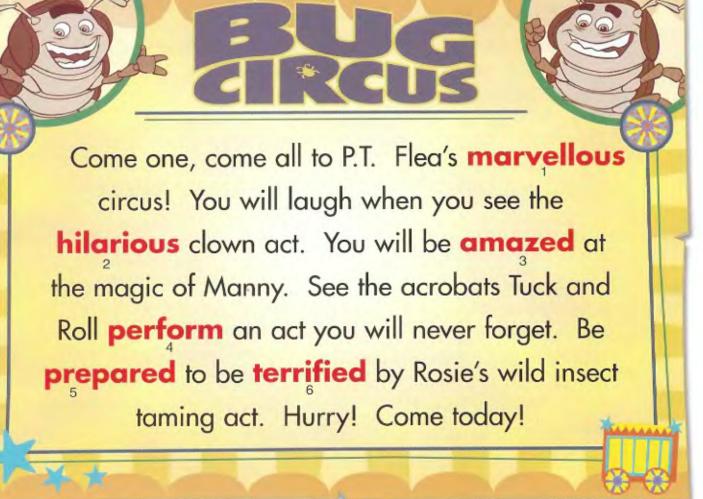


In Other Words

Name

Help Tuck and Roll use **context clues** to figure out the meaning of some words on this sign. Using context clues means using words and sentences around the unknown word to help you figure out the meaning.

Fill in the circle beside the word that means the same thing as the word on the sign with the matching number.



1.	0	wonderful
	-	

O bad

1. O do

O see

2. O old

O funny

5. O late

O ready

3. O bored

surprised

6. O scared

O lazy



Following the Rules Is Easy!

Name

Tuck and Roll want to follow the rules. But they are having trouble with this sign in the lunchroom. You can help them.

Fill in the circle beside the word that means the same thing as the word on the sign with the matching number.



LUNCHROOM

- Always leave the lunchroom tidy.
- Rinse your leaves after you complete your meal.
- We hope you will enjoy your lunch.

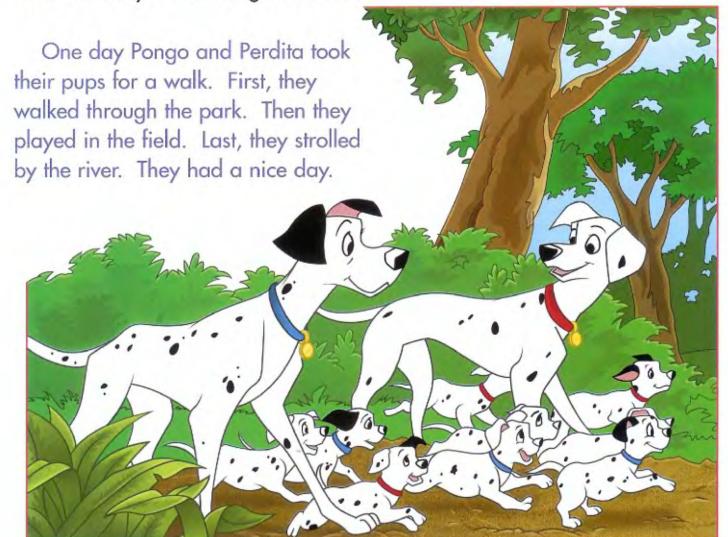
- 1. O neat
 - O messy
- 2. Opay for
 - O finish
- 3. O like
 - O forget

Context Clues



Name

Read the story about Pongo and Perdita.



Number the events from the story in the order they happened. Write 1 by the first event, 2 by the second event, and 3 by the third event. The clue words first, then, and last will help you.

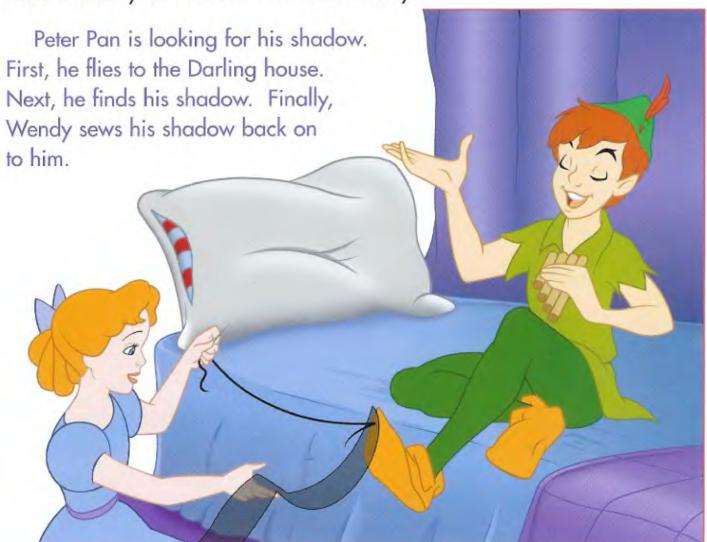
 They played in the field.
 They strolled by the river.
They took a walk in the park



Let's Put Things in Order

Name

Read the story about Peter Pan and Wendy.



Number the events from the story in the order they happen. Write 1 by the first event, 2 by the second event, and 3 by the third event. The clue words first, next, and finally will help you.

 Wendy sews Peter's shadow back onto him.
Peter flies to the Darling house.
Peter finds his shadow.

Sequence

First Things First

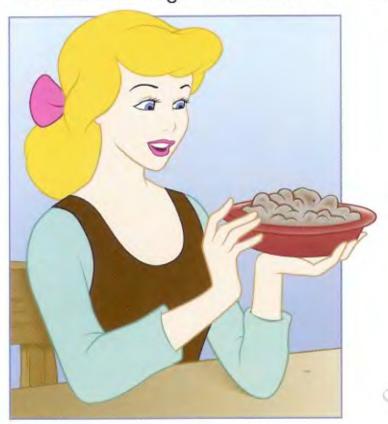
Name

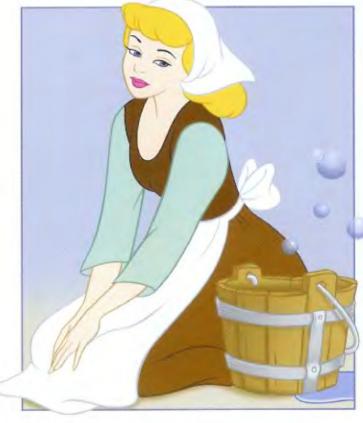
Cinderella does so many jobs! Some jobs have many steps.

Help Cinderella know the order she should follow to get each job done.

Write the words first, next, and last to show the order of each job.

Remember to begin each sentence with a capital letter.





Making Breakfast

_____, cook the oatmeal. _____, pour oatmeal and water into a pan. _____, bring the oatmeal to the table.

Washing the Floor

_, rinse the floor with clean water.
_, wash the floor with soapy water.
_, sweep the floor.

A Day in the Jungle

Name

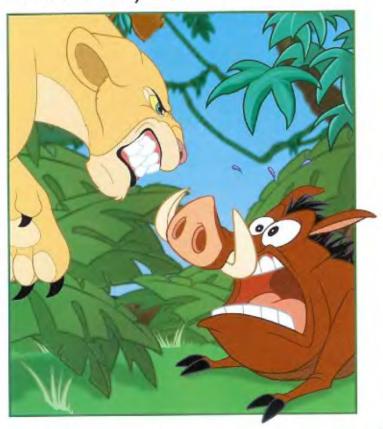
Living in the jungle can be exciting! Use the clue words **first**, **then**, and **finally** to give you clues about the order of things that happened in Tarzan's jungle. Read the story below. Then answer the questions.

A TOTAL AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF TH
Jane had an exciting day. First, she
drew a picture of a baby baboon. Then angry baboons began to chase Jane.
Finally, Tarzan picked up Jane and
carried her away from the baboons.
What happened last?
What happened second?
What happened first?

Run for Cover!

Name

A **cause** is why something happened. An **effect** is what happened. Read the story about Pumbaa.





Nala jumped out at Pumbaa. Pumbaa was afraid that Nala would eat him, so he ran away. He crawled under a fallen tree, but he was too big. He got stuck.

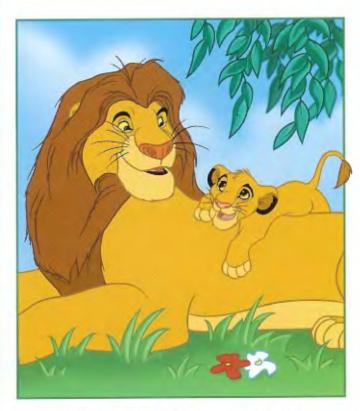
Each of these sentences begins with an effect. Underline a cause to complete each sentence.

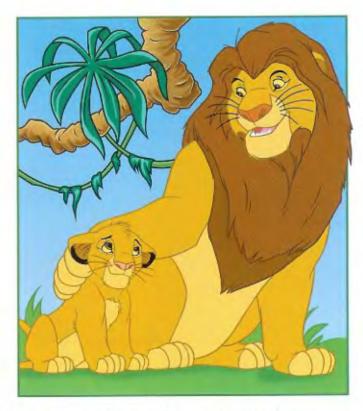
- 1. Pumbaa ran away
 - a. because he wanted to play a game with Nala.
 - b. because he was afraid of Nala.
- 2. Pumbaa got stuck
 - a. because he was too big to fit under the fallen tree.
 - b. because he could not run fast enough.

Try Harder, Simba

Name

Read the story about Mufasa and Simba.





Mufasa told Simba to go home and stay away from danger. Simba disobeyed his father and got into trouble. Mufasa rescued Simba. Then he scolded Simba for disobeying him. Simba decided to try harder to be good.

Each of these sentences begins with a cause. Underline an effect to complete each sentence.

- Because Simba disobeyed Mufasa,
 - a. Mufasa scolded Simba.
 - b. Mufasa was proud of Simba.
- 2. Because Simba wanted to please Mufasa,
 - a. Simba disobeyed him.
 - b. Simba decided to try harder to be good.

Cause and Effect



Name

Read the story about Mulan. Think about causes and effects.





Mulan wants to climb the tall pole. She practices climbing every day. At last, she can reach the top!

Complete the sentences by writing a cause or an effect.

1. Mulan practices climbing every day because

2. Because Mulan practices climbing every day

A Puzzle for Snow White

Snow White received four gifts from four Dwarfs. She knows that each gift came from a different Dwarf. Use these clues to help her figure out who gave each gift.

Clues

- 1. Doc likes to read.
- Sleepy likes to take long naps.
- Sneezy seems to have a cold that never ends.
- 4. Bashful likes pretty flowers.

Name



Draw a line from the picture of the dwarf to the gift he gave Snow White.







Name

Raising so many puppies keeps Pongo and Perdita on their toes. Every day they solve little mysteries. To help them solve the mystery of the missing sandwich, read this list of clues.

Clue 1:

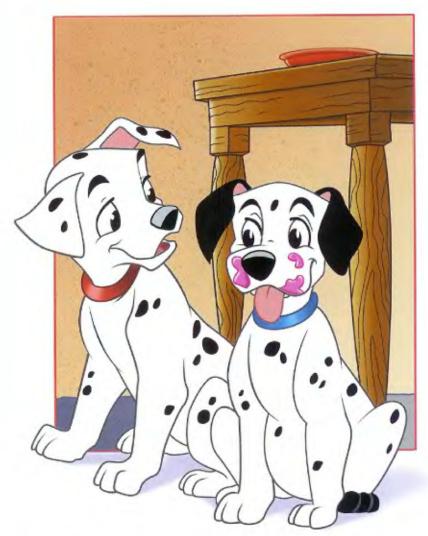
The sandwich was on the table only a few minutes ago.

Clue 2:

All the puppies except Lucky and Penny went outside to play about one hour ago.

Clue 3:

Lucky has jam on his face.



Who took the sandwich? Use the clues to help you decide. Circle the conclusion that makes the most sense.

- a. Penny took the sandwich and buried it.
- b. Lucky took the sandwich and ate it.
- c. One of the other puppies took the sandwich outside.



Tarzan and Clayton

Read this story about Tarzan and Clayton. Then circle the correct answer following each question.

Tarzan trusted Clayton, but Clayton fooled Tarzan. He locked Tarzan in a ship. Then Clayton captured Tarzan's friends.



- Did Clayton lie to Tarzan?
 - a. Yes, Clayton lied.

- b. No, Clayton didn't lie.
- 2. Is Clayton an honest person?
 - a. Yes, Clayton is honest.
- b. No, Clayton is not honest.
- 3. Would Tarzan trust Clayton the next time?
 - Yes, Tarzan would trust Clayton.

 No, Tarzan would not trust Clayton.

Could It Happen?

Some events in a story could really happen. They are **realistic**. Other story events could never happen in real life. They are **fantastic**.

Examples:

Realistic — Rain fell from the sky.

Fantastic — Each raindrop changed into a diamond.

Read this list of events. Underline the realistic events—those that could really happen.

- 1. Pocahontas paddled her canoe on the river.
- 2. The canoe turned into a giant eagle.
- Pocahontas paddled her canoe to the moon.
- 4. The raccoon climbed a tree.
- The birds built a nest on a tree branch.

Draw a picture of one realistic event from the list.





This Is Fantastic!

Here are other examples of realistic and fantastic events.

Examples:

Realistic - The boy took a walk.

Fantastic — The trees took a walk.

Read this list of events. Underline the fantastic events—those that could never happen in real life.



- The snake slid through the tall grass.
- 2. The panther used his wings to help him fly high above the jungle.
- 3. Mowgli sang a happy song.
- 4. The elephants rode a bus to get through the jungle.
- The bananas begged Baloo not to eat them.

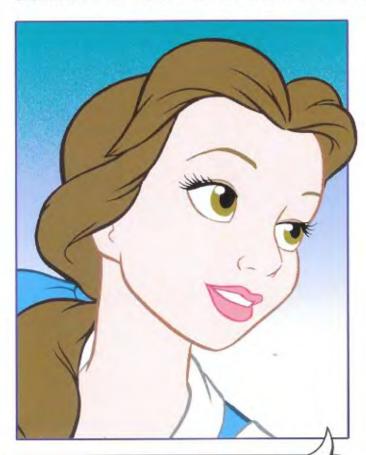
Draw a picture of one event from the list that could never happen in real life.

Is That a Fact?

Name

A statement of **fact** can be proven true or false. An **opinion** tells what one person thinks, feels, or believes. It cannot be proven.

Read this conversation between Belle and the Beast. Underline each statement of fact. Circle each sentence that is an opinion.



- 'I think that today was wonderful.'
- 3. 'I liked the picnic.'
- 'We went home in the afternoon.'



- 2. 'The sun shone all day.'
- 4. 'I loved the food.'



Fact and Opinion

What Is Your Opinion?

Name

Read this letter that Belle wrote to her father. It is filled with statements of facts and opinions. Underline each statement of fact. Circle each sentence that is an opinion.

Dear Father,

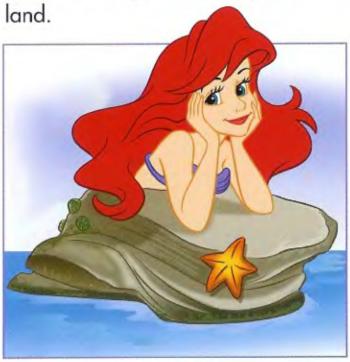
You would like this castle. It has towers that are about 50 metres high. My room has two windows that face east. The garden has many kinds of flowers. I think they are so beautiful.

Sometimes the castle feels lonely to me. But I think the Beast is nicer than he seemed at first.

Your loving daughter,
Belle

Under the Sea or on the Land?

Help Ariel colour the things that belong under the sea. Draw an **X** on the things that belong on



Name









Plant or Animal?

Name

Many plants and animals live in the forest. Draw an \boldsymbol{X} on each animal. Circle the plants.



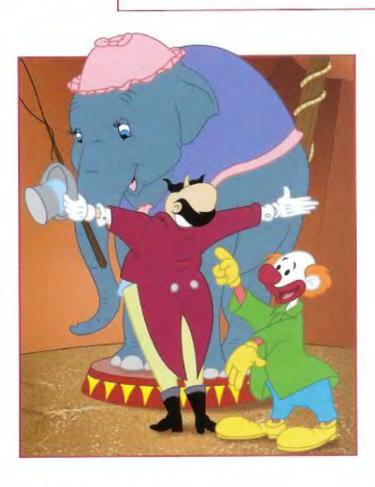
In the Circus or on the Farm?

Name

Help Dumbo sort words that name circus things. Write the words that belong in the circus on the lines.

Mrs Jumbo the ringmaster barn garden tractor tent

scarecrow clown



In the Circus

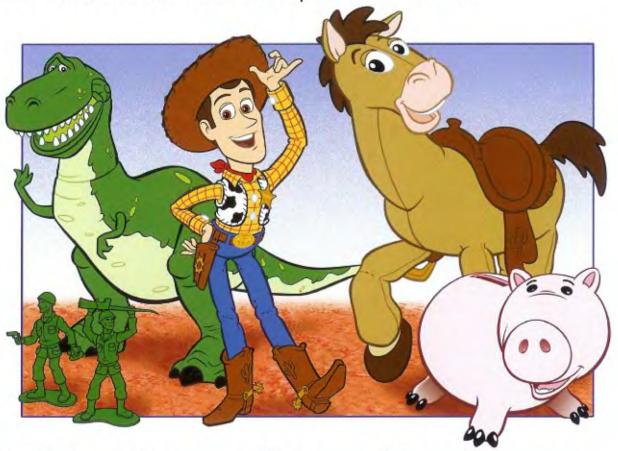
Where do you think the other words belong? Unscramble these letters to find out.

F R M A



Name

When you tell how two things are alike, you **compare** them. When you tell how two things are different, you **contrast** them. Complete the sentences. Write colour words to compare and contrast.



- Woody's hat and boots are alike because they are both ______.
- Woody's shirt and pants are different because his shirt is ______

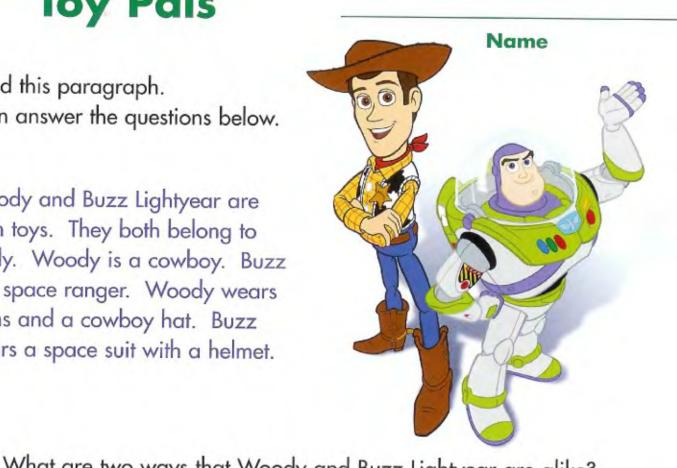
 and his pants are ______.
- Rex and the Green Army men are alike because they are both _______.
- 4. Bullseye is different from Hamm because Bullseye is _____ and Hamm is _____.





Read this paragraph. Then answer the questions below.

Woody and Buzz Lightyear are both toys. They both belong to Andy. Woody is a cowboy. Buzz is a space ranger. Woody wears jeans and a cowboy hat. Buzz wears a space suit with a helmet.



What	are two ways that Woody and Buzz Lightyear are different

Friendly Fairies

Read this paragraph about Flora and Merryweather. Then answer the questions below.

Flora and Merryweather are both good fairies. Flora has gray hair. She wears pink clothes. Merryweather has black hair. She wears blue clothes. They may look different, but they both love Aurora very much.

Name



Vhat (are two ways that Flora and Merryweather are different?

Guess What Happens Next

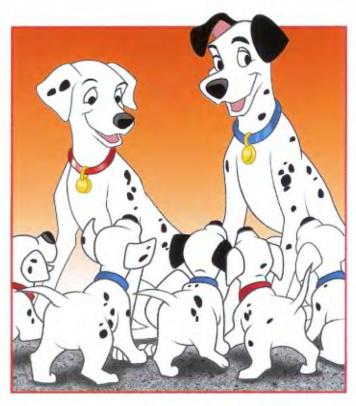
Name

To **predict** means to tell what you think might happen next. Read each story. Then predict what will happen. Fill in the circle next to the correct answer.



Cruella De Vil is a very evil person. She wants a new fur coat to wear. She sees the Dalmatian puppies with their pretty fur coats. What will she do?

- She will be kind to the puppies.
- She will try to steal the puppies for their fur.



Pongo and Perdita love their puppies very much. They worried about them when they were gone. Now, they have their puppies back home. What will Pongo and Perdita do?

- They will feel very happy and will stay close to their puppies.
- They will leave their puppies alone every day.

Be Good, Pinocchio

Name

Read each story. Then predict what will happen next. Fill in the circle next to the correct answer.



Jiminy Cricket always helps
Pinocchio choose the right thing to
do. J. Worthington Foulfellow has
asked Pinocchio to skip school with
him. What will Jiminy do?

- He will tell Pinocchio to go to school.
- He will tell Pinocchio to take the day off and have some fun.



The Blue Fairy is very proud of Pinocchio. He has been brave and has tried hard to be good. She knows that he always wanted to be a real boy. What will the Blue Fairy do?

- 1. O She will scold him.
- She will wave her wand and make him a real boy.

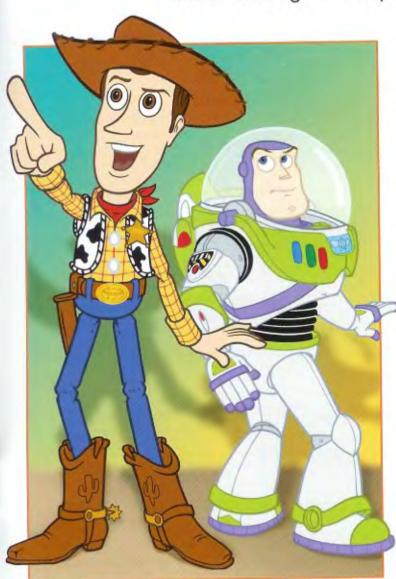
What I'm Trying to Say Is . . .

Name

The **main idea** of a paragraph is its most important idea. **Supporting details** are bits of information that tell more about the main idea. The underlined sentence is the main idea in the following example.

Example:

<u>Pizza Planet is exciting</u>. It is colourful and noisy. It has lots of games to play.



Read this paragraph. Look for the main idea. Fill in the circle next to the paragraph's main idea.

Woody is a good leader. All the other toys listen to him because he is kind and smart. He comes up with good ways to solve everyone's problems.

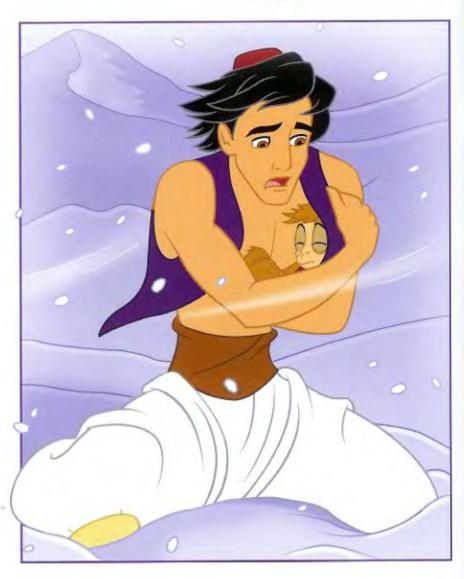
- Woody comes up with good ways to solve everyone's problems.
- Woody is a good leader.
- All the other toys listen to Woody because he is kind and smart.

Tell Me More

Name

Aladdin is telling Jasmine about a place he has been. Read the paragraph. Look for the main idea and the supporting details. Then follow the directions under the story.

It was a terrible place.
The snow was deep and cold. The strong wind almost froze me. The sky was full of dark clouds.



- 1. Circle the sentence that tells the main idea.
- 2. Underline the supporting details that tell about the main idea.
- Write your own sentence to add a supporting detail to Aladdin's story.



The Amazing and Powerful Genie

Read this paragraph. Look for the main idea and the supporting details. Then follow the directions under the paragraph.

The Genie can do many things. He can make himself bigger or smaller. He can make himself look like other people or things. He can make copies of himself.



- 1. Write the sentence that tells the main idea of the paragraph.
- 2. Underline the supporting details that tell more about the main idea.
- 3. Write one of the detail sentences. Draw a picture to go with it.



Helping Your Child at Home

Reading for Understanding

Helping your child develop reading comprehension skills is critical to his or her success in school. You can help your child develop these important skills through the lessons in this book and the suggestions below:

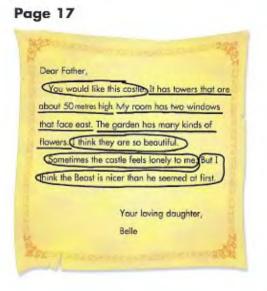
- Context Clues: When you hear a new word on the TV or the radio, ask your child
 to guess what it may mean, based on the context in which you heard it.
- Sequence: Cut up a three- or four-panel newspaper cartoon. Ask your child to arrange the pictures in an order that makes sense. Have him or her retell the story using the clue words first, next, then, and last or finally.
- Cause and Effect: While watching a video, pause it occasionally and ask, 'What happened?' and 'Why did that happen?'
- Drawing Conclusions: When your child misplaces something, prompt him or her with clues such as 'Where did you see it last?' or 'Who else might have used it?' Help him or her draw a conclusion about where the missing item may be now.
- Realism and fantasy: Give your child two signs—one labeled R for realistic and
 the other labeled F for fantastic. Next, suggest various realistic or fantastic events
 such as 'You will ride the bus to school tomorrow' or 'We will climb a giant
 beanstalk to the clouds tonight.' Have him or her hold up the appropriate sign to
 describe the event. Then, switch roles.
- Fact and Opinion: Occasionally, pause conversation at dinner and ask your child if what was just said was a fact or an opinion.
- Classify: Ask your child to help with classifying jobs such as putting away the silverware in the appropriate parts of the silverware drawer or folding the clean clothes according to type of clothing.
- Compare and Contrast: On walks with your child, ask him or her to point out how specific houses, cars, trees, or gardens are alike and how they are different.
- Predict: Pause a video that you both are watching and ask your child to predict
 what might happen next. Then, verify the prediction.
- Main Idea and Supporting Details: Supply your child with simple main ideas, and ask him or her to add supporting details. For example, you might say, 'This movie was funny. Tell me what was funny about it.'
- Praise your child's efforts ... and reward them with a sticker!



Page 2	Page 3	Page 4	Page 5	Page 6	Page 7
1. wonderful	1. neat	2	3	Making Breakfast	last, Tarzan picked up Jane and carried her away from the
2. funny	2. finish	3	1	Next	baboons.
3. surprised	3. like	1	2	First	second, Angry baboons began to chase Jane.
4. do				Last	first, Jane drew a picture of a
5. ready				Washing the Floor	baby baboon.
				Last	
6. scared				Next	
				First	

Page 8	Page 9	Page 10	Page 11	Page 12
1. b.	1. a.	she wants to climb the tall pole.	Doc 1	b. Lucky took the sandwich and ate it.
2. a.	2. b.	2. she can reach the top.	Sleepy Sneezy Bashful	

Page 13	Page 14	Page 15	Page 16
1. a.	1.	2.	Underline 2 and 5.
2. b.	4.	4.	Circle 1, 3, and 4.
3. b.	5.	5.	



	+	.+	+	+ .	.+		
•	+.	+ .	+		+.	+•+	-

Pages	1	8	and	19
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Colour King Triton, Flounder, the sea horses, the dolphin, and Ursula.

Put an **X** on Max, the horse, Eric, and the flowers.

Page 20

Draw an **X** on Bambi, Flower, Thumper, the butterfly, and the bird.

Circle the trees, the flowers, and the grass.

Page 21

In the Circus

Mrs Jumbo

the ringmaster

tent

clown

Page 22

- 1. brown
- gold and orange; blue
- 3. green
- 4. brown; pink

Unscrambled letters

FARM

Page 23

- They are both toys.
 They both belong to Andy.
- Possible answers: Woody is a cowboy; Buzz is a Space ranger.

Woody wears a cowboy hat; Buzz wears a helmet.

Page 24

- They are both good fairies.
 They both love Aurora.
- Flora has gray hair;
 Merryweather has black hair.

Flora wears pink; Merryweather wears blue.

Page 25

Cruella: 2.

Page 26

Jiminy Cricket: 1.

Pongo and Perdita: 1. The Blue Fairy: 2.

Page 27

Woody is a good leader.

Page 28

The snow was deep and cold. The strong wind almost froze me. The sky was full of dark clouds.

Possible answer:
 There was no one around to help me.

Page 29

- The Genie can do many things.
- 2. The Genie can do many things. He can make himself bigger or smaller. He can make himself look like other people or things. He can make copies of himself.
- Answers may vary. Possible answers include any of the underlined details in number 2.

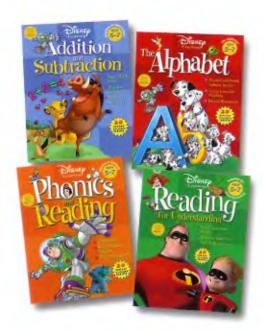








The Disney Learning series offers a unique educational approach to teaching essential skills to your child. The full-colour workbooks use a delightful Disney or Disney/Pixar character on every page to motivate young children and create exciting lessons!



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